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PENNSYLVANIA
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BULLETINS

OF

STATE INTELLIGENCE, &c.

1826.

BULLETINS.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 3,
1826.

Whitehall, January 2, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to present the Reverend Alexander Duncan to the church and parish of Coynton, in the presbytery and county of Ayr, vacant by the death of the Reverend Doctor Black, late Minister there.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 7,
1826.

Foreign-Office, January 7, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Charles Bankhead, Esq. to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation to the United States of North America.

1826.

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FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 10,
 1826.

By the KING.
 A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE, R.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the last session of Parliament, intituled “ An Act to
 “ provide for the assimilation of the currency and
 “ monies of account throughout the United King-
 “ dom of Great Britain and Ireland,” it is, amongst
 other things, enacted, that from and after such day,
 after the commencement of the said Act, as shall
 be named and appointed in and by any Proclama-
 tion which shall be made and issued for that purpose
 by His Majesty, by and with the advice of His
 Privy Council in Great Britain, and by the Lord
 Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors
 of Ireland, by and with the advice of His Majesty’s
 Privy Council in Ireland, the several silver and
 gold coins of Great Britain shall circulate and be
 current in Ireland at the same nominal as well as
 real value as in other parts of the United Kingdom,
 and shall be taken, paid, accepted, and computed
 as representing and divisible into the like number
 of pence, and as representing the like nominal sum
 of money as such coins are respectively current for
 and are divisible into and do represent in Great
 Britain, and not as current for or as representing
 or divisible into any greater number of pence, or as
 representing any greater nominal sum of money
 than

than the same are current for or are divisible into or do represent in Great Britain; that is to say, the British silver sixpence shall circulate and shall be taken, accepted, paid, and computed as current for and divisible into and representing six pence only, and not six pence and one halfpenny; the British silver shilling as twelve pence, and not as thirteen pence; the British silver half crown piece as thirty pence or two shillings and six pence, and not as thirty-two pence and one halfpenny or as two shillings and eight pence halfpenny; the British silver crown piece as sixty pence or five shillings, and not as sixty-five pence or five shillings and five pence; the British gold coin of a half sovereign as one hundred and twenty pence or ten shillings, and not as one hundred and thirty pence or ten shillings and ten pence; the British gold coin of a half guinea as one hundred and twenty-six pence or ten shillings and six pence, and not as one hundred and thirty-six pence and one halfpenny or eleven shillings and four pence halfpenny; the British gold coin of a sovereign as two hundred and forty pence or twenty shillings or one pound, and not as two hundred and sixty pence or one pound one shilling and eight pence; the British gold coin of a guinea as two hundred and fifty-two pence or one pound and one shilling, and not as two hundred and seventy-three pence or one pound two shillings and nine pence; and the British gold coin of a double sovereign as four hundred and eighty pence or forty shillings or two pounds, and not as five hundred and twenty pence or two pounds three shillings and four pence; any law, statute, usage, or custom in force in Ireland, at any time before the passing or commencement of the said Act, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding:

We have, therefore, thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Proclamation, and We do hereby name and appoint,

that the several silver and gold coins of Great Britain shall, from and after the fifth day of January next, circulate and be current in Ireland at the same nominal as well as real value as in other parts of the United Kingdom, and shall be taken, paid, accepted, and computed as representing and divisible into the like number of pence, and as representing the like nominal sum of money as such coins are respectively current for and are divisible into and do represent in Great Britain, and not as current for or as representing or divisible into any greater number of pence, or as representing any greater nominal sum of money than the same are current for or are divisible into or do represent in Great Britain.

Given at Our Court at Carlton-House, the twentieth day of December one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, and in the sixth year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

SPRING CIRCUIT, 1826.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

H. R. Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Berkshire, at Reading and Borough, Tuesday,
February 14.

Oxfordshire, at Oxford and City, Thursday, February 16.

Worcestershire, at Worcester and City, Saturday,
February 18.

Herefordshire, at Hereford and City, Tuesday,
February 21.

Mon-

Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Thursday, February 23.

Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Saturday, February 25.

Gloucestershire, at Bristol, Tuesday, February 28.

Somersetshire, at Bath, Friday, March 3.

Somersetshire, at Taunton, Monday, March 6.

Devonshire, at Exeter and City, Thursday, March 9.

Cornwall, at Bodmin, Monday, March 13.

Devonshire, at Plymouth, Wednesday, March 15.

Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Saturday, March 18.

Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Monday, March 20.

Hampshire, at Winchester, Wednesday, March 22.

Hampshire, at Southampton, Thursday, March 23.

Sussex, at Horsham, Saturday, March 25.

Kent, at Dover, Tuesday, March 28.

Kent, at Maidstone, Thursday, March 30.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

T. B. Bowen, Esq. Commissioner.

Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Wednesday, February 15.

Derbyshire, at Derby and Borough, Thursday, February 16.

Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham and Town, Friday, February 17.

Lincolnshire, at Lincoln and City, Monday, February 20.

Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Thursday, February 23.

Yorkshire, at Kingston-upon-Hull, Wednesday, March 1.

Yorkshire, at York and City, Friday, March 3.

Yorkshire, at Richmond, Tuesday, March 7.

Durham, at Durham, Thursday, March 9.

Northumberland, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Town, Saturday, March 11.

Northumberland, at Berwick-upon-Tweed, Wednesday, March 15.

Cumberland, at Carlisle, Friday, March 17.

West-

Westmorland, at Kendal, Tuesday, March 21.
Lancashire, at Lancaster, Thursday, March 23.
Lancashire, at Liverpool, Thursday, March 30.
Cheshire, at Chester and City, Monday, April 3.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

W. J. Law, Esq Commissioner.

Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Saturday, February 11.
Essex, at Chelmsford, Monday, February 13.
Essex, at Colchester, Tuesday, February 14.
Suffolk, at Ipswich and Borough, Wednesday, February 15.
Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds and Borough, Friday, February 17.
Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Monday, February 20.
Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Tuesday, February 21.
Norfolk, at Lynn, Thursday, February 23.
Cambridgeshire, at Ely, Friday, February 24.
Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge and Town, Saturday, February 25.
Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Monday, February 27.
Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Wednesday, March 1.
Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Friday, March 3.
Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Saturday, March 4.
Leicestershire, at Leicester, Monday, March 6.
Staffordshire, at Litchfield, Wednesday, March 8.
Staffordshire, at Stafford, Thursday, March 9.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Monday, March 13.
Warwickshire, at Coventry, Wednesday, March 15.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Thursday, March 16.
Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Monday, March 20.

FROM THE

**LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 14,
1826.**

India-Board, January 13, 1826.

A DISPATCH has been received at the East India-House from the Governor-General in Council at Fort William, in Bengal; with inclosures, of which the following are copies:

*Copy of a Letter from Brigadier-General Morrison,
C. B. to the Adjutant-General of the Army, dated
Arracan, 10th May 1825.*

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inclose, in original, two dispatches just received from Brigadier-General M'Bean, one, dated 23d April; announcing the occupation of the island of Ramree, and the other, the 5th of May, that of Sandowey, on the Main.

From both places the enemy timely retreated, and though they did not afford an opportunity for the display of British valour, His Excellency will be gratified in learning, that on both occasions such ardour was displayed as gave assurance that the service would be maintained with honour and credit.

The directions of the Governor-General have now been so far fulfilled, that I may report the Burman arms to be expelled from the Arracan territory, and that the four provinces of Cheduba,
Ramree,

Ramree, Arracan, and Sandowey, are now subject to the orders of his Lordship.

I have, &c

J. W. MORRISON, Brig. Gen. commanding the S. E. Division.

Copy of a Letter from Brigadier-General M'Bean to Brigadier-General Morrison, C. B. dated Ramree, 23d April 1825.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inform you, that the flotilla weighed early in the morning of instant, at the mouth of the Arracan River, and having fine weather with moderate breezes, the whole were anchored the night of the 18th, within three miles of Cheduba Roads. It being necessary to take in a supply of water, the ships and boats proceeded to Low Island, situated to the southward of Ramree. Several of the Mug inhabitants from Ramree having joined us the night of the 20th, gave information that the island had two days previously been evacuated by the enemy. To this no very implicit faith was given. The artillery and detachment 40th regiment of Bengal native infantry having joined, the fleet was anchored the night of the 21st at the entrance to the Ramree Creek, and dispositions being made for landing the troops, the same was carried into effect the following morning. The numerous rows of stakes the enemy had driven across the creek, presented so formidable and effectual an obstacle, that, with every exertion on the part of the seamen and lascars, it was nearly two hours before a passage could be cleared for the small boats. So soon, however, as the advance, under Captain Skelton, of His Majesty's 45th regiment, could be disembarked,

barked, I proceeded with Commodore Hayes to the town of Ramree. The road, to appearance, has lately been made, and was commanded in many parts by fortified heights and well constructed entrenchments. The creek is practicable for boats to the town at high water; distance from its entrance about seven miles by land; from the great entrenchment considerably less. No opposition whatever was made, and the island was taken quiet possession of in the name of the British.

The enemy, to protect him against a landing by the creek, had thrown up a long line of entrenchments upon the right bank, constructed with great judgment, and made particularly strong by the numerous traverses placed in all directions.

The defences of the town consist in a stockade of considerable extent and some strength, situated about the centre of it, this being protected by several forts upon hills, and one of them completely commanding the road by which you approach. The inhabitants are in quiet occupation of their houses, and Napat Nunn, at their solicitation, has been continued in his office of Jemidar, charged with the maintenance of peace and good order upon the island.

I have directed that eight companies of the 40th regiment Bengal native infantry, with the detachment of artillery from Cheduba, under the command of Major Murray, should constitute the garrison of Ramree, and I consider that they will be quite equal to all the duties that may be required of them at present.

To Commodore Hayes, I am most indebted for his hearty co-operation upon all occasions, and feel the fullest confidence from his able assistance. I have every reason to be satisfied with the officers and soldiers under my command, and am happy to inform you they have continued to be healthy.

1826.

C

Here-

Herewith is transmitted a return of captured ordnance.

I have, &c.

W. M'BEAN, Brig. Gen.

*Return of Ordnance and Stores captured at Ramree
by the Force under Brigadier-General M'Bean,
C. B. 22d April 1825.*

Brass Gun—1 two-pounder.

Iron Guns—1 six-pounder, 1 two-pounder, 3 one-pounders.

13 jingals, 16 muskets, 264 dows, 150 spears,
1200 flints, Europe.

6 twenty-four-pounds shot, Europe.

4 twelve-pounds shot, Europe.

3 nine-pounds shot, Europe.

2 six-pounds shot, Europe.

150 grape shot, Europe.

Twenty hundred weight of leaden balls.

Five hundred weight of iron balls.

Four hundred weight of spare lead.

A quantity of gunpowder destroyed.

GEO. DYKE, Lieut. commanding
Artillery Detachment.

Copy of a Letter from Brigadier-General M'Bean to Brigadier-General Morrison, C. B. dated Ramree, 5th May 1825.

SIR,

PART of the force under my command having arrived at the entrance of the Sandrine River on the 28th of last month, it was determined by Commodore Hayes and myself that the troops should be put into boats, and proceed up the following day.

The Macnaghten transport having grounded in the passage from Ramree, Captain Anderson, with four hundred and fifty of the 16th regiment Madras native infantry on board, never joined us.

A stockade at the mouth of the river was evidently evacuated, and information was at this time given by inhabitants (Mugs) that the enemy had also left the stockades at Sandowey.

The boats having moved about eight miles up the river, Commodore Hayes leading, about dusk came upon a stockade and entrenchments. The enemy had also constructed breast-works in different commanding points, and had staked the river below the entrenchments. A space however had been left sufficiently wide for the boats to pass. The troops had been landed for the night, and being re-embarked early the next morning the whole were in progress up the river at four o'clock.

No opposition was made to our passage, and having reached Sandowey soon after seven o'clock, the stockades were taken possession of; there are two, neither of any strength, though the ground upon which one is constructed had been well chosen. Many acts of cruelty are reported to have been committed by the Burmese previous to their departure, and four bodies were found, said to be

executions that had taken place for refusal to accompany them in their retreat.

It did not appear to me that there was any object to be gained by remaining at Sandowey, I therefore determined upon embarking the troops, and that they should join the division.

I have to repeat how much I owe to Commodore Hayes, and my admiration in him of the good effect of a zealous and animated example for enterprize.

The Officers and men under my command have given me much cause to speak well of them; for, although the enemy has not given us the opportunity of a meeting, they have suffered much from continued exposure to extreme heat, and in a variety of ways have undergone much fatigue, which they have borne with becoming spirit and cheerfulness.

Captain Hall, of the artillery, was obliged to proceed sick to Cheduba, without furnishing me with any return of the captured ordnance.

I am happy to acquaint you that the troops have continued remarkably healthy, there being at present only two Europeans sick.

I have, &c.

W. M'BEAN, Brig. Gen.

Foreign-Office, January 14, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint Thomas Tupper, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul in the duchy of Courland, to reside at Riga.

The King has also been pleased to appoint Anthony Lancaster Molyneux, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul in the State of Georgia, to reside at Savannah.

The King has also been pleased to appoint George Salkeld, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at New Orleans.

War-

War-Office, 13th January 1826.

MEMORANDUM.

His Majesty has been pleased to approve of the 5th Foot bearing on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to the Regiment, the word

“ *Corunna,*”

in commemoration of the distinguished gallantry displayed by the Regiment at the battle of Corunna, on 16th January 1809.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 24,
1826.

Whitehall, January 23, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to present the Reverend William Fleming to the church and parish of Westruther, in the presbytery of Lauder and county of Berwick, vacant by the transportation of Mr. John Birrel, late Minister there, to the church and parish of Cupar.

White-

Whitehall, January 23, 1826.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend William Fawssett, Clerk, Master of Arts, to the Ministry of Brunswick Chapel, in the parish of Saint Mary-le-bone, in the county of Middlesex and diocese of London, vacant by the resignation of the Reverend George Saxby Penfold.

FROM THE

*LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 28,
1826.*

Foreign-Office, January 28, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Field-Marshal His Grace the Duke of Wellington, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, to bear His Majesty's Congratulations to the Emperor of Russia, on His Imperial Majesty's Accession to the Throne.

Whitehall, January 24, 1826.

The King has been pleased to nominate and appoint Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Fane, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the said Most Honourable Military Order.

Master

Master of the Horse's-Office, Pimlico, Jan. 27, 1826.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Frederic William Hamilton, Esq. Page of Honour to His Majesty in Ordinary, in the room and place of William Conyugham Burton, Esq. promoted.

Whitehall, January 26, 1826.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend John Bonar to the united churches and parishes of Larbert and Dunipace, in the presbytery of Stirling and county of Stirling, vacant by the death of Doctor Robert Knox.

Whitehall, January 26, 1826.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend John Percival, Clerk, Master of Arts, to the Ministry of Oxford Chapel, in the parish of Saint Mary-le-bone, in the county of Middlesex and diocese of London, vacant by the death of Doctor Edridge.

War-Office, 27th January 1826.

GARRISONS.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Hastings Doyle, on half-pay 54th Foot, to be Deputy Lieutenant of the Tower of London, vice Yorke, deceased. Dated 12th January 1826.

Major-General Sir John Elley, K.C.B. to be Governor of Galway, vice Lieutenant-Colonel Daly, deceased. Dated 19th January 1826.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of JANUARY 31,
1826.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 30th of *January*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

SHERIFFS appointed by His Majesty in Council,
for the Year 1826.

<i>Bedfordshire,</i>	Robert Elliott, of Goldington, Esq.
<i>Berkshire,</i>	William Mount, of Wasing- Place, Esq.
<i>Buckinghamshire,</i>	George Morgan, of Biddlesden- Park, Esq.
<i>Camb' & Hunt'</i>	Thomas Skeels Fryer, of Chat- teris, Esq.
<i>Cheshire,</i>	William Turner, of Pott-Shrig- ley, Esq.
<i>Cumberland,</i>	Humphrey Senhouse, of Nether- Hall, Esq.
<i>Cornwall,</i>	Thomas Daniell, of Trelissiek, Esq.
<i>Derbyshire,</i>	Sir Roger Gresley, of Drake- low, Bart.
<i>Devonshire,</i>	Lewis William Buck, of Dad- don, Esq.

Dorset-

<i>Dorsetshire,</i>	Charles Buxton, of Wyke-Regis, Esq.
<i>Essex,</i>	Frederick Nassau, of St. Osyth-Priory, Esq.
<i>Gloucestershire,</i>	Robert Hale Blagden Hale, of A'derley, Esq.
<i>Herefordshire,</i>	Francis Henry Thomas, of Much-Cowarn, Esq.
<i>Hertfordshire,</i>	Sir George Duckett, of Roydon, Bart.
<i>Kent,</i>	Sir John Fagg, of Mystole, Bart.
<i>Leicestershire,</i>	Postponed.
<i>Lincolnshire,</i>	George Manners, of Bloxholm, Esq.
<i>Monmouthshire,</i>	Benjamin Hall, of Abercarn, Esq.
<i>Norfolk,</i>	Sir Edmund Bacon, of Raveningham, Bart.
<i>Northamptonshire,</i>	George Payne, of Sulby, Esq.
<i>Northumberland,</i>	William Pawson, of Shawdon, Esq.
<i>Nottinghamshire,</i>	George Savile Foljambe, of Osberton, Esq.
<i>Oxfordshire,</i>	William Peer Williams Freeman, of Henley-upon-Thames, Esq.
<i>Rutlandshire,</i>	Thomas Hill, of Uppingham, Esq.
<i>Shropshire,</i>	John Cotes, of Woodcote, Esq.
<i>Somersetshire,</i>	William Helyar, of East-Coker, Esq.

<i>Staffordshire,</i>	John Burton Philips, of Heath-House, Esq.
<i>County of Southampton,</i>	} Sir Charles Henry Rich, of Shirley-House, Bart.
<i>Suffolk,</i>	
	John Payne Elwes, of Stoke next Clare, Esq.
<i>Surrey,</i>	Henry Drummond, of Albury-Park, Esq.
<i>Sussex,</i>	John Hawkins of Bignor-Park, Esq.
<i>Warwickshire,</i>	Lionel Place, of Weddington-Hall, Esq.
<i>Wiltshire,</i>	Thomas Clutterbuck, of Hardenbui-h, Esq.
<i>Worcestershire,</i>	James Taylor, of Moor-Green, Esq.
<i>Yorkshire,</i>	The Honourable Marmaduke Langley, of Wykeham-Abbey.

SOUTH WALES.

<i>Carmarthenshire,</i>	William Du Buisson, of Glyn-hir, Esq.
<i>Pembrokeshire,</i>	Jonathan Haworth Peel, of Cotts, Esq.
<i>Cardiganshire,</i>	Thomas Davies, of Cardigan, Esq.
<i>Glamorganshire,</i>	Thomas Edward Thomas, of Swansea, Esq.
<i>Breconshire,</i>	Edward William Seymour, of Porthmawr, Esq.
<i>Radnorshire,</i>	James Watt, of Old Radnor, Esq.

NORTH

NORTH WALES.

<i>Anglesey,</i>	Hugh Davies Griffiths, of Caerhûn, Esq.
<i>Carnarvonshire,</i>	Kyffin John William Lenthall, of Maenan, Esq.
<i>Merionethshire,</i>	William Casson, of Cynfel, Esq.
<i>Montgomeryshire,</i>	John Hunter, of Glynhafren, Esq.
<i>Denbighshire,</i>	Thomas Fitzhugh, of Plaspower, Esq.
<i>Flintshire,</i>	John Price, of Hope-Hall, Esq.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION:

GEORGE, R.

WHEREAS We have thought fit to order, that certain pieces of copper money should be coined, which should be called "penny pieces," "halfpenny pieces," and "farthing pieces," every such penny piece having for the obverse impression our effigy laureated with the inscription "Georgius IV, Dei Gratia," and the date of the year, and for the reverse impression the figure of Britannia, represented in a sitting posture, her right hand resting upon a shield, and holding in her left the trident, with the emblems of the United Kingdom underneath, and the inscription Britanniar: Rex Fid: Def: every such halfpenny piece having for the obverse impression the aforesaid effigy, inscrip-

tion, and date, and for the reverse the figure of Britannia, as described for the penny, with the same inscription and emblems; and every such farthing piece having for the obverse impression the aforesaid effigy, inscription, and date, and for the reverse the figure of Britannia, as described for the penny, with the same inscription and emblems: And whereas pieces of copper money, of the descriptions aforesaid, have been coined at Our Mint, and will be coined there, We have, therefore, with the advice of Our Privy Council, thought fit to issue this Proclamation; and We do hereby declare, ordain, and command that all such pieces of copper money so coined, and to be coined as aforesaid, shall be current and lawful money of the Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and shall pass and be received as current and lawful money of the said Kingdom; every such penny piece, as of the value of one penny, of like lawful money; every such halfpenny piece, as of the value of one halfpenny, of like lawful money; and every such farthing piece, as of the value of one farthing, of like lawful money: Provided that no person shall be obliged to take more of such penny pieces in any one payment than shall be of the value of one shilling, after the rate aforesaid, or take more of such halfpenny or farthing pieces in any one payment than shall be of the value of sixpence, after the rate aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, the thirtieth day of January one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and in the seventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 30th of *January*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by a certain Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act
" for granting Duties of Customs," it is, among other things, enacted, "that it shall be lawful
" for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His
" Privy Council, from time to time, to order
" and direct, that there shall be levied and collected any additional duty, not exceeding one-fifth of the amount of any existing duty, upon
" all or any goods, when imported in the ships
" of any country which shall levy higher or other
" duties upon goods when imported in British
" ships than when imported in the national ships
" of such country :"

And whereas higher and other duties are levied in the ports of the United Netherlands on certain goods when imported in British ships than when imported in Netherland ships, His Majesty does therefore, under the authority of the above recited Act, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, order, that upon all goods imported into the United Kingdom in Netherland ships from and after the date of this Order, there shall be levied and collected, in addition to the existing duties otherwise payable upon the importation of such goods, a further duty, amounting to one-fifth part of such existing duties :

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Jas. Buller.

At

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 30th of *January*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by a certain Act of Parliament, made and passed in the fifth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled “ An Act
“ to indemnify all persons concerned in advising,
“ issuing, or acting under a certain Order in
“ Council, for regulating the tonnage duties on
“ certain foreign vessels, and to amend an Act
“ of the last session of Parliament, for autho-
“ rising His Majesty, under certain circumstances,
“ to regulate the duties and drawbacks on goods
“ imported or exported in any foreign vessels,” it is, amongst other things, enacted, “ that from
“ and after the passing of the said Act, it shall
“ and may be lawful to and for His Majesty,
“ by and with the advice of His Privy Council,
“ or by His Majesty's Order or Orders in Council,
“ to be published from time to time in the Lon-
“ don Gazette (whenever it shall be deemed ex-
“ pedient) to levy and charge any additional or
“ countervailing duty or duties of tonnage upon
“ or in respect of any vessels which shall
“ enter any of the ports in the United Kingdom
“ of Great Britain and Ireland, or in any of His
“ Majesty's dominions, and which shall belong
“ to any foreign country in which any duties
“ of tonnage shall have been or shall be levied
“ upon or in respect of British vessels entering
“ the ports of such country, higher or greater
“ than are levied or granted upon or in respect
“ of the vessels of such country: And it is
“ thereby provided, that such additional or coun-
“ tervailing tonnage duties, so be levied and charged
“ as

“ as aforesaid, shall not be of greater amount than
 “ may be deemed fairly to countervail the dif-
 “ ference of duty paid in such foreign country
 “ upon or in respect of the tonnage of British
 “ vessels more than the duty there charged or
 “ granted upon or in respect of the vessels of
 “ such country.”

And whereas duties of tonnage are levied upon, or in respect of, British vessels entering the ports of the United Netherlands laden with salt, higher or greater than are levied and granted upon, or in respect of, the vessels of the United Netherlands aforesaid, entering the ports aforesaid, laden with salt :

And such higher tonnage duties are, in the ports aforesaid, levied upon, and in respect of, so much only of the tonnage of such British vessels as is actually employed in the carriage and importation of such salt, and are equivalent to one pound thirteen shillings and four pence for every ton of such vessels so employed :

His Majesty doth, therefore, under the authority of the above recited Act, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, order, that from and after the date of this Order, there shall be levied and charged upon, or in respect of all vessels belonging to the United Netherlands aforesaid, which shall enter any of the ports of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, such additional or countervailing duty of tonnage as aftermentioned, that is to say, there shall be levied upon every such Netherland vessel which shall so enter the said ports, a duty of one pound thirteen shillings and four pence upon each and every ton burthen of the said vessel, which upon her clearing out from any such port, for any port in the Kingdom of the United Netherlands, shall be actually occupied and employed in the carriage and exportation of salt, the tonnage or burthen so made subject to such additional or countervail-

tervailing duty being deemed to be equivalent to the number of tons of the weight of such salt ascertained prior to the shipment thereof:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Jas. Buller.

Windsor-Castle, January 30, 1826.

This day His Excellency the Count Lieven, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Russia, had a private audience of His Majesty to deliver his new credentials in that character; His Excellency the Marquis de Palmella, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from His Most Faithful Majesty, had a private audience of His Majesty, to deliver a letter from his Sovereign; and the Baron de Itabayana, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Brazil, had a private audience of His Majesty to deliver his credentials: To which audiences they were respectively introduced by the Right Honourable George Canning, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

Windsor-Castle, January 30, 1826.

A CHAPTER of the Most Noble Order of the Garter having been summoned for this day, the following Knights Companions in the full habit of the Order assembled in the King's Drawing-Room, viz: their Royal Highnesses the Dukes of York and Clarence, the Earl of Westmoreland, the Duke of Montrose, the Earl of Liverpool and Earl

Earl Bathurst, attended by the undernamed Officers of the Order, viz the Lord Bishop of Winchester, Prelate of the Order; the Honourable and Reverend the Dean of Windsor, Register of the Order; and Sir George Nayler, Knight, Garter Principal King of Arms.

At three o'clock the Knights Companions and Officers of the Order proceeded into the presence of the Sovereign in the Chapter-Room.

The Sovereign and the Knights Companions being seated, the Prelate signified to the Chapter the Sovereign's royal will and pleasure, that the vacant stall in the Royal Chapel of Saint George be filled; and as by the statutes none but a Knight can be elected, His Grace Charles Duke of Dorset was introduced by Garter, and knighted by His Majesty with the sword of state; after which His Grace, having kissed the Sovereign's hand, retired.

The Knights Companions then proceeded to the election, and the suffrages having been collected by the Prelate, were by him presented to the Sovereign, who was pleased to command him to declare, and he accordingly declared, that the Most Noble Charles Duke of Dorset had been duly elected a Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter.

Then, by the Sovereign's command, his Grace was received at the door of the Chapter-Room by the Earl of Liverpool and Earl Bathurst, the two Junior Knights Companions present, and conducted between them to His Majesty, preceded by Garter (bearing the ensigns of the Order upon a crimson velvet cushion). The Duke of Dorset, kneeling near the Sovereign, and Garter presenting, on his knee, the Garter, His Majesty, assisted by their Royal Highnesses the Dukes of York and Clarence, the two Senior Knights Companions, buckled it on his Grace's left leg; the Prelate pronouncing the usual admonition.

Garter next presented, in like manner, the ribband with the George; and His Majesty, with the assistance of the two Senior Knights Companions, put the same over his Grace's left shoulder; the Prelate pronouncing the admonition. The Duke, having again kissed the Sovereign's hand, and received the congratulations of each of the Knights Companions, withdrew.

The Chapter being ended, the Knights Companions and the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of the Sovereign with the usual reverences.

Foreign-Office, January 31, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Robert Gordon, now Secretary to His Majesty's Embassy at the Court of Vienna, to be His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Emperor of Brazil.

The King has also been pleased to appoint Arthur Aston, Esq. to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation to the Emperor of Brazil.

The King has also been pleased to appoint Edward Michael Ward, Esq. late Secretary to His Majesty's Embassy at the Court of St. Petersburg, to be Secretary to His Majesty's Embassy at the Court of Vienna.

York-House, August 23, 1825.

His Royal Highness the Duke of York and Albany has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Samuel Barker to be one of His Royal Highness's Domestic Chaplains.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 4,
1826.

The Speech of the Lords Commissioners to both Houses of Parliament, on Thursday, February 2, 1826.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

WE are commanded by His Majesty to inform you, that His Majesty has seen with regret the embarrassment which has occurred in the pecuniary transactions of the country since the close of the last session of Parliament

This embarrassment did not arise from any political events, either at home or abroad; it was not produced by any unexpected demand upon the public resources, nor by the apprehension of any interruption to the general tranquillity.

Some of the causes to which this evil must be attributed lie without the reach of direct Parliamentary interposition; nor can security against the recurrence of them be found, unless in the experience of the sufferings which they have occasioned.

But to a certain portion of this evil, correctives at least, if not effectual remedies, may be applied; and His Majesty relies upon your wisdom to devise such measures as may tend to protect both private and public interests against the like sudden and violent fluctuations, by placing on a more firm foundation the currency and circulating credit of the country.

His Majesty continues to receive from His Allies,

and generally from all Foreign Princes and States, the strongest assurances of their friendly disposition towards His Majesty. His Majesty on his part is constant and unwearied in his endeavours to reconcile conflicting interests, and to recommend and cultivate peace, both in the Old World and in the New.

His Majesty commands us to inform you, that in pursuance of this policy, His Majesty's mediation has been successfully employed in the conclusion of a Treaty between the Crowns of Portugal and Brazil, by which the relations of friendly intercourse, long interrupted between two kindred Nations, have been restored; and the independence of the Brazilian Empire has been formally acknowledged.

His Majesty loses no opportunity of giving effect to the principles of trade and navigation which have received the sanction of Parliament, and of establishing them, as far as possible, by engagements with Foreign Powers.

His Majesty has directed to be laid before you a copy of a Convention, framed on these principles, which has recently been concluded between His Majesty and the King of France; and of a similar Convention with the free Hanseatick Cities of Lubeck, Bremen, and Hamburgh.

His Majesty has likewise directed to be laid before you a copy of a Treaty of amity, commerce, and navigation, concluded between His Majesty and the Republic of Columbia, the ratifications of which have been exchanged since the close of the last session. For the carrying into effect some of the stipulations of this Treaty, His Majesty will have need of your assistance.

His Majesty regrets that he has not to announce to you the termination of hostilities in India. But the operations of the last campaign, through the bravery of the forces of His Majesty and of the
East

East India Company, and the skill and perseverance of their Commanders, have been attended with uniform success; and His Majesty trusts that a continuance of the same exertions may lead, at no distant period, to an honourable and satisfactory pacification.

His Majesty's attention has been directed to the consideration of several measures, recommended in the last session of Parliament, for improving the condition of Ireland.

The industry of that part of the United Kingdom, His Majesty has the satisfaction of acquainting you, is in a course of gradual and general advancement, an advancement mainly to be attributed to that state of tranquillity which now happily prevails throughout all the provinces of Ireland.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

His Majesty has directed the estimates for the year to be prepared and laid before you.

They have been framed with an anxious desire to avoid every expenditure beyond what the necessary demands of the public service may require.

His Majesty has the satisfaction of informing you that the produce of the revenue in the last year has fully justified the expectations entertained at the commencement of it.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

His Majesty deeply laments the injurious effects which the late pecuniary crisis must have entailed upon many branches of the commerce and manufactures of the United Kingdom; but His Majesty confidently believes that the temporary check which commerce and manufactures may at this moment experience, will, under the blessing of Divine Providence, neither impair the great sources of our wealth, nor impede the growth of national prosperity.

At

At the Court at Windsor-Castle, January 30, 1826.

The King, as Sovereign of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, hath been pleased, by letters patent under His Royal Sign Manual and the Great Seal of the Order, bearing date this day, to dispense with all the statutes and regulations usually observed with regard to installation; and to grant unto the Most Noble Charles Duke of Dorset, Knight Elect of the said Most Noble Order of the Garter, full power and authority to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, in as full and ample a manner as if His Grace had been formally installed; any decree, rule, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Duchy of Lancaster, January 30, 1826.

The King has been this day pleased to appoint James Penny Machell, of Penny-bridge, Esq. to be Sheriff of the county palatine of Lancaster for the year ensuing.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 7,
1826.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 30th of *January*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to appoint Henry Beard, Esq. Lieutenant-Governor of the colony of Berbice, he this day took the oaths as Lieutenant-Governor of the said colony.

Whitehall, February 6, 1826.

The King has been pleased to nominate and appoint William Courtenay, Esq. to be Clerk Assistant of the Parliaments, in the room of Henry Cowper, Esq. resigned.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 11,
1826.

War-Office, 10th February 1826.

MEMORANDUM.

HIS Majesty has been pleased to approve of the 32d Regiment of Foot bearing on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to the Regiment, the words

“ *Roleia,*”

“ *Vimiera,*”

“ *Pyrennees,*” and

“ *Orthes,*”

in commemoration of the distinguished services of the Regiment at the battle of Roleia, on 17th August 1808; at Vimiera, on 21st August 1808; in the Pyrennees, in the months of July and August 1813; and at Orthes, on 27th February 1814.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 14,
1826.

MEMORANDUM.

Foreign-Office, February 14, 1826.

THE Letter of Recall presented by the Prince Esterhazy to the King, as notified in the Gazette of the 24th of December 1825, has been cancelled by a subsequent Letter from the Emperor of Austria to His Majesty.

Crown-Office, February 14, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present
PARLIAMENT.

City of Exeter.

Samuel Trehawke Kekewich, Esq. in the room of William Courtenay, Esq. who hath accepted the office of Clerk Assistant of the Parliaments.

Borough of Banbury.

The Honourable Arthur Legge, in the room of the Honourable Heneage Legge, who hath accepted the office of one of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs.

Borough of Warwick.

John Tomes, of the said borough of Warwick, Esq. in the room of Charles Mills, Esq. deceased.

Borough of Newport (Cornwall).

The Honourable Charles Percy, of Guys Cliffe, in the county of Warwick, in the room of William Northey, Esq deceased.



FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 18,
1826.

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 15th of
February 1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty in Council was this day pleased to appoint Thomas Westley Oldham, of Leicester Frith-House, Esq to be Sheriff of the county of Leicester.

And His Majesty was pleased to make the following amendments upon the Roll :

Oxfordshire, William Peer Williams Free-
man, made

William Peere Williams Free-
man.

Pembroke, Jonathan Howorth Peel, made
Jonathan Haworth Peel.

Anglesey, Hugh Davies Griffiths, made
Hugh Davies Griffith.

At

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 15th of
February 1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to appoint Major-General Sir Patrick Ross, K. C. B. Governor of the island of Antigua, he this day took the usual oaths appointed to be taken by the Governors of His Majesty's plantations.

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 15th of
February 1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fifty-seventh year of His late Majesty's reign, ch. 57, intituled " An Act to empower His Majesty to " suspend training, and to regulate the quotas of " the militia," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order or Orders in Council, to suspend the calling out of the militia of the United Kingdom, or any part of the United Kingdom, or of any county, riding, shire, stewartry, city, town, or place, for the purpose of being trained and exercised in any year, and to order and direct that no training or exercising of the militia of the United Kingdom, or of any part of the United Kingdom, or of any county or counties, riding or ridings, shire or shires, stewartry or stewartries, city or cities, town or towns, or place or places, specified in any such Order or Orders in Council, shall take place in any year, any thing contained in any

Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the militia, to the contrary notwithstanding : And whereas it is deemed expedient that such training or exercising should be dispensed with in the present year ; it is ordered by His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, that the calling out of the militia of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, for the purpose of being trained and exercised in the present year, be suspended, and that no training or exercising of the said militia do take place in the present year.

C. C. Greville.

Carlton-House, February 15, 1826.

This day the Baron de Cetto, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Bavaria, had his first private audience of His Majesty to deliver his credentials ; to which he was introduced by the Right Honourable George Canning, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knight, Master of the Ceremonies.

Foreign-Office, February 18, 1826.

It has been notified by the Brazilian Minister for Foreign Affairs to His Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Rio de Janeiro, by a communication, dated 7th of December last, that the Emperor of Brazil had ordered to be instituted a strict Blockade of the Ports in the River Plate, belonging to the Government of Bucnos Ayres.

Foreign-

Foreign-Office, February 18, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint William Taylor Money, Esq to be His Majesty's Consul-General at Venice, and in the Austrian Territories on the Adriatick Sea.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 21,
1826.

Crown-Office, February 21, 1826.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Spring Assizes, 1826.

NORFOLK CIRCUIT.

Sir Charles Abbott, Knt. Lord Chief Justice.

Mr. Justice Holroyd.

Buckinghamshire, Wednesday, March 1, at Aylesbury.

Bedfordshire, Tuesday, March 7, at Bedford.

Huntingdonshire, Saturday, March 11, at Huntingdon.

Cambridgeshire, Tuesday, March 14, at Cambridge.

Norfolk, Saturday, March 18, at Thetford.

Suffolk, Saturday, March 25, at Bury Saint Edmund's.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

Sir *William Draper Best*, Knt. Lord Chief Justice.
Mr. Justice *Littledale*.

Northamptonshire, Saturday, February 25, at Northampton.

Rutlandshire, Friday, March 3, at Oakham.

Lincolnshire, Saturday, March 4, at Lincoln.

City of Lincoln, The same day, at the City of Lincoln.

Nottinghamshire, Friday, March 10, at Nottingham.

Town of Nottingham, The same day, at the Town of Nottingham.

Derbyshire, Wednesday, March 15, at Derby.

Leicestershire, Monday, March 20, at the Castle of Leicester.

Borough of Leicester, The same day, at the Borough of Leicester.

City of Coventry, Saturday, March 25, at the City of Coventry.

Warwickshire, The same day, at Warwick.

HOME CIRCUIT.

Sir *William Alexander*, Knt. Lord Chief Baron.
Mr. Baron *Graham*.

Hertfordshire, Wednesday, March 1, at Hertford.

Essex, Monday, March 6, at Chelmsford.

Surrey, Monday, March 13, at Kingston-upon-Thames.

Sussex, Monday, March 20, at Horsham.

Kent, Monday, March 27, at Maidstone.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Bayley*.

Mr. Baron *Hullock*.

Durham, Thursday, February 23, at *Durham*.
Westmorland, Monday, February 27, at *Appleby*.
Newcastle, Tuesday, February 28, at *Newcastle*.
Cumberland, Wednesday, March 1, at *Carlisle*.
Northumberland, Thursday, March 2, at *Newcastle*.
Lancashire, Tuesday, March 7, at *Lancaster*.
Yorkshire, Saturday, March 18, at *York*.
City of York, The same day, at *York*.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Park*.

Mr. Baron *Garrow*.

Berkshire, Monday, February 27, at *Reading*.
Oxfordshire, Wednesday, March 1, at *Oxford*.
Worcestershire, Saturday, March 4, at *Worcester*.
City of Worcester, The same day, at the *City of Worcester*.
Staffordshire, Thursday, March 9, at *Stafford*.
Shropshire, Wednesday, March 15, at *Shrewsbury*.
Herefordshire, Monday, March 20, at *Hereford*.
Monmouthshire, Saturday, March 25, at *Monmouth*.
Gloucestershire, Wednesday, March 29, at *Gloucester*.
City of Gloucester, The same day, at the *City of Gloucester*.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Burrough.*

Mr. Justice *Gaselee.*

Southampton, Monday, February 27, at the Castle of Winchester.

Wiltshire, Saturday, March 4, at New Sarum.

Dorsetshire, Thursday, March 9, at Dorchester.

Devonshire, Monday, March 13, at the Castle of Exeter.

City and County of Exeter, The same day, at the Guildhall of the City of Exeter.

Cornwall, Monday, March 20, at Launceston.

Somersetshire, Saturday, March 25, at the Castle of Taunton.

CHESTER CIRCUIT.

The Honourable *Charles Warren*, Chief Justice.

The Honourable *Thomas Jervis*, the other Justice.

Montgomeryshire, Thursday, March 16, at Pool.

Denbighshire, Wednesday, March 22, at Ruthin.

Flintshire, Tuesday, March 28, at Mold.

Cheshire, Monday, April 3, at Chester.

CARMARTHEN CIRCUIT.

Samuel Heywood, Esq. Serjeant at Law, Chief Justice.

John Balguy, Esq. Justice.

Cardigan, Monday, March 20.

Haverfordwest, Saturday, March 25.

Carmarthen, Friday, March 31.

NORTH WALES CIRCUIT.

The Honourable *Jonathan Raine*, Chief Justice.
The Honourable *William Kenrick*, other Justice.

Anglesey, Saturday, March 18, at Beaumaris.
Carnarvonshire, Friday, March 24, at Carnarvon.
Merionethshire, Thursday, March 30, at Bala.

SOUTH WALES CIRCUIT.

The Honourable *Michael Nolan*, Chief Justice.
The Honourable *Robert Mathew Casberd*,

Radnorshire, Monday, March 20.
Breconshire, Saturday, March 25.
Glamorganshire, Saturday, April 1.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of FEBRUARY 25,
1826.

Crown-Office, February 25, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present
PARLIAMENT.

County of Dorset.

Henry Bankes, of Kingston-hall, in the county of Dorset, Esq. in the room of William Morton Pitt, Esq. who hath accepted the office of Steward of His Majesty's manor of East Hendred, in the county of Berks.

Borough of Corfe Castle.

George Bankes, Esq. in the room of Henry Bankes, Esq. who hath accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

University of Oxford.

Thomas Grimstone Bucknall Estcourt, of Corpus Christi College, in the room of Richard Heber, Esq. who hath accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 4,
 1826.

Westminster, March 1, 1826.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read*; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for raising the sum of ten millions by Exchequer bills, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six.

An Act for granting and applying certain sums of money for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six.

November 22, 1825.

His Royal Highness the Duke of York has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Samson Sober Wood, B. A. to be one of His Royal Highness's Domestic Chaplains.

FROM THE
 SUPPLEMENT
 TO THE
 LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 4,
 1826.

India-Board, March 4, 1826.

A DISPATCH has been received at the East India-House from the Governor-General in Council at Fort William, in Bengal, dated 24th of August 1825; with inclosures, of which the following are copies:

Copy of a Letter from Lieutenant Neuville to Captain Martin, Major of Brigade in Assam, dated Now Dheeing Mokh, 9th May 1825.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of Colonel Richards, commanding, that having received authentic intelligence that the body of the enemy, recently arrived from Mogaum, had pushed on an advanced party of sixty, with three mounted chiefs, to within an accessible distance from my post, for the purpose of throwing up entrenchments at a village about twenty-five miles off, on the Dheeing, I deemed it highly expedient to dislodge them. With that view I embarked in canoes on the afternoon of the 7th, taking with me Ensign Bogle and half the strength of the detachment, calculating that by pushing on the whole
 night

night I might be able to reach them by day-break in the morning. The arrangement, I am happy to say, was attended with complete success. I landed about half a mile below the place at early dawn, and by making a detour round the jungle, came on the quarter occupied by the Burmese at a little before five.

On our charging, the enemy immediately fled in the greatest confusion, very closely followed by our men as far as the ground would admit; but as they threw away their arms, and every thing that could impede their flight, even their clothes, we were soon distanced, and obliged to discontinue the pursuit.

They lost either eight or ten killed, and I should suppose many must be wounded from the precision with which the men fired. The principal of the three chiefs (who was recognized by my Burmese to be Lah Daungh Pali) escaped most narrowly, being several times almost at the point of the bayonet.

The only casualty on our part is one sepoy wounded by a punjah.

I have brought down with me the Chiefs of the village, prisoners, as security for the ransom of the numerous Assamese captives confined in their jungles.

I feel greatly indebted to Ensign Bogle for his active and cordial co-operation, and the cheerful soldier-like conduct of the men deserves the highest praise.

I have also the honour to report, that having heard of a few straggling Saums from amongst those who quitted Rungpore with Baglee Phokun being concealed in the jungles near Suddeeya, I detached a party to bring them in. Five out of the nine were secured with their families, and I shall take the earliest opportunity to send them down.

I have

I have received a letter from the three Chiefs newly arrived, written in their usual style of verbiage, and finishing with a desire that I should immediately go back to Rungpore, and on my arrival there fall back with the whole force out of Assam ; to which I returned the annexed reply.

I have, &c.

J. B. NEUFVILLE, Lieutenant,
Commanding Now Dheeing Mokh.

*Reply to the Letter of the Chiefs Lah Daungh,
Menglah Pah, and Do Koang Pah.*

(After Compliments.)

I HAVE received your communication. If, my friends, you want us to quit the country of Assam, you had better come and turn us out.

J. B. NEUFVILLE.

Copy of a Letter from Brigadier-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. to George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated Headquarters, Prome, 10th May 1825.

SIR,

HEREWITH I have the honour to transmit you a document this day received from Major Frith, commanding at Mergui, by which it will appear that the audacity of the Siamese pirates on that coast has met with such a check as will, it is hoped, put a stop to their depredations. I have ordered one of the Honourable Company's cruisers to proceed immediately from Rangoon to the coast of Tenasserim, in addition to the one already there, which will be sufficient to keep every thing quiet in that quarter during the monsoon.

I have, &c.

A. CAMPBELL, Brig. Gen.

Copy

Copy of a Letter from Lieutenant Drever to Major Frith, commanding at Mergui, dated Mergui, 2d April 1825.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report that agreeably to your instructions, I embarked on the morning of the 29th ult. with the party as per margin*, in some country boats, manued by Burmese, and proceeded in a southerly direction until the morning of the 31st, in search of those Siamese pirates who for some time have made such destruction in this province, when I discovered six boats. I immediately made my boats form line, so as to prevent their ascertaining the number of ours, which I am happy to say had the desired effect, as they did not appear alarmed until we got near them. I then gave orders for Lieutenant Bingham and Assistant-Surgeon Lindsell to proceed in two fast pulling boats, and I accompanied in a third; we very soon overtook and boarded four of them, two made their escape; those taken made but little resistance, I suppose in consequence of our rear boats coming up. They proved to be four Siamese war boats, well manned and armed; after securing them we proceeded to the Island of Yeaquadam, in the Burmese territory, about ninety miles from Mergui, where we discovered twenty-six more; they approached us for some time, but at length returned and landed four hundred men, who took up a strong position on shore, and about four hundred remained in their boats, all well armed, some boats having guns in their bows. I then hoisted a white flag, and a small boat came with a man in it with a message from the

* 2 lieutenants, 1 assistant-surgeon, 2 subidars, 1 jemidar, 95 rank and file.

Chief,

Chief, the Rajah of Sampoore, who was at Mergui in February last, requesting I would come on shore, to which I replied that I wished him to come and see me; he said he would, provided I would separate from my boats, which I did, and waited for some time. He then sent some of his Chiefs, who would scarcely approach sufficiently near to make themselves understood; however, I called to them to say, that I would not see any one but the Rajah. He then came, but instead of one boat, brought his whole flotilla, and attempted to get between me and my boats, but seeing his intention I prevented him. I then pulled up to his boat and asked him to come on board mine, which he refused; in short I used every means to persuade him but to no effect. I then asked him by whose authority he had taken possession of this island, having built houses for himself and people, and how he could dare to molest the inhabitants of the province of Mergui, well knowing from a former interview, about two months ago, that they were under the British protection. His reply was, that he was sent by his King, and that he did not care for us; I told him that my orders were to bring him to Mergui to see the Governor, and that I had no doubt but his boats would be returned to him on his arrival, when he explained matters; during the conversation I held his boat as he would not allow any one to come near him but myself. He then like lightning darted into his cabin, and a man who was by his side during the conversation made a cut at me, which fortunately I escaped, and several men presented their muskets, no doubt with a hostile intention. I therefore gave orders for our men to fire, and I can scarcely say which commenced: finding our musquetry heavy he pulled off, and I regret to say, that in consequence of all our boats' crews deserting their oars for some time, we could not again come up with their flotilla. He

must

must have suffered severely from our fire as we continued chasing for about an hour, when we got so far distant and no hope of coming up with him, and thought it advisable to return to the island. The enemy's fire was very well directed for some time, and I regret to say two men of ours were killed and two wounded, one of them an interpreter, who has left a widow, the other a Burmah, and two sepoys wounded.

I beg leave to bring to your notice the gallant conduct of Lieutenant Bingham, and Assistant Surgeon Linsell, as also all the native commissioned and non-commissioned Officers and sepoys.

On my return to the island I set fire to the houses. In one of the boats we took I found a small union jack of ours which these pirates took from the signal post at Tenaparam.

I have, &c.

J DREVER, Lieutenant,
Commg. Dett. 7th Regt. N. I.

Copy of a Letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Watson, Adjutant-General of the Army, to George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated 14th July 1825.

SIR,

I AM directed by the Commander-in-Chief to transmit to you, for the information of Government, the accompanying letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Richards, commanding in Assam, inclosing a dispatch received from Lieutenant Neufville, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master-General, detailing the operations of a detachment under his command against the enemy; the success of these operations establishes so completely the merits of Lieutenant

1826. H Neuf-

Neufville, and the gallantry of his detachment, that the Commander in Chief deems it unnecessary to press the subject further on the notice of Government.

I have, &c.

W. L. WATSON,
Adjutant-General of the Army.

Extract of a Letter from Lieutenant Neufville to Captain Martin, Major of Brigade in Assam, dated near Wokynet, on the Now Dheeing, 15th June 1525, inclosed in a Letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Richards to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

I HAVE the honour to report for the information of Colonel Richards, commanding, that the state of the weather having resumed a favourable appearance on the 4th instant, and intelligence up to the evening of that day reporting no alteration in the strength or disposition of the enemy, I prepared to proceed against them, and leaving a party of two gun-boats with thirty sepoy and a proportion of non-commissioned officers under a subadar to protect the post and passage of the Dheeing, embarked the remainder of the detachment on covered canoes and rafts.

At day-break on the 5th, we commenced our progress up the Now Deehing. The delay and difficulties in the passage proved much greater than I had anticipated, and we did not reach the large deserted village of Leyung till the evening of the 8th.

Here we were obliged to leave the gun-boats and gudwanies, and by dragging the canoes up the rapids with great labour, in which all hands were obliged to assist, arrived on the afternoon of the 9th at a point opposite Dupha Gaum, which I now found

found to be situated three or four miles inland, on the right bank.

On reaching Dupha, we found the enemy occupying a stockade of very considerable strength, and on our appearance making hasty preparations for defence.

They were unable, however, to stand the very prompt and gallant manner in which Lieutenant Kerr brought up his men to the assault, at once gaining possession of a commanding line of fire upon their trenches, in which lie the principal security, and abandoning these the whole body pressed for escape through the gate at the opposite face. Their loss was but trifling, since they were covered from our fire by the barriers of their own works (about fourteen feet high and nearly solid, armed by double and triple rows of chevaux de frise), and we had no immediate mode of entrance but by the gate, to gain which there were two long faces of the place to traverse without cavalry, therefore all hope of overtaking them was vain, and they were immediately lost sight of in the jungle.

The enemy being now concentrated at Beesa Gaum, I made arrangements for attacking them, and as their works were said to be very strong, determined to carry them by a night surprise, by which I should have the benefit of a diversion to distract their attention.

With this view we marched on the afternoon of the 11th, expecting to reach the post about two in the morning.

When within a quarter of a mile from the post we saw the enemy on the open spot below the first stockade, drawn up in a line with some horse on the right, advancing as to oppose us: we immediately debouched from the jungle to the clear plains below, and formed line in the front.

No sooner, however, was it put in motion pre-
H 2
paratory

paratory to the charge, than the enemy faced about and commenced a rapid retreat to the stockades, followed up by us as quickly as the required preservation of regularity and the irregularity of the ground would admit.

Entering the first stockade, we found that they had clearly gained the second, and successively they abandoned their five very formidable defences before us without once attempting a stand.

The whole affair was conducted by the steady advance of the bayonet, not a shot being fired by us throughout.

On quitting their last stockade they took to precipitate flight, in which manner they have so decided an advantage over us that I did not attempt harassing the men by an unavailing and hopeless pursuit.

Early on the following morning I directed Ensign Bogle, with eighty men, to press upon their rear as far as the villages of Ninsko and Kesson to the first pass (about eight miles), in order to confirm their confusion, and also to cover the escape of the Assamese captives.

This duty, performed in the most able manner, and the result giving liberation to several hundreds of these unfortunate people, must be equally gratifying to his own feelings, as it is creditable to his tact and judgment.

From the top of the first pass the extreme rear of the enemy were seen clearing the second, and I conclude their flight to have been in great panic, from the gilt chattahs, silver swords, and other insignia of the Chiefs abandoned on the route.

In the detail of operations the Commanding Officer will perceive how entirely I must have been indebted for success to the active and zealous co-operation of the Officers under me, Lieutenant Kerr and Ensign Bogle, most nobly seconded by the men, who, I may venture to assert, in all that
regards

regards the soldier, as well in cheerful endurance of more than ordinary fatigue and privation, ardent alacrity on every prospect of service, and a steady bravery when opposed to the enemy, could have been surpassed by no troops whatever.

Captain Bedford of the survey department, who accompanied us throughout as a volunteer, gave me the benefit of his experience and personal assistance on every occasion.

A DISPATCH has also been received at the East India-House from the Government of Bengal, dated 3d October 1825; with an inclosure, of which the following is a copy :

Armistice concluded with the Burmese, September 17th 1825.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. and K. C. T. S. Commander-in-Chief of the British Forces in the Kingdom of Ava, Political Agent, &c. &c. having empowered Lieutenant-Colonel Tidy, C.B. Deputy Adjutant-General, and Lieutenant William Smith, of the Royal Navy, commanding the light division, to conclude an Armistice with the Burmese Army, with a view to the restoration of peace and amity between the British Government and the Government of His Majesty the King of Ava; these Officers were met on the 17th September by the Attawoon, Moonjee Maha Moula Rajah, and the Woondock Maha Seree Senkeegah, duly authorized by Sahdo Menjee Muha Mengon, first Minister of the King, when the following articles were agreed upon, signed by, and exchanged between the parties deputed as above mentioned.

FIRST.

There shall be a cessation of hostilities between the British and Burmese armies, from the date hereof to the 17th day of October next, inclusive.

SECOND.

The first Minister of the King, Sahdo Menjee Muha Mengon, being invested with full powers from His Majesty for that purpose, will meet the British Authorities (duly qualified by their Government) at the village of Nenbonzick (being half-way between the armies) on the 2d of October next, there to enter into negotiations for the re-establishment of peace between the subjects of the two countries.

THIRD.

A line of demarcation shall be drawn between the two armies, commencing at Comma, on the western bank of the Irrawaddy, passing through the village of Nenbonzick, and continuing along the road from that village to Tongho.

The respective parties engage to prevent their troops or adherents passing the said line; and further give assurance that all parties or detachments belonging to either shall be immediately recalled to their own side of the line, respectively.

It is further agreed on the part of the British Commander, that this cessation of hostilities shall be observed by the several British Armies on the frontiers of these dominions, which shall remain without making any forward movement before the 18th of October next, when the armistice shall cease and determine; the Burmese Authorities engaging that this article shall be reciprocally observed.

FOURTH.

FOURTH.

Two Officers from each army are to meet on the 23d instant at the village of Nenbonzick, to mark off the ground for the encampment of the respective Chiefs and their followers, and to make any other arrangements which they may deem requisite, preparatory to the meeting of the said High Commissioners.

FIFTH.

The state of the King of Ava's first Minister absolutely requiring that he shall not move without the attendance of five hundred men with fire-arms, and five hundred men with swords, the British Commander will of course be attended by a corresponding number, should he deem it requisite.

Done at Meeady, the 17th day of September 1825.

FROM THE

**LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 7,
1826.**

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, March 7, 1826.

THE Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed the Honourable and Reverend Arthur Philip Perceval, B. C. L. Rector of East Horsley, Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, in the room of the Reverend Doctor Charles Lucas Edridge, deceased.

Crown-Office, March 7, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present
PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Devizes.

George Watson Taylor, of Erlestoke-park, in the county of Wilts, Esq. in the room of Thomas Grimston Bucknall Estcourt, Esq. who hath accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Borough of East Looe.

The Right Honourable Henry Frederick John James Percival, commonly called Lord Viscount Percival, in the room of George Watson Taylor, Esq. who hath accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 11,
1826.

BOROUGH OF HUNTINGDON.

PETITION CONCERNING THE RIGHT OF ELECTION.

Mercurii, 8^o die Martii, 1826.

SAMUEL WELLS, of the borough of Huntingdon, Esq. who claims to be an elector for the said borough, having on Tuesday the 7th day of February 1826, presented his petition to the House of Commons, setting forth, “ That on the 1st day of
“ March, in the year of our Lord 1825, the Select
“ Committee appointed to try and determine the
“ merits of the petition presented by your petitioner, complaining of an undue election and
“ return for the said borough, reported to this
“ Honourable House, that the right of election of
“ Burgesses to serve in Parliament for the said
“ borough is not in the commonalty or burgesses
“ of the said borough being the inhabitant householders paying scot and lot, and that the right of
“ election is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses
“ of the borough of Huntingdon being Members of
“ the Corporation. That your petitioner is advised
“ and verily believes that the right of election so
“ determined by the said Select Committee is not
“ the ancient and true right of election for the said
“ borough, but is contrary to law; and your petitioner is not, therefore, satisfied with the said
“ resolution, and is desirous of being admitted a
“ party to oppose such right of election, and to
1826. I “ have

“ have the benefit of the Statute in that case made
 “ and provided ; therefore, to prevent the judgment
 “ of the said Select Committee from being final and
 “ conclusive, your petitioner humbly prays your
 “ Honourable House that he may be admitted as a
 “ party according to the form of the Statute in this
 “ case made and provided, to oppose the right of
 “ election in favour of which the said Select Com-
 “ mittee have so reported ; and that your peti-
 “ tioner may have such other relief in the premises
 “ as to this Honourable House shall seem meet,
 “ and the nature of the case shall require.”

I do hereby give this notice, that the House has
 appointed Tuesday the 11th day of April next, at
 three of the clock in the afternoon to take the said
 petition into consideration.

Given under my hand the 8th day of March 1826,

CHARLES MANNERS SUTTON, Speaker.

BOROUGH OF HUNTINGDON.

PETITION CONCERNING THE RIGHT OF ELECTION.

Mercurii, 8^o die Martii, 1826.

Robert Wanington, James Adams, Joseph Sarll,
 and others, inhabitant householders of the borough
 of Huntingdon, who claim to be electors for the
 said borough, having, on Tuesday the 7th day of
 February 1826, presented their petition to the
 House of Commons, setting forth, “ That on the
 “ 1st day of March, in the year of our Lord 1825,
 “ the Select Committee appointed to try and
 “ determine the merits of the petition presented
 “ by Samuel Wells, Esq. complaining of an un-
 “ due election and return for the said borough,
 “ reported to this Honourable House, that the
 “ right

“ right of election of Burgesses to serve in Par-
 “ liament for the said borough is not in the
 “ Commonalty or Burgesses of the said borough
 “ being the inhabitant householders paying scot
 “ and lot, and that the right of election is in the
 “ Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the borough of
 “ Huntingdon being members of the Corporation.
 “ That your petitioners are advised and verily be-
 “ lieve that the right of election so determined by
 “ the said Select Committee is not the ancient and
 “ true right of election for the said borough, but
 “ is contrary to law; and your petitioners are not,
 “ therefore, satisfied with the said resolution, and
 “ are desirous of being admitted parties to oppose
 “ such right of election, and to have the benefit of
 “ the Statute in that case made and provided.
 “ Therefore to prevent the judgment of the said
 “ Select Committee from becoming final and con-
 “ clusive, your petitioners humbly pray this
 “ Honourable House that they may be admitted as
 “ parties according to the form of the Statute in
 “ this case made and provided, to oppose the right
 “ of election in favour of which the said Select Com-
 “ mittee have so reported, and that your petitioners
 “ may have such other relief in the premises as to
 “ this Honourable House shall seem meet, and the
 “ nature of the case shall require.”

I do hereby give notice, that the House has
 appointed Tuesday the 11th day of April next, at
 three of the clock in the afternoon, to take the
 said petition into consideration.

Given under my hand the 8th day of March 1826,
 CHARLES MANNERS SUTTON, Speaker.

FROM THE

**LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 14,
1826.**

Bushey-House, March 10, 1826.

HIS Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence has appointed the Reverend Henry Joseph Boone Nicholson, A. M. to be one of His Royal Highness's Domestic Chaplains.

Crown-Office, March 11, 1826.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present
PARLIAMENT.

County of Northumberland.

Matthew Bell, of Woolsington, in the said county, Esq. in the room of Charles John Brandling, Esq. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 18,
1826.

March 1, 1826.

HIS Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Aaron Foster, A. B. to be one of the Chaplains of His Royal Highness's Household.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 21,
1826.

Foreign-Office, March 21, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to appoint William Stuart Day, Esq. to be Consul at Cowes, for the Kingdom of Hanover.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 25,
1826.

BOROUGH OF HUNTINGDON.

PETITION TO DEFEND THE RIGHT OF ELECTION
AS REPORTED.

Lunæ, 20^a die Martii 1826.

D. VEASEY, jun. Mayor, Charles Cooch, Edward Bates, and others, Burgesses of the borough of Huntingdon, and Members of the Corporation, and as such electors of the same borough, having this day presented their petition to the House of Commons, setting forth, That on the 1st day of March in the year of our Lord 1825, the Select Committee appointed by your Honourable House to try and determine the merits of a petition presented by Samuel Wells, Esq. complaining of an undue election and return for the said borough, on the 14th day of May then preceding, reported to your Honourable House, that the right of election of Burgesses to serve in Parliament for the said borough is not (as then contended for by the said Samuel Wells) in the Commonalty or Burgesses of the said borough, being inhabitant householders paying scot and lot, but that the right of election is (as then contended for by the sitting Member, James Stuart, Esq.) in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the said borough of Huntingdon, being Members of the Corporation: and your petitioners beg further to state, that the said Samuel Wells has, within the time prescribed by law, to
wit,

wit, on the 7th day of February last, presented his petition to your Honourable House, whereby, after setting forth the said decision and determination of the said Select Committee, states, that he is advised and verily believes that the right of election so determined by the said Select Committee is not the ancient and true right of election for the said borough, but is contrary to law; and that he is not, therefore, satisfied with the said resolution, and is desirous of being a party to oppose such right of election, and to have the benefit of the Statute in that case made and provided; and, therefore, to prevent the judgment of the said Select Committee from becoming final and conclusive, the said Samuel Wells humbly prays your Honourable House, that he may be admitted a party according to the form of the Statute in that case made and provided, to oppose the right of election in favour of which the said Select Committee have so reported; and that he may have such other relief in the premises as to your Honourable House shall seem meet, and the nature of the case may require: and your petitioners beg further to state, that on the said 7th day of February last, a certain other petition was presented to your Honourable House from the several persons whose names are thereunto subscribed, on behalf of themselves and others, inhabitant householders of the said borough of Huntingdon, who claim to be electors of the said borough, whereby, after setting forth the said determination and report of the said Select Committee, further state, that they are advised and verily believe that the right of election so determined by the said Select Committee is not the ancient and true right of election for the said borough, but is contrary to law; that they are not, therefore, satisfied with the said resolution, and are desirous of being admitted parties to oppose such right of election, and to have the benefit

benefit of the Statute in that case made and provided; therefore, to prevent the judgment of the said Select Committee from becoming final and conclusive, the said petitioners humbly pray your Honourable House, that they may be admitted parties according to the form of the Statute in that case made and provided, to oppose the right of election in favour of which the said Select Committee have so reported; and that the said petitioners may have such other relief in the premises as to your Honourable House shall seem meet, and the nature of the case may require: and your petitioners beg further to state, that they are informed and verily believe your Honourable House has made an order for taking the said petitions into consideration, on Tuesday the 11th day of April next, and being advised they humbly contend, that the right of election of Burgesses to serve in Parliament for the said borough is in the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the said borough, being Members of the Corporation, according to the determination of the said Select Committee; and therefore most humbly pray your Honourable House to be admitted parties to defend and support the right of election which has been deemed valid in the judgment of the said Select Committee as aforesaid, and to oppose the right of election for which the said Samuel Wells contended before the said Select Committee, or any other right which may be attempted to be established by the said Samuel Wells, or any other of the said petitioners, and that such relief may be granted to your petitioners as the justice of the case may require:

I do hereby give notice, that the House has appointed Tuesday the 11th day of April next, at three of the clock in the afternoon, to take the said petition into consideration, being the same time as the petition of Robert Wannington, James Adams,

Adams, Joseph Surr, and others, inhabitant householders of the borough of Huntingdon, also of Samuel Wells, Esq. are ordered to be taken into consideration.

Given under my hand the 20th day of March 1826,

CHARLES MANNERS SUTTON, Speaker.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MARCH 28,
1826.

Westminster, March 22, 1826.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read*; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for punishing mutiny and desertion, and
1826. K for

for the better payment of the army and their quarters.

An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's royal marine forces while on shore.

An Act to amend an Act of the last session of Parliament for making provision for the salaries of certain Bishops and other Ecclesiastical Dignitaries and Ministers in the diocese of Jamaica, and in the diocese of Barbadoes and the Leeward Islands, and for enabling His Majesty to grant annuities to such Bishops upon the resignation of their offices.

An Act to give effect to treaties of commerce with countries in America not at present provided with national merchant shipping.

An Act to indemnify such persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for offices and employments, and for extending the time limited for those purposes respectively.

An Act to limit, and, after a certain period, to prohibit, the issuing of promissory notes under a limited sum in England.

An Act to facilitate the advancing of money by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England upon deposits or pledges.

An Act to amend so much of an Act of the last session of Parliament, for regulating the qualification and the manner of enrolling jurors in Scotland, and of choosing jurors in criminal trials there, and to unite counties for the purposes of trial in cases of high treason in Scotland as relates to the qualification of special jurors.

An Act to provide for the more effectual punishment of certain offences in Ireland, by imprisonment with hard labour.

An Act for exonerating a certain estate, called Macs Llemystin, situate in the parish of Llangadfan, in the county of Montgomery, belonging to Charles Dallas, Esq. from the claims of the Crown.

An

An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the Witham Navigation to complete the drainage and navigation by the River Witham, and to raise a further sum of money for that purpose.

An Act for the appropriation of two chapels as chapels of ease to the parish church of Bright-helmston, in the county of Sussex.

An Act for maintaining and repairing the bridge over the River Avon at or near Stratford-upon-Avon, in the county of Warwick, and for widening and improving the approaches thereto.

An Act to repeal two Acts relating to the employment of the poor within the hundreds of Loes and Wilford, in the county of Suffolk, and to disincorporate the said hundreds.

An Act for enlarging the present market and establishing fish markets in the town and port of Dovor, in the county of Kent, and for removing the elections of Members and of Mayors of the said town from the church of Saint Mary the Virgin, in Dovor.

An Act for lighting, watching, paving, cleansing, and improving the streets, highways, and places within the town and borough of Newport, in the county of Monmouth.

An Act for enlarging the market house and regulating the markets within the borough of Bridgewater, in the county of Somerset, for paving, cleansing, lighting, and watching the streets, lanes, and other public passages and places within the said borough or adjacent thereto, and for the improvement thereof.

An Act for lighting with gas the several townships of Macclesfield, Sutton, and Hurdfield, all in the parish of Prestbury, in the county palatine of Chester.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road from Cannock, in the county of Stafford, to Penkridge, in the same county.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road from Worthing to Lancing, in the county of Sussex, and groynes, embankments, and other Sea defences, for protecting such road and the lands adjoining from the future encroachments of the Sea.

An Act for improving the road from Collingham, in the west riding of the county of York, to the city of York, and for making certain diversions from such road.

An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining the road from Chippenham-bridge, in the county of Wilts, to the top of Togg-hill, in the county of Gloucester, and several other roads therein mentioned in the said counties, and in the county of Somerset called the Marshfield district.

An Act for making and maintaining a road from Godalming, through Hascomb, to Pains-hill, in the county of Surrey.

An Act for improving the turnpike road from Knaresbrough to the junction of the road from Ripon to Pately-bridge, in the west riding of the county of York.

An Act for maintaining and improving the road leading from Pengate, in the parish of Westbury, to a place formerly called Price's Warren-gate, at Tinhead, in the parish of Edington, in the county of Wilts, and other roads near or adjoining the said roads, in the counties of Wilts and Somerset

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the roads from Manchester, in the county palatine of Lancaster, to Salter's-brook, in the county palatine of Chester, and for making and maintaining several extensions or diversions of road, and a new branch of road to communicate therewith

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road from South Shields to White Mere Pool, and from thence to join the Durham and Newcastle turnpike road at Vigo-lane, with a branch from
Jarrow

Jarrow Slake to East Boldon, all in the county of Durham.

An Act for amending and maintaining the road leading from the turnpike road on Farrard'-common, in the parish of Bradford, through Holt and Melksham to Homan's-stile, in the parish of Lacock, in the county of Wilts, and the road leading therefrom to the Bath turnpike road upon Kingsdown-hill, in the same county.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road, commencing at or near a certain house called the Shrewsbury Arms, situate at Hinderton, in the township of Little Neston, by way of Upton, and terminating in the township of Hoose, and from Upton aforesaid to the township of Birkenhead, and also certain branches of road to communicate therewith, all in the county palatine of Chester.

An Act for amending an Act, of His present Majesty, for repairing the road from Sandon, in the county of Stafford, to Bullock Smithy, in the county of Chester, and from Hilderstone to Draycot in the Moors, and from Wetley Rocks to Tean, in the county of Stafford, so far as relates to the Macclesfield district of road, and for making a diversion of road in the said district.

An Act for making and maintaining a road from Ridghill and Laues, in the parish of Ashton-under-Lyne, in the county palatine of Lancaster, to or near to Holehouse, in Saddleworth, in the west riding of the county of York.

An Act for repairing the road from Birmingham to Watford-gap, in the parish of Sutton Coldfield, in the county of Warwick, and other roads communicating therewith.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road from Arrow, in the county of Warwick, to Pot-hook's-end, in the county of Worcester, and from Dunnington, in the said county of Warwick, to Crab's-cross, in the said county of Worcester.

An

An Act for more effectually repairing the roads from Littlegate, at the top of Leadenham-hill, in the county of Lincoln, to Newark-upon-Trent, and from Newark-upon-Trent to Mansfield, and from Southwell to the south end of the town of Oxtou, in the county of Nottingham.

An Act for repairing, widening, and improving the several roads leading to and from the city of Exeter, and for making certain new lines of road to communicate with the same, and for keeping in repair Exe-bridge and Countess Wear-bridge.

An Act for more effectually repairing the road leading from the bounds of the counties of Limerick and Cork, between the towns of Kilmallock and Charleville, in the city of Cork.

An Act for more effectually repairing, widening, and improving the road from the city of Norwich to Scole-bridge, in the county of Norfolk.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the road from the Brighthelmston-road at Pyecombe to Warninglid Cross, in the parish of Cuckfield, and from Pyecombe to the Henfield-road at Poyning's-common, in the county of Sussex, and for making a new road from Warninglid Cross to Hand Cross, in the said county.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike-road from Wimpole, in the county of Cambridge, to Wrestlingworth, in the county of Bedford, and from Wrestlingworth to Potton, both in the said county of Bedford.

And four private Acts.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 1,
1826.

Whitehall, March 30, 1826.

THE King has been graciously pleased to constitute and appoint David Cathcart, Esq. one of the Lords of Session, to be a Lord of Justiciary in Scotland, in the room of George Fergusson, Esq. resigned.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 4,
1826.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, April 3, 1826.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning, on Sunday next the 9th instant, for His late Majesty the King of Portugal, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

Undress—White or grey lustrings, tabbies or damasks.

The

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

Undress—Grey frocks.

The Court to change the mourning on Sunday the 23d instant, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons.

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And on Sunday the 30th instant, the Court to go out of mourning.

Whitehall, April 3, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to order a congé d'elire to pass the Great Seal, empowering the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Durham to elect a Bishop of that See, the same being void by the death of the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor Shute Barrington, late Bishop thereof; and His Majesty has also been pleased to recommend to the said Dean and Chapter the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor William Van Mildert, now Bishop of Llandaff, to be by them elected Bishop of the said See of Durham.

White-

Whitehall, April 1, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Alexander Davidson to the church and parish of Slamanan, otherwise Saint Lawrence, in the presbytery of Linlithgow and shire of Stirling, vacant by the death of Mr. James Robertson, late Minister there.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 11,
1826.

March 31, 1826.

HIS Royal Highness the Duke of York has been pleased to appoint the Reverend William Bentinck Lethem Hawkins, B. A. to be one of His Royal Highness's Domestic Chaplains.

Crown-Office, April 8, 1826.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present
PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Horsham.

The Honourable Henry Fox, of Holland-house, in the county of Middlesex, in the room of Sir John Aubrey, Bart. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 15,
1826.*Westminster, April 11, 1826.*

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read*; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to consolidate and amend several Acts relating to the Royal Hospitals for Soldiers at Chelsea and Kilmainham.

An Act to repeal two Acts of the Parliament of Scotland relative to assault and battery pendente lite.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the seventh and eighth year of the reign of King William the Third, for the more easy recovery of small tithes.

An Act to authorise the disposal of unnecessary prisons in England.

An

An Act for remedying inconveniences in the administration of justice arising from the present vacancy of the See of Durham, and for preventing the like in future.

An Act for the further amendment of an Act of the first and second years of His present Majesty for the establishment of asylums for the lunatic poor in Ireland.

An Act to alter and amend an Act, passed in the fifty-fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, for vesting in His Majesty, His heirs and successors for ever, part of the ground and buildings now belonging to the Society of King's-Inns, Dublin, for erecting thereon a repository for public records in Ireland.

An Act for making and maintaining a navigable canal from the Peak Forest Canal in the township of Marple, in the county palatine of Chester, to join the Canal Navigation from the Trent to the Mersey, at or near Harding's Wood Lock, in the township or hamlet of Talk, or Talk on the Hill, in the county of Stafford.

An Act to amend an Act for separating the management of the harbour of Margate, in the county of Kent, from the paving and lighting of the town of Margate, and for vesting the future management of the said harbour in a joint stock company of proprietors.

An Act to enable His Majesty to licence a play-house within the town and port of Ramsgate, in the Isle of Thanet, in the county of Kent.

An Act for the better and more effectually supplying with water the inhabitants of the several parishes of Saint Mary, Saint Lawrence, and Saint Giles, Reading, in the county of Berks.

An Act for embanking, draining, and otherwise improving lands in the parishes of Metherringham and Dunston, in the county of Lincoln.

An Act for lighting, watching, cleansing, and otherwise improving the Camberwell New Road, the Lambeth Wyke Estate, and other places in the vicinity thereof, in the parishes of Lambeth, Camberwell, and Newington, in the county of Surrey.

An Act for lighting with gas the town of Burnley cum Habergham Eaves, otherwise the townships of Burnley and Habergham Eaves, within the parish of Whalley, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act for lighting with gas the village of Heywood, within the parish of Bury, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act for enabling the Glasgow Gas Light Company to raise a farther sum of money for the use of their works, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the roads leading from Picks-hill, near the town of Langport Eastover, in the county of Somerset, through High Ham, Ashcott, and other places, to Meare, in the said county.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road from the Great North Road at Barnby Moor, in the county of Nottingham, to the turnpike road leading from Bawtry to Tinsley, in the county of York, and from the said Bawtry and Tinsley turnpike road, at the North East End of Blackhill-lane, to the town of Rotherham, in the said county of York.

And three private Acts.

Whitehall, April 10, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint Augustus Granville Stapleton, Esq. to the office of one of the Clerks of His Majesty's Signet.

Foreign-Office, April 15, 1826.

The King has been pleased to approve of Mr. Henry Frederick Tiarks, as Consul in London for His Serene Highness the Duke of Oldenburgh.

Crown-Office, April 14, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present
PARLIAMENT.

Borough of St. Michael or Midshall.

Henry Labouchere, of Hamilton-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. in the room of William Taylor Money, Esq. who hath accepted the office of His Majesty's Consul-General at Venice.

County of Curlew.

Thomas Kavanagh, of Borris, in the room of Sir Ulysses Bagenal Burgh, Bart. now Baron Downes, a Peer of the United Kingdom.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 22,
1826.

Whitehall, April 18, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable James Ochoyca Lord Forbes to be His Majesty's High Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland.

Foreign-Office, April 22, 1826.

The King has been pleased to approve of Mr. Manoel Antonio de Paiva as Consul-General in London for His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil.

War-Office, 22d April 1826.

GARRISONS.

General Honourable Sir Edward Paget, G. C. B. to be Governor of the Royal Military College. Dated 25th March 1826.

General the Marquess of Anglesey, G. C. B. to be Captain of Cowes Castle, in the Isle of Wight, vice Sir Edward Paget. Dated 25th March 1826.

Whitehall, April 11, 1826.

The King has been pleased to give and grant unto Robert Sharpe, a Lieutenant in the Royal Navy, and late Lieutenant of His Majesty's ship *Windsor Castle*, His royal licence and permission, that he may, in compliance with the earnest desire expressed by His Most Faithful Majesty John the Sixth, King of Portugal, accept and wear the insignia of a Knight of the Royal Portuguese Military Order of the Tower and Sword, which that Sovereign was pleased to confer upon him, on occasion of His Most Faithful Majesty's visit on board the said ship, in the Tagus, in the month of May 1824; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise, and shall not be deemed or construed to authorise, the assumption of any stile, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms :

And also to command, that this His Majesty's concession and especial mark of His royal favour, be registered, together with the relative documents, in His Majesty's College of Arms.

Whitehall, April 18, 1826.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Thomas Cannan to the church and parish of Carsphairn, in the presbytery and stewartry of Kirkcudbright, vacant by the death of the Reverend Henry Corry, late Minister there.

The King has also been pleased to present the Reverend Andrew Tawse to the united church and parish of Logie Coldstone, in the presbytery of Kincardine O'Neil and shire of Aberdeen, vacant by the death of the Reverend Robert Farquharson, late Minister there.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 25,
 1826.

Admiralty-Office, April 25, 1826.

Copy of a Letter from Commodore Sir James Brisbane, C. B. to John Wilson Croker, Esq. dated on board the Honourable Company's Steam-Vessel Diana, above Prome, on the Irawaddy, the 3d December 1825.

SIR,

THE enemy having approached Prome in large bodies of men, evidently with the intention of drawing a line of circumvallation round the British position; I beg you will be pleased to inform the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty that the Commander of the Forces moved out on the 1st instant, for the purpose of attacking the left column, a short distance in the interior, and requested that I would, at the same time, make a diversion in his favour, by engaging the enemy's centre position at Pagoda Point, with the flotilla under my immediate command. It is extremely strong both by nature and art, and is situated on the left bank of the river, a few miles in advance of Prome. I am happy to say that the result of these arrangements was decidedly favourable; the enemy's left column, consisting of about fourteen thousand men, being completely overthrown, their ordnance and the whole of their commissariat captured, and a heavy loss of men. The next day (yesterday) the Major-General determined on following

lowing up the blow by an attack upon Pagoda Point, the object of the former diversion; the flotilla covering the advance of the army along the shore. After a cannonading of several hours, the troops rushed forward to the assault,—overcame the natural obstacles which presented themselves—and carried the position in the most gallant style. The flotilla at the same time pushed on up the river, and captured the whole of the enemy's boats (amounting to about three hundred) together with several guns, four hundred muskets, and a large quantity of stores.

I have much satisfaction in stating that the whole of the Officers and men employed in the flotilla, conducted themselves throughout this service in a manner that reflects the highest credit on each individual, composed as this force is of various establishments. The Officers of the Honourable Company's Marine vied with those of the Royal Navy in gallantry and exertion. Captain Chads, of the Alligator, who commanded the light division, displayed the same zeal, judgment, and intrepidity which have characterized his conduct since the operations in this quarter began. I have, however, the painful duty of announcing the death of Captain John F. Dawson, of the Arachne, whose high professional character had induced me so recently to promote him to the rank of Commander. The gallantry of this much lamented Officer was conspicuous on all occasions, inviting, by his example, the exertions of all under his direction; he fell just as success had crowned our efforts.

I cannot close this letter without expressing my admiration of the steadiness, good order, and discipline of the troops in advancing along a line of march, intersected with thick jungle, and a succession of intrenchments, until the storming took place. The two arms of His Majesty's service are in full and hearty co-operation for the objects of

the present expedition ; and every success may be hoped for from the perseverance and resolution of Sir Archibald Campbell, the distinguished Commander of the Forces.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) JAMES BRISBANE, Commodore.

Foreign-Office, April 25, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint His Grace the Duke of Devonshire to be His Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Emperor of All the Russias, on the occasion of His Imperial Majesty's Coronation.

Whitehall, April 25, 1826.

The King has been pleased to order a congé d'elire to pass the Great Seal, empowering the Archdeacon and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Landaff to elect a Bishop of that See, void by the translation of the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor William Van Mildert, late Bishop thereof, to the See of Durham ; and His Majesty has also been pleased to recommend the Reverend Charles Richard Sumner, Doctor in Divinity, to be elected by the said Archdeacon and Chapter Bishop of the said See of Landaff.

The King has also been pleased to recommend the Reverend Charles Richard Sumner, Doctor in Divinity, to be chosen into the place of Dean of the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, London, and also to be elected and admitted into the place of Canon Residentiary of the said Cathedral Church, the same being void by the translation of the Right Reverend Father in God Doctor William Van Mildert, late Bishop of Landaff, Dean and Canon Residentiary of the said Cathedral Church of St. Paul, to the See of Durham.

FROM THE
SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 25,
1826.

India-Board, April 25, 1826.

COPIES of the following dispatches have been received at the East India-House, though not officially transmitted :

Copy of a Letter from Major General Sir Archibald Campbell, K.C.B. to George Swinton, Esq., Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated Head Quarters, Prome, 30th November 1825.

SIR,

THE enemy, in closing in upon our front, has been unremitting in his endeavours to intercept our communication with Rangoon.—Large bodies of troops for this service have lately passed our flanks on both sides of the Irrawaddy, and the state of that River, covered, as it has lately been, with large and valuable convoys of stores and treasure, has necessarily caused me much anxiety, and retarded my moving forward.

Shudoun-Mew, and the Sarrauddy Districts have been over-run by these itinerant bands, and I have been under the necessity of detaching Lieutenant-Colonel Godwin, with a strong detachment, for the purpose of driving the enemy from Shudoun, and, if possible, of surprizing any parties he might have

in that neighbourhood. On the night of the 24th, the Lieutenant-Colonel marched to Shudoun, but the enemy receiving intelligence of his approach, fled to the interior, and the detachment returned to quarters, after clearing the left bank of the river for fifteen miles below Prome.

On the Western bank, I deemed it of importance to retain possession of Padoun-Mew, and for that purpose stationed one hundred men of His Majesty's Royal Regiment, and one hundred of 26th Madras Native Infantry, at that place, under the command of Captain Deane, of the Royals, and supported on the River by a division of the flotilla, under Lieutenant Kellett, of the Navy. This party was repeatedly attacked by the enemy in great force, and the meritorious conduct of both Officers and men, as detailed in the enclosed copies of letters from Captain Deane, will, I am certain, obtain for them the approbation of the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council.

The first division of His Majesty's 87th Regiment, in coming up the River, was fired at from the bank by a party of the enemy, and two men were unfortunately killed, with one Officer wounded. The soldiers immediately landed, and drove the enemy from his post with some loss. The particulars are detailed in a report from the Commanding Officer, Major Gully, of which a copy is herewith enclosed.

Two divisions of His Majesty's 87th Regiment, with the treasure boats, have now arrived, and I purpose marching out to attack the enemy tomorrow, the consequence of which will, I trust, be felt by all the dependent corps which have so long annoyed us. I have, &c.

A. CAMPBELL, Maj. Gen.

Copy of a Letter from Captain Deane to the Adjutant General of the Forces, dated Pudoon, 20th November 1825.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Commander of the Forces, a brush which took place between the party under my command and the enemy this morning.

In the early part of the morning the fog was so thick as to preclude our seeing any thing in our front, and on its clearing up, I discovered, by means of a reconnoitering party, that the enemy were in considerable force on the edge of the jungle in front of my left, and shortly after I discovered them marching in three columns across my front, for the attack of my right, left, and centre—their main object being evidently to gain the right of the village. I consequently detached a party to turn their left, and had in a few minutes the satisfaction to observe that column retiring in confusion, and with considerable loss. I then moved forward, with the remainder of my party, to attack their centre, which also retired in confusion after a very few rounds—during this time, their right was engaged with a strong picquet which I had placed to dispute the passage of a bridge on the left of the village—this they effectually did. In both the defence of my centre and left, I was much indebted to the prompt assistance afforded me by Lieutenant Kellett, R. N.

The enemy's force consisted of two gilt chattahs and about eight hundred men, armed with muskets and spears, with two or three jingals; their loss I conceive to have been about twenty-five or thirty men killed. We had not, I am happy to say, a single man wounded. The enemy, however,
from

from the great extent of the village, succeeded in setting it on fire at both ends, but very little damage was done, as we extinguished it almost immediately. The Rajah and all his attendants deserted the place the moment the firing commenced; he has, however, just returned, and appears much more composed, and highly delighted with the result. I have, &c.

C. DEANE,
Captain, Commanding Detachment.

Copy of a Letter from Captain Deane to the Adjutant-General of the Forces, dated Pudoon, 25th November 1825.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Commander of the Forces, another affair which we have had with the Burmese this morning.

A little before day-break we had embarked twenty men of the Royals and thirty Sepoys of the 26th Madras N. I. in the light row-boats intended to co-operate with Lieutenant-Colonel Godwin on the opposite side of the River. They were just in the act of shoving off from the shore, when the enemy, to the amount of five or six thousand, made a rush at our works, howling most horribly, and at the same time setting fire to the village, which they had entered at all points.—We had fortunately got an eighteen-pounder into the battery late yesterday evening, which, added to two twelves, which we had before, did great execution.

Lieutenant Kellett, R.N. was at the moment shoving off with the row-boats, but instantly returned to our assistance, with all his men, and kindly undertook the superintendence of the guns,
the

the well-directed fire of which so mainly contributed to our success. The enemy, after nearly two hours sharp firing, retired in admirable order, carrying off great numbers of dead and wounded, so much so, that we have not been able to find more than ten or twelve dead bodies. I am happy to add, with the exception of one man slightly grazed in the elbow by a musquet shot, we have not a man either killed or wounded: The Rajah's house was very early in flames, and is burnt to the ground; indeed, I may almost say, the village is completely destroyed. The guns in the boats were also of the greatest assistance in scouring the village with their grape. We have got possession of one jingal and three musquets. The enemy appeared to have several mounted men, but I cannot say what they were.

I duly received the Deputy Quarter Master General's instructions, to place myself under the orders of Lieutenant-Colonel Godwin, but I have as yet heard nothing of him, except being informed by a serjeant's party of His Majesty's 41st regiment, who came down in the boats (and arrived during this affair, in which they took part) that he was on his way down, I thought it most prudent to report direct, not knowing how long it might be before he arrived.

I have, &c.

C. DEANE,
Captain, Commanding Detachment.

Copy of a Letter from Captain Deane to the Adjutant General of the Forces, dated on the River, near Prome, November 26, 1825.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Commander of the Forces, that the enemy

enemy appeared in great force this morning at day-break all along our front, and had a good deal of skirmishing with the picquets, but we could not succeed in drawing them within musket-shot of our works. They are all armed with muskets, and have a great many jingals, and two or more guns, with which they annoyed us very considerably, having taken up a position in the woody part of the village, from whence they opened a musket fire on the boats. From this I determined to dislodge them, and sent out a strong party for that purpose ; these came close upon them, and drove them out, with, I have every reason to believe, considerable loss. They are, however, by no means discomfited, and are, I understand, determined to entrench themselves round us, and make regular approaches, as their orders are peremptory to carry the place. In confirmation of this a number of their entrenching tools were left behind by the killed and wounded. Our only casualty this morning, I am happy to say, is one Lascar severely, but not dangerously, wounded. The shot first grazed the jaw bone, entered the shoulder, and came out under the arm-pit. From one of the prisoners taken this morning, whom I have by this opportunity forwarded to Major Jackson, I learn there are absolutely five thousand five hundred men now here, and that a further force is hourly expected down from Puttow-down, where he says the Setahwoon now is.

I have, &c.

C. DEANE,
Captain, Commanding Detachment.

*Copy of a Letter from Major Gully to Lieut.-Col.
Tidy, C. B. Dep. Adjutant-General.*

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to state, for the information of Major General Sir Archibald Campbell, commanding the forces, that on the morning of the 25th instant, while in progress to this station, with three companies of His Majesty's 87th regiment under my command, I was suddenly attacked from a steep bank covered with jungle, by the Burmese, near the village of Theacombe, when, after a short skirmish, they retreated in great confusion; their loss I could not ascertain, as they carried off their killed and wounded.

I have every reason to be satisfied with the conduct of both Officers and men, particularly with that of Captain Bowes, who commanded a small party in advance, and sustained, with great coolness, the first and heaviest part of the enemy's fire, after having been wounded by almost the first shot.

I beg leave to bring to the notice of Sir Archibald Campbell, the good conduct of Mr. Volunteer Hutchins on this occasion, and, in fact, ever since he has been with the regiment.

I have, &c.

W. S. GULLY, Major, Commanding.

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing in a Detachment under the Command of Major Gully, H. M. 87th Regiment, in Action with the Enemy near Theacombe, on the 25th November 1825.

H. M. 87th Regiment—2 rank and file killed; 1 captain wounded.

1826.

N

Name

Name of the Officer wounded.

Captain James Bowes, slightly.

F. S. TIDY, Lieut. Col. D. A. G

Copy of a Letter from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. to George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated Headquarters, Camp, on the Heights of Napadee, 4th December 1825.

SIR,

MY last letters would apprise the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council, that the main Burmese army, amounting to between fifty and sixty thousand men, had taken post in the immediate vicinity of Prome; and I have been for the last ten days anxiously awaiting an attack upon the strong position we had with much labour cleared and prepared for giving full effect to the movement and operations of our columns, and every possible encouragement has been held out to induce the enemy to meet us once on open ground. Finding him, however, much too wary to be drawn from his strong holds in the jungle, and suffering much annoyance and inconvenience from his marauding parties, and want of forage, I, on the 30th ultimo, took measures for making a general attack upon every accessible part of his line, extending on the east bank of the Irrawaddy, from a commanding ridge of hills upon the river, to the village of Simbike and Sembeh, upon the left, distant from Prome eleven miles in a north-east direction.—The enemy's army was divided into three corps. The left corps commanded by Maha Nemiow, an old and experienced General, who had been sent down from Ava to introduce a
new

new system of conducting the war, was stockaded in the jungles at Simbike and Hyalay, upon the Nawine river, and this corps amounted to fifteen thousand men, Burmese, Shans, and Cassayers, of which seven hundred were cavalry. The centre, under the immediate orders of the Kee-Wonghee, was strongly entrenched upon the hills of Napadee, inaccessible, except on one side by a narrow path-way, commanded by seven pieces of artillery, and on the river side the navigation was commanded by several batteries of heavy ordnance; this corps consisted of thirty thousand men, and the space between the left and centre corps, a thick and extensive forest, was merely occupied by a line of posts. The enemy's right, under the orders of Suddoowoon, occupied the west bank of the Irrawaddy, strongly stockaded, and defended by artillery.

Leaving four regiments of native infantry in the works at Prome, on the morning of the 1st instant, I marched upon Simbike, with the rest of the force, to dislodge the corps of Maha Nemiow from its position on the Nawine River; and, as previously concerted, His Excellency Commodore Sir James Brisbane, with the flotilla, and the 26th Madras native infantry acting in co-operation on the bank of the river, shortly after day-light commenced a heavy cannonade on the enemy's centre, and continued nearly two hours to attract his chief attention to that point.

On reaching the Nawine River, at the village of Ze-ouke, the force was divided into two columns, the right column, under the command of Brigadier-General Cotton, continuing to advance along the left bank of the river, while, with the other column, I crossed at the ford of Ze-ouke and advanced upon Simbike and Lombek, in a direction nearly parallel with the Brigadier-General's division.

We had to contend with every disadvantage of a

difficult and enclosed country, nor did our information upon the position occupied by the enemy enable me to make any previous fixed arrangement for intercepting the retreat of an enemy to whom every foot path in the jungle was familiar, and whose irregular flight would, I was aware, be made by every path that promised safety at the moment. My object, however, was, that whichever column should have the good fortune to fall in with the enemy first, should attack him vigorously in front, while the other should endeavour to occupy such positions as would enable it to cut in upon him, when driven from his defences. The route followed by Brigadier-General Cotton brought him in front of the stockaded position at Simbike, which he at once assaulted, and when his fire first opened, the column under my own direction, was about a mile and a half distant to his left and rear. I, in consequence, detached Brigadier Elrington to guard the fort at Ze-onke, and the main road leading to Neoun-benzick, and the position of the Kee-Woonghee, while, with the rest of the column, I pushed on towards Sagee, in the hope of falling in with the enemy retiring upon Wattygoon. Brigadier-General Cotton and his gallant division did not allow me time for completing this movement. In less than ten minutes every stockade was carried, the enemy completely routed, and I had only an opportunity of cannonading his panic-struck masses, as they rushed past through the openings of the jungle in the front.

The attack upon Simbike was most handsomely led by Lieutenant-Colonel Godwin, of His Majesty's 41st regiment, with the advanced guard of the right column, consisting of the light companies of His Majesty's Royals, 41st, and 89th regiments, and the light companies of the 18th and 28th regiments Madras native infantry, and His Majesty's 41st regiment, under Major Chambers, stormed at

another point, with the usual intrepidity of that gallant corps. The enemy left three hundred dead upon the ground, with the whole of his commissariat and other stores, guns, from four to five hundred muskets, and upwards of one hundred Cassay horses. The body of the old Commander, Maha Memiow, seventy-five years of age, was also found among the dead.

The enemy's left corps thus disposed of, and finding, from the testimony of all the prisoners, that Meeaday had been fixed upon as the point upon which to re-unite in the event of any disaster, I at once determined upon marching back to Ze-ouke, for the purpose of attacking the centre, under the Kee-Woonghee, on the following morning. At six in the evening the whole force was again assembled at Ze-ouke, where it bivouacked for the night, after a harrassing march of about twenty miles, which the troops underwent with the greatest cheerfulness and spirit.

At day-light in the morning of the 2d, we were again in motion. It was my intention to have cut in upon the river so as to divide the Kee-Woonghee's force; but the impassable nature of the intervening country prevented my reaching Pagaon, the point I had selected for breaking through his line, and the only road that could be discovered, led to the front of the fortified ridge of Napadee, already alluded to, which, from its inaccessibility on three sides, could only be attacked by a limited number of men in front. Early in the morning I detached Brigadier-General Cotton's division, with orders to endeavour to push round to the right, and gain the enemy's flank by every path that could be discovered, but, after great exertion, the effort was abandoned as wholly impracticable. Our artillery being placed in position, opened with great effect, while His Excellency Commodore Sir James Brisbane

bane moved forward and cannonaded the heights from the river; I, at the same time, directed Brigadier Elrington to fall in through the jungle to the right, where the Brigadier informs me the enemy opposed him with great gallantry and resolution, defending every tree and breast-work with determined obstinacy. To the Brigadier's left I directed six companies of His Majesty's 87th regiment, under Major Gully, to advance and drive in the enemy's posts to the bottom of the ridge; this service was performed with much spirit, and the enemy was driven from all his defences in the vally, retreating to his principal works upon the hills. The appearance of these works was sufficiently formidable, and the hills I have already mentioned could only be ascended by a narrow road, commanded by artillery, and defended by numerous stockades and breast-works filled with men, apparently all armed with muskets. As soon as the artillery and rockets, under Captains Lumsdaine and Graham, directed by Lieutenant-Colonel Hopkinson, had made an impression upon the enemy's works, and silenced several of his guns, I ordered the troops to advance to the assault. The 1st Bengal brigade, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Sale, and consisting of His Majesty's 13th and 38th regiments, under Majors Thornhill and Frith, was directed to advance to the breach, and storm the heights in front, and the six companies of His Majesty's 87th regiment, advanced through the jungle to the right, and drove every thing before them on that side; nothing could surpass the steadiness and resolute courage displayed in this attack. Scarcely a shot was fired in return to the enemy's continued volleys. His Majesty's 38th regiment, which led, first entered the enemy's entrenchments on the heights, driving him from hill to hill, over precipices which could

only

only be ascended by a narrow stair, until the whole of the formidable position, nearly three miles in extent, was in our possession.

During the attack His Excellency Commodore Sir James Brisbane afforded me the most able co-operation, and I do myself the honour to inclose His Excellency's report of the good conduct of the Officers and men of the Honourable Company's service, serving on board the flotilla, and I much regret to observe the name of Captain Dawson, of His Majesty's ship *Arachne*, who was conspicuously forward in the attack, amongst the list of killed.

Lieutenants Underwood, Commanding Engineer, and Abbott, of the Bengal engineers; who had closely reconnoitred the enemy's position, both volunteered to lead the columns, and were, I am sorry to say, both wounded on that service.

I have also to regret the loss of some promising young Officers and brave soldiers; but I am happy to observe that our loss, considering the extent and strength of the enemy's positions and great numerical superiority, has not been great, and I owe it to the troops to say, that the impression of their own steadiness and intrepidity upon the minds of the enemy, could alone have secured to them the brilliant successes of the 1st and 2d, with so few casualties as will be found in the returns I have the honour herewith to transmit.

The defeat of the enemy's army on the east bank of the Irrawaddy has been most complete. He has been driven from all his strong positions in this neighbourhood, with the loss of all his artillery, great quantities of ammunition and warlike stores; and although it is impossible, from the nature of the ground, to calculate the extent of his loss in killed and wounded, I am satisfied he has suffered most severely—and I am much mistaken if the Burmese Commander again assembles a force within

within many thousands of the number lately in our front.

The right corps of the enemy's army, under Sudda Woon, appears still to occupy some high ground on the west bank of the Irrawaddy. Measures are now in progress for attacking that division, and I have no doubt it will be dislodged from its defences to-morrow morning.

On the 6th, I purpose marching upon Meeaday, by the Neoun-benzick road, with the first division of the army. Brigadier-General Cotton, with the second division, will remain a few days longer to act in co-operation with the flotilla, in the event of the enemy having rallied in his defences on the river between Prome and Neoun-benzick. I have no certain information upon his next rallying-point. Meeaday, on the east, and Maloune on the west bank of the river, are both fortified, and are furnished with artillery. They are both named as the probable points of re-union, and I shall lose no time in appearing before whichever they have chosen for that purpose; but I think it important, that one division should continue to act in co-operation with the flotilla, until it is clearly ascertained that the navigation of the river is open between this and Meeaday.

I have to solicit the attention of the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council, to the judicious and cordial co-operation afforded me by His Excellency Commodore Sir James Brisbane, and the boats of His Majesty's squadron employed on this service. My best thanks are due to Brigadier-General Cotton, for the able manner in which he led his column, and for his judicious and decisive attack upon the enemy's left at Simbike. The services of Brigadier Elrington, Lieutenant-Colonels Godwin and Sale, Majors Frith, Chambers, Thornhill and Gully, who led columns, also claim my notice. Lieutenant-Colonel Hopkinson,

com-

commanding artillery, Lieutenant-Colonel Pollock and Captain Graham, of the Bengal Artillery, merit my fullest approbation for their exertions, and Captain Lumsdaine, of the Bengal Horse Artillery, although badly wounded, refused to quit the battery, and continued from his chair to direct the fire of his guns.

Brigadier-General Cotton informs me that he received every aid from the experience of Brigadiers Armstrong and Brodie, serving under his command.

From my Deputies Adjutant and Quarter-Master-General, Lieutenant-Colonel Tidy and Major Jackson, and from my Military Secretary, Captain Snodgrass, I received every aid and assistance during these operations; and Captain Smith, of the Bengal Army, volunteered his services, and accompanied me as Aide-de-Camp on the occasion.

I have the honour to be, &c.

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, Major-Gen.

Copy of a Letter from Commodore Sir James Brisbane to Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. dated on board the Steam-Vessel Diana, Pagoda Point, in advance of Prome, December 3, 1825.

SIR,

IN transmitting herewith a list of the casualties which occurred in that part of the flotilla under my orders, and of the guns, stores and craft captured in the attack upon the enemy's position at Pagoda Point, during the whole of yesterday, I beg to have the honour of bringing under your Excellency's notice the highly distinguished conduct of the officers and men belonging to that

1826. () branch

branch of it which is in the service of the Honourable Company. It is extremely gratifying to observe, that on this, as on other recent occasions, they have uniformly vied with the light division (composed of the boats of the squadron) in zeal, gallantry, and exertion. Indeed, since my arrival at head-quarters, I have derived no small satisfaction at the promptitude, good order and regularity which have been conspicuous in the details of the flotilla. One common feeling animates the whole of this force, which has produced the happiest results.

I regret to announce to you, amidst the decided advantage of the acquisition of an important post, the death of Captain Dawson, of the *Arachne*. In him the service has lost a gallant and highly meritorious officer, whose recent promotion to the rank of Commander is a proof of the opinion I entertained of his professional character.

I have the honour to be, Sir, &c.

JAMES BRISBANE, Commodore.

General Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing of the Army under the Command of Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. in Action with the Enemy on the 1st December 1825.

2d Battalion 1st or Royal Regiment—1 serjeant, 2 rank and file, killed; 1 ensign, 5 rank and file, wounded.

H. M. 41st Regiment—2 lieutenants, 1 serjeant, 41 rank and file, killed; 3 serjeants, 25 rank and file, wounded.

H. M. 89th Regiment—2 rank and file wounded.

18th Regiment Madras Native Infantry—2 rank and file killed.

1st Battalion Madras Pioneers—1 lieutenant, 4 rank and file, wounded.

Names

*Names of the Officers killed and wounded.**Killed.*

Lieutenants T. B. M. Sutherland and William Gossip, H. M. 41st Regiment.

Wounded.

Ensign J. Campbell, 2d Battalion 1st or Royal Regiment, since dead.

Lieutenant J. Smith, 1st Battalion Madras Pioneers, dangerously.

F. S. TIDY, Lieut. Col. D. A. G:

General Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing of the Army under the Command of Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. in Action with the Enemy on the 2d December 1825.

Bengal Engineers—1 lieutenant wounded.

Madras Engineers—1 lieutenant wounded.

Bengal Horse Artillery—1 gun lascar killed; 11 rank and file wounded.

H. M. 38th Regiment—1 lieutenant, 1 rank and file, killed; 11 rank and file wounded.

H. M. 47th Regiment—3 rank and file killed; 1 captain, 1 lieutenant, 1 serjeant, 26 rank and file, wounded.

H. M. 87th Regiment—2 rank and file killed; 1 major, 1 lieutenant, 2 serjeants, 21 rank and file, wounded; 1 rank and file missing.

38th Regiment Madras Native Infantry—1 rank and file killed; 1 serjeant, 7 rank and file, wounded.

1st Battalion Madras Pioneers—2 rank and file wounded.

*Names of the Officers killed and wounded.**Killed.*

Lieutenant H. C. K. Proctor, H. M. 38th Regiment.

Wounded.

Lieutenant Abbott, Bengal Engineers, slightly.

Lieutenant Underwood, Madras Engineers, severely, not dangerously.

Captain and Brevet Major Backhouse and Lieutenant J. Gordon, H. M. 47th Regiment, severely, not dangerously.

Major W. S. Gully, H. M. 87th Regiment, slightly.

Lieutenant J. S. Baylee, H. M. 87th Regiment, dangerously, since dead.

F. S. TIDY, Lieut. Col. D. A. G.

Return of Ordnance and Military Stores captured from the Enemy in the Operations of the 1st and 2d December 1825, by the Army and Flotilla.

Napadee Camp, December 4, 1825.

Iron Guns—4 one and half pounders, 12 jingals, taken during the operations of the 1st December, a very considerable quantity of gun-powder, and a great number of muskets destroyed.

Brass Guns—1 thirty-two-pounder, 1 nine ditto, 2 swivels. Iron Guns—1 nine-pounder, 4 six ditto, 1 four ditto, 1 three ditto, 2 two ditto, 4 swivels. Iron carronades—2 twelve-pounders, 2 six ditto. Taken by the army in the operations of the 2d December, a very considerable quantity of shot and gun-powder found on the works, also a number of jingals not yet collected.

Brass Gun—1 six-pounder. Iron Guns—3 twelve-pounders,

pounders, 1 two ditto. Taken by the Flotilla about a ton of gun-powder, 400 muskets, and a large quantity of round shot, of different descriptions.

C. HOPKINSON, Lieut. Col.
commanding the Artillery with the Forces.

Copy of a Letter from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. to George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated Headquarters, Camp, on the Heights of Napadee, December 5, 1825.

SIR,

IN my dispatch of yesterday I mentioned my intention of attacking the enemy's right wing, under Sudda Woon, posted on the west bank of the Irrawaddy.

Having concerted measures with His Excellency Commodore Sir James Brisbane, I directed Brigadier-General Cotton to cross the river in the course of last night, with the division under his command, and, if possible, to land above the position occupied by the enemy.

This the Brigadier-General effected, and I had the pleasure early in the morning of seeing my orders carried into the fullest effect, as detailed in the letter herewith inclosed.

I have, &c.

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, Maj. Gen.

Copy

*Copy of a Letter from Brigadier-General Cotton to
Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B.
Commander of the Forces.*

SIR,

YOU did me the honour of placing a proportion of the division under my command this morning, with orders to attack and dislodge the right wing of the enemy's army, situated in a series of stockades on the right bank of the river.

The details were as follows :

250 royal regiment.

270 His Majesty's 41st regiment.

260 His Majesty's 89th regiment.

Light company 28th Madras N. I.

100 pioneers.

This operation was performed in conjunction with the navy and flotilla, and, I am happy to add, was attended with the most complete success. The enemy retired from their stockades on the river from the severe fire from four howitzers and some rockets, ably directed by Lieutenants Paton and Seton, of the Bengal artillery; but, on taking possession of them, it was discovered they had a stockaded work about half a mile in the interior, completely manned and occupied by guns: Brigadier Armstrong, Colonel Brodie, and Colonel Godwin immediately moved upon its centre and right, and I took the royals to the left, and the work was carried instantly, the enemy leaving three hundred dead on the field, and dispersing in every direction. I have sent in several prisoners, and from three hundred to three hundred and fifty muskets were broken by my men, having been abandoned by the enemy. I have set fire to the whole of their defences, and have only to add my warmest acknowledgments to Brigadier Armstrong, who com-

commanded the advance ; to Colonel Brodie, who had charge of the light companies ; and Colonel Godwin, who commanded the reserve ; - and to every Officer and man who was engaged.

The Adjutant-General's and Quartermaster-General's Staff, under Captains Hitchings and Steele, and my own personal Staff, Captain Wainwright 47th regiment, and Lieutenant Wilson, 13th light infantry, I venture to bring to your notice for their zeal on this and every other occasion. The artillery taken consisted of one eighteen pounder carronade, and five others, from four to six-pounders, with a large quantity of jingals.

The operations of this day naturally connecting me with His Majesty's navy and the flotilla, I hope it will not be construed into presumption my venturing to bring to your Excellency's notice the most cordial co-operation and valuable assistance I derived from His Excellency Commodore Sir James Brisbane, who directed personally the whole of the boats who cannonaded and cleared the advance of the troops from their disembarking above their position to their entering the enemy's works.

I am happy to say this service was performed with the trifling loss of one man killed and four wounded.

I have, &c.

W. COTTON, B. G.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of APRIL 29,
1826.

Court of King's-Bench, April 25, 1826.

THE following Warrant, under the King's Sign Manual, having been issued under the authority of the Statute 3 George IVth, cap. 102, was this day openly and publicly notified and declared in this Court, in pursuance of the said Statute, viz.

Warrant authorising the Judges to hold a special Sitting.

GEORGE, R.

Whereas by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the third year of Our reign, intituled "An Act to repeal an Act, of the first and second year of His present Majesty, for facilitating the dispatch of business in the Court of King's-Bench, and to make further provisions in lieu thereof," it is, among other things, enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for Us, Our heirs and successors, and We and They are thereby authorized, from time to time, as to Us or Them shall seem meet, by Warrant under Our or Their Sign Manual, directed to the Judges of Our said Court, to direct and require the Judges of Our said Court, or any two or more of them, to meet at Serjeants-Inn-Hall, Westminster-Hall, or some other convenient place to be by them appointed, on such and so many days in the vacation or interval between any Terms as to Us, Our heirs and suc-
cessors,

cessors, shall seem fit and proper, for the dispatch of such matters, as at the end of the Term mentioned in such Warrant may be depending in Our said Court, whether on the Crown or Plea side thereof; and whereas We have been given to understand, that numerous matters are now depending in Our said Court, which cannot be dispatched during this present Easter Term, and which ought to be dispatched with all convenient speed; now, therefore, We do hereby, in pursuance of the said Act, direct and require you the Lord Chief Justice and the other Judges of Our said Court before Us, or any two or more of you, to meet at Serjeants-Inn-Hall, Westminster-Hall, or some other convenient place to be by you appointed according to the said Act, on Tuesday the ninth day of May now next coming, and from thence daily until Saturday the thirteenth day of the said month of May inclusive, for the dispatch of such matters as may be depending in Our said Court at the end of the present Easter Term, whether on the Crown or Plea side thereof.

Given at Our Court at Carlton-House, the twentieth day of April one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, in the seventh year of Our reign.

By His Majesty's command,
ROBERT PEEL.

*To the Lord Chief Justice and other the
Judges of Our Court before Us.*

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 6,
1826.

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 3d of *May*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day George Earl of Pembroke was re-sworn Governor of the island of Guernsey, and the islands thereunto belonging.

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 3d of *May*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to appoint Montagu Earl of Abingdon to be Lord Lieutenant of the county of Berks, his Lordship this day took the oaths appointed to be taken thereupon, instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy.

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 3d of
May 1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majesty was pleased, by His Order in Council, bearing date the tenth of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, to order, that from and after the date of the said Order, there should be charged on all French vessels which should enter any of the ports of the United Kingdom, a duty of three shillings and six pence per ton, such duty to be levied, collected, recovered, and applied in such and the like manner as any duties of Customs are now by law levied, recovered, and applied; and whereas a Convention of Commerce, between His Majesty and the Most Christian King, was signed at London, on the twenty-sixth January last, in which Convention it is stipulated, that from and after the fifth day of April last, British vessels entering into or departing from the ports of France shall not be subject to any higher tonnage or other duties than are levied on French vessels; His Majesty is thereupon pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the fifth day of April last, the said Order of tenth March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, be, and the same is hereby revoked accordingly:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Jas. Buller;

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 3d of
May 1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the time limited by His Majesty's Order in Council, of the thirtieth September last, for prohibiting the exportation of gun-powder or salt-petre, or any sort of arms or ammunition, to any port or place on the Coast of Africa (except to any ports or places within the Streights of Gibraltar), has expired; and whereas it is judged expedient that the said prohibition should be continued for some time longer, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth therefore hereby order, require, prohibit, and command, that no person or persons whatsoever (except the Master-General of the Ordnance for His Majesty's Service), do, at any time during the space of six months (to commence from the date of this Order), presume to transport any gun-powder or salt-petre, or any sort of arms or ammunition, to any port or place on the Coast of Africa (except to any ports or places within the Streights of Gibraltar) or ship or lade any gun-powder or salt-petre, or any sort of arms or ammunition, on board any ship or vessel, in order to transporting the same into any such ports or places on the Coast of Africa (except as above excepted), without leave or permission in that behalf, first obtained from His Majesty or His Privy Council, upon pain of incurring and suffering the respective forfeitures and penalties inflicted by an Act, passed in the twenty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intituled "An Act
 " to empower His Majesty to prohibit the exportation

“ tation of gun-powder, or any sort of arms or
 “ ammunition, and also to empower His Majesty
 “ to restrain the carrying coastwise of salt-petre,
 “ gun-powder, or any sort of arms or ammuni-
 “ tion;” and also by an Act, passed in the thirty-
 third year of His late Majesty’s reign, cap. 2,
 intituled “ An Act to enable His Majesty to
 “ restrain the exportation of naval stores, and
 “ more effectually to prevent the exportation of
 “ salt-petre, arms, and ammunition, when prohi-
 “ bited by Proclamation or Order in Council :”

And the Right Honourable the Lords Com-
 missioners of His Majesty’s Treasury, the Com-
 missioners for executing the Office of Lord High
 Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of
 the Cinque Ports, the Master-General and the
 rest of the Principal Officers of the Ordnance,
 and His Majesty’s Secretary at War, are to give
 the necessary directions herein as to them may
 respectively appertain.

Jas. Buller.

Carlton-House, April 28, 1826.

His Excellency the Marquess de Palmella,
 Ambassador from His Most Faithful Majesty,
 had this day an audience of His Majesty to deliver
 his new credentials from the Government of Por-
 tugal; His Excellency was introduced by the Right-
 Honourable George Canning, His Majesty’s Prin-
 cipal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and
 conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knight, Master
 of the Ceremonies.

Lord

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 5, 1826.

The Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household has appointed the Reverend Doctor Frederick William Blomberg, Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, in the room of the Reverend Doctor Charles Richard Sumner, promoted.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 9,
1826.

Westminster, May 5, 1826.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read*; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for continuing to His Majesty, for one
year,

year, certain duties on personal estates, offices, and pensions in England, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six.

An Act for funding eight millions of Exchequer Bills.

An Act to enable persons to continue their compositions for assessed taxes for further periods, and for allowing persons who have not compounded to enter into composition for a limited term.

An Act for fixing, until the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, the rates of subsistence to be paid to innkeepers and others on quartering soldiers.

An Act to continue an Act of the first and second years of His present Majesty, for granting, for the term of five years, additional stamp duties on certain proceedings in the courts of law in Ireland.

An Act to amend an Act of the fifth year of His present Majesty, for amending the several Acts for the encouragement and improvement of the British and Irish fisheries.

An Act to amend the several Acts for authorising advances for carrying on public works, and to extend the provisions thereof, in certain cases.

An Act to enable incapacitated persons to convey to the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, in the county of Kent, certain premises, situate in the parish of Greenwich, in the said county, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act to defray the charge of pay, clothing, and contingent and other expences of the disembodied militia in Great Britain and Ireland, and to grant allowances, in certain cases, to subaltern officers, adjutants, quartermasters, surgeons, assistant-surgeons, surgeons'-mates, and serjeant-majors of militia until the twenty-fifth day of March one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven.

An Act to amend an Act, passed in the fifty-second year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, so far as the same relates to the retired allowances of quartermasters of cavalry and infantry.

An Act to repeal the duties and drawbacks of Excise upon tawed kid skins, sheep skins, and lamb skins.

An Act to enable Commissioners for trying offences upon the sea, and Justices of the Peace to take examinations touching such offences, and to commit to safe custody persons charged therewith.

An Act to make further regulations relating to the licensing of stage coaches.

An Act to continue, until the fifth day of July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, "An Act for preventing private distillation in Scotland."

An Act to amend an Act for suppressing or regulating certain offices therein mentioned, so far as relates to the Board of Trade.

An Act to regulate the appointment of juries in the East Indies.

An Act for exonerating certain estates, called Corsica-hall, Alfreston, Maff Alfreston otherwise Maffe Alfryshton, and Dean-place, in the county of Sussex, belonging to John Henry Tilson, Esq. from the claims of the Crown.

An Act to authorise the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to advance money out of the Consolidated Fund, towards the expences of rebuilding London-bridge.

An Act to regulate the service of the process of the several courts for the recovery of small debts, by civil bill, in Ireland.

An Act for the better regulating proceedings on writs of mandamus in Ireland.

An Act to amend the law of Ireland respecting the assignment and sub-letting of lands and tenements.

An Act for further continuing, until the first day of August one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, and from thence to the end of the then next session of Parliament, the powers granted by an Act of the forty-sixth year of His late Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners acting in an execution of an agreement made between the East India Company and the private creditors of the Nabobs of the Carnatic, the better to carry the same into effect.

An Act for building a new bridewell or house of correction for the city and liberty of Westminster.

An Act for erecting and maintaining a harbour, and works connected therewith, in the Frith of Cromarty, at or near the village of Invergordon, in the county of Ross.

An Act for making and constructing a canal from the town of Alford, in the county of Lincoln, to the sea at or near the village of Anderby, in the same county, with a basin, harbour, and piers.

An Act to alter and amend the Edinburgh and Glasgow Union Canal Acts, and to enable the Company to borrow a further sum of money.

An Act for making and maintaining a rail-way or tram-road from Heck-bridge, in the parish of Snaith, to Wentbridge, in the parish of Kirksmeaton, all in the west riding of the county of York.

An Act for maintaining an existing public rail-way from the summit of the hill above Churchway Engine, in the Forest of Deane, to Cindertord-bridge, and for making public a private rail-way from thence to the River Severn, at or near Bullo Pill, all in the county of Gloucester; and for amending an Act of His late Majesty, relating to the said rail-ways.

An Act for making a rail-way from Arbuckle and Ballochney, in the parish of New Monkland, in the county of Lanark, to or near the termination of the Monkland and Kirkintilloch Rail-way. at

Kipps or Kipplyres, also in the said parish of New Monkland, and county of Lanark.

An Act for making and maintaining a rail-way or tram-road from the town of Liverpool to the town of Manchester, with certain branches therefrom, all in the county of Lancaster.

An Act for building a church or chapel of ease in the township of Ripon, in the west riding of the county of York.

An Act for erecting and endowing a church in the parish of Liverpool, in the county palatine of Lancaster, to be called the Church of Saint David.

An Act for providing an additional cemetery in the Parish of Liverpool, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act for further improving the communication between the counties of Edinburgh and Fyfe, by the ferries, across the frith of Forth, between Leith and Newhaven, and Kinghorn, Burntisland, and Dysart.

An Act for extinguishing tithes and customary payments, in lieu of tithes and Easter offerings, within the parish of Saint Giles, Cripplegate, in the liberties of the city of London, and for making compensation to the Vicar, for the time being, in lieu thereof.

An Act for erecting and providing a new corn exchange at or near Mark-lane, in the city of London.

An Act for better paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, and otherwise improving the borough of Reading, in the county of Berks.

An Act for widening and improving certain streets in the town of Liverpool, in the county palatine of Lancaster, for the further prevention of nuisances and annoyances in the said town, for the regulation of weighing machines, weights and measures, and the establishment of a fire police therein.

An Act for paving, lighting, watching, repairing,
ing,

ing, and otherwise improving Grosvenor-place, and several streets, squares, lanes, and other public places now existing, and which shall hercafter be formed, upon certain grounds, in the several parishes of Saint George, Hanover-square, and Saint Luke, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex.

An Act for building a bridge over the River Severn, at or near Holt Fleet, in the parishes of Holt and Ombersley, in the county of Worcester, and for making approaches to such bridge.

An Act to authorise the building a bridge in Belvidere-road, in the parish of Saint Mary, Lambeth, in the county of Surrey.

An Act for altering, amending, and enlarging the powers and provisions of an Act relating to the Tewkesbury Severn-bridge, and roads.

An Act for building a bridge over the River Virniew, near Llanymynech, and making roads, embankments, and approaches thereto, in the several counties of Montgomery, Salop, and Denbigh, on the road leading from Liverpool to Carmarthen, and for several other purposes relating thereto.

An Act for the better ascertaining and collecting the poor and other rates in the parish of All Saints, Wandsworth, in the county of Surrey.

An Act for better lighting and watching the town of Portsea, in the county of Southampton, and for amending an Act, passed in the thirty-second year of His late Majesty, for paving, cleansing, and regulating the streets and public places within the said town, and removing and preventing nuisances and annoyances therein.

An Act to amend an Act for opening a street from the Cross of Glasgow to Monteith-row.

An Act to alter, amend, and enlarge the powers of an Act of His present Majesty's reign, for lighting with gas the city of Norwich and county of the same city.

An Act for placing certain lands belonging to

the township of Oldham, in the parish of Prestwich-cum Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, under the management of Trustees, and for making conveyances thereof, at annual rents, for the benefit of the poor of the said township.

An Act for establishing and well governing the institution called “ the School for the Indigent Blind,” and for incorporating the subscribers thereto, and the better enabling them to carry on their charitable and useful designs.

An Act for regulating and converting the statute labour in the county of Kinross, and for more effectually making and repairing the highways within the said county.

An Act for more effectually repairing and otherwise improving the road leading from Maidenhead-bridge to the thirty-three mile-stone towards Reading, and from the said road at the east entrance on Maidenhead-thicket to the thirty mile-stone towards Henley, in the county of Berks.

An Act for more effectually maintaining so much of the road from Richmond, in the county of York, to Lancaster, in the county of Lancaster, and from Gilling to the turnpike road on Gatherley-moor as relates to the western district of the said road, and for altering and diverting certain parts of the said western district of the said road.

An Act for more effectually repairing the roads from Kirkby Steven High-lane Head through Selbergh to Greeta-bridge and other roads communicating therewith, in the several counties of Westmoreland, Lancaster, and York, and for diverting, extending, and altering some of the said roads.

An Act for repairing the road from the thirty-three mile-stone, in the parish of Ruscombe, in the county of Berks, towards Reading to a place called the seven mile-stone, in the parish of Beenham, in the same county, and a certain other road communicating therewith,

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road leading out of the Alstone turnpike road at Branch End, in the county of Northumberland, through Catton Allendale Town and Allenheads to Cow's-hill, in the county of Durham, with several branches therefrom.

An Act for more effectually amending, widening, altering, improving, and maintaining the road from the town of Alnwick, in the county of Northumberland, by Eglingham and Chatton to the Great North turnpike road near to Haggerston Toll-bar, in the county of Durham.

An Act for more effectually repairing the roads between Tyburn and Uxbridge, and the road leading from Brent-bridge over Hanwell-heath to the Great Western Road; and also for making and maintaining a turnpike road from the Uxbridge-road at Shepherd's Bush-common to the said Great Western Road near Turnham-green, all in the county of Middlesex, and for lighting, watching, and watering the said roads.

An Act for more effectually repairing so much of the road from Henley-bridge to Maidenhead-thicket as lies between the said bridge and the thirtieth mile-stone from London, in the parish of Bisham, in the county of Berks.

An Act for making, maintaining, and repairing certain roads leading into and from the town of Tewkesbury, in the county of Gloucester, towards the cities of Gloucester and Worcester and the towns of Cheltenham, Stow on the Wold, Evesham, and Pershore, and certain other roads therein mentioned, in the counties of Gloucester and Worcester.

An Act for more effectually repairing the road from Ashborne, in the county of Derby, to Leek, in the county of Stafford, and from Ryecroft-gate, upon Rushton-common, to Congleton, in the county of Chester.

An

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike road from a place called Coxbridge, near Farnham, in the county of Surrey, to Rainhill, near Petersfield, in the county of Southampton.

An Act for making and maintaining a road from the top of Hunt's-bank, in the town of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, to join the present Manchester and Bury turnpike road in Pilkington, in the said county.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the road from West Houghton to near Halliwell-field, in the township of Heath Charnock, in the county of Lancaster.

An Act for making into a turnpike road, a road leading from the Cross-gate, in the parish of Swineshead, to the southern extremity of the parish of Fosdyke, in the county of Lincoln, and repairing and maintaining the same.

An Act for more effectually making, repairing, and improving certain roads leading to and from Liskeard, and certain other roads therein mentioned, in the counties of Cornwall and Devon.

An Act for repairing the roads from Spalding High-bridge to the Market-place in Donington, and from the tenth mile-stone in the parish of Goshertown, to the eighth mile-stone in the parish of Wigtoft, in the county of Lincoln.

An Act for more effectually repairing the road from Flint to the Lower King's Ferry, and for making and maintaining two new branches of roads from the Lower King's Ferry aforesaid, to or near to the town of Mold, all in the county of Flint.

An Act for more effectually amending and keeping in repair the road, called the Hulton Turnpike-road, lying between Knocket Wall Brook and the White Horse, in West Houghton, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act for amending, repairing, and maintaining the turnpike-road from the south end of the town

town of Rotherham, in the county of York, to the present turnpike-road near Pleasley, in the county of Derby.

An Act for amending, repairing, and maintaining the turnpike-road from Tinsley, in the county of York, to the town of Doncaster, in the said county.

An Act for making a turnpike-road from Saint John's Chapel, in the parish of Saint Mary-le-Bone, to the north east end of Ballard's-lane, abutting upon the north road, in the parish of Finchley, with a branch therefrom, in the county of Middlesex.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the road leading from Paddington to Harrow on the Hill, in the county of Middlesex, and for making certain new lines of road to communicate with the same.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving several roads leading to and from the towns of Newton Bushell, South Bovey, and Moreton-hampstead, in the county of Devon.

An Act for making and maintaining a turnpike-road from Gomersal to Dewsbury, in the west riding of the county of York, with two branch roads therefrom.

And twelve private Acts.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 13,
 1826.

India-Board, May 13, 1826.

A DISPATCH, dated the 17th of January 1826, has been this day received at the East India-House from the Secretary to the Government at Fort St. George, inclosing a copy of a dispatch from Brigadier-General Willoughby Cotton to that Government, of which the following is an extract :

Patanagoh, January 1, 1826.

I HAVE the honour to acquaint you, for the information of the Honourable the Governor in Council, that the pursuit of the scattered columns of the enemy was continued from Meaday to Patanagoh, by forced marches, by the Madras division, accompanied by the body guard and a troop of horse artillery, and the Commander of the Forces; on reaching Neaungla, five miles below this place, we ascertained the enemy had crossed their whole force to the right bank of the river, and that they occupied the position of Malloon, consisting of a series of strong fortified heights and a formidable stockade, with from ten to twelve thousand men. It was also ascertained the King's brother in law, and most of the men of rank who had assisted at Zeahengaish, were at Malloon; they dispatched a woondoole on the 28th, with a flag of truce and a letter, stating it to be the wish of their Chiefs to put a period to hostilities, and that a Minister had arrived from Ava, with full powers

powers to treat and ratify, and requesting a meeting for that purpose. Lieutenant Colonel Tidy and Lieutenant Smith, of the navy, were accordingly dispatched to arrange a conference to be held in a boat on the centre of the river, moored between Malloon and Patanagoh. Accordingly the Commander of the Forces and the Second Commissioner, Mr. Robertson, attended by myself and most of the Brigadiers, met the two Burmese Commissioners, Kelien Menjee and the Kee Woonjee, on the 30th ultimo, and I am most happy to state that the result of the conferences of that day and yesterday, has been a satisfactory adjustment, as far as regards territory and money, between the British and Burmese nations. The ratification by the Commissioners of the Treaty takes place this day at two o'clock, and the terms of peace are as follows :

“ The four provinces of Arracan to be ceded in perpetuity to the Honourable Company.”

“ The provinces of Mergui, Tavoy, and Zea to be ceded to the Honourable Company in perpetuity.”

“ The Burmese Government engage to pay the Honourable Company one crore of rupees, by instalments, the periods for the payment of which to be settled this day.”

“ The provinces or kingdoms of Assam, Cachar, Zeatung, and Munnipore, to be placed under Princes to be named by the British Government.”

“ Residents, with an escort of fifty men, to be at each Court ; British ships to be admitted into Burmese ports, to land their cargoes free of duty, not to unship their rudders or land their guns ; Burmese ships to have the same privileges in British ports ; no person to be molested for their opinions or conduct during the war hereafter.”

“ The Siamese nation to be included in the peace.”

Thus, I hope, has terminated a war which has been most expensive in its prosecution, not only in money, but also, by the effects of climate, very destructive to both European and Native troops ; but I hope the Honourable the Governor in Council will here permit me to express the unanimous grateful feeling of the Madras army for the considerate comforts the Madras Government have, upon every occasion, forwarded to their army here ; comforts which have been the means of saving many valuable lives, and which will be ever most gratefully acknowledged by every Officer and man.

It will of course take a long period to arrange the move of the troops from hence to Rangoon, with the materiel and stores.

The ratification of the Treaty by the King of Ava, and the English prisoners now at Amara-poorah, are to arrive at Patanagoh in fifteen days (15th January), on the receipt of which, we shall immediately retrograde to Proome. The roads across the Arracan mountains present difficulties which will oblige the Bengal army to retire by Rangoon.

P. S. January 3.—Owing to prolonged discussions the Treaty was not signed until this day, January 3, at four P. M.

Colonial-Office, May 12, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint Major-General Sir Neil Campbell, Knt. C. B. to be Captain-General and Governor in Chief of the colony of Sierra Leone and its dependencies, in Africa.

Whitehall, May 11, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint Sir James Wemyss Mackenzie, Bart. to be Lieutenant and Sheriff Principal of the shire of Ross, in the room of Sir Hector Mackenzie, Bart. deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 16,
1826.

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 3d of
May 1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Law of Navigation, foreign ships are permitted to import into any of the British possessions abroad, from the countries to which they belong, goods, the produce of those countries, and to export goods from such possessions to be carried to any foreign country whatever; and whereas also by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the sixth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to regulate the trade of the British possessions abroad," it is enacted, that the privileges granted by the Law of Navigation to foreign ships, shall be limited to the ships of those countries which, having colonial possessions, shall grant the like

privileges of trading with those possessions to British ships, or which not having colonial possessions, shall place the commerce and navigation of this country, and of its possessions abroad, upon the footing of the most favoured nation: and whereas within the dominions of His Majesty the King of Prussia, the commerce and navigation of this country, and of its possessions abroad, have been placed upon the footing of the most favoured nation; His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to declare, that the ships of and belonging to the dominions of His Majesty the King of Prussia are entitled to the privileges so granted as aforesaid by the Law of Navigation, and may import from such the dominions of His Majesty the King of Prussia, into any of the British possessions abroad, goods, the produce of such dominions, and may export goods from such British possessions abroad to be carried to any foreign country whatever :

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Right Honourable Earl Bathurst, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

Jas. Buller.

Colonial-Office, Downing-Street, May 9, 1826.

EARL BATHURST has this day received from Sierra Leone dispatches, which have been addressed to his Lordship by the late Major-General Turner, under date of the 2d and 3d of March last, and of which the following are extracts :

Sierra Leone, March 2, 1826.

IN my last dispatch I had the honour to state to your Lordship that I was on the eve of proceeding

to

to the Sherbro' country, for the purpose of consolidating those arrangements for the abolition of the slave trade, which I had entered into with the Kings and Native Chiefs. On the next day, 7th February, I sailed in His Majesty's Colonial brig Susan, accompanied by the brigantine Eleonore, and the Swift cutter, with a detachment of troops, consisting of fifty Europeans and forty Natives; there being but six regimental Officers at Sierra Leone, with five hundred men, none could be spared; and my Aide-de-Camp, Captain Ross, having recently died, there was but Lieutenant Robertson, Acting Major of Brigade, who could accompany me, except Staff Surgeon Stewart, as Medical Officer. Mr. Macaulay and Mr. Rendall, both Members of Council, had again the kindness to give me the benefit of their assistance.

On my arrival in the Sherbro', I discovered that the great slave dealers who had retired from the Sherbro' and Sea Bar, on signing the Convention prohibiting the exportation of slaves, had joined with those of the Gallinas, and had come to the resolution of re-establishing the slave trade by force, even in the districts where it had been voluntarily given up by the Native Chiefs; and were there assembled in force, up the Boom river, seizing our people, and putting at defiance our power and our rights.

These slave dealers are all mulattoes, descendants of Europeans, strangers to the soil, and I grieve to say, men generally educated in England. Their education gives them great superiority, and their wealth power.

My force was not of a nature, under ordinary circumstances, to justify my undertaking a difficult service up these rivers, but, as the Native Chiefs were wavering, and a great case of humanity at issue, I determined upon a rapid advance and attack of these people. -

Captain

Captain Owen, Royal Navy, employed upon the surveying service, with the *Leven* frigate, and *Albatross* schooner, happening to be surveying these rivers at the time, I thought it my duty to communicate with him with a view to ascertain whether he could consistently with his instructions co-operate with me for a few days, which he very kindly and cordially consented to do.

The *Leven*, the *Susan*, and the *Eleonore* drew too much water to enter the rivers, but, by taking every thing out of the *Albatross* and *Swift*, we contrived to get them over the bar, and with them our different boats and four large canoes, we proceeded up the *Boom* river on the 15th February. Captain Owen appointed Lieutenant Mudge, first of the *Leven* and two Midshipmen with two boats and their crews to accompany me in the *Swift*, whilst he himself embarked in the *Albatross*, commanded by Lieutenant Owen, Royal Navy. The difficulty of getting these vessels up the river was considerable, and they frequently took the ground, but by unceasing exertions we got with the troops, two hours before day-light next morning, within two miles of the stockade of *Bolm*, (which they named *Sierra Leone*).

The *Albatross* had taken ground nine miles down the river, but I decided not to lose a moment in attacking the place. One of the guides acquainted me with a path which led through the woods to the rear of the town, and I sent a serjeant and twenty men to shew themselves there whilst we attacked in front. The unexpected appearance of this party threw the enemy into such confusion that they made a precipitate retreat into the woods, without waiting to fire the guns (found loaded and primed), upon the advanced guard, who thus landed without opposition and took possession of the place which was fortified in the manner usual with stockades, that is, a double row of palisadoes, the place a square,

square, with flank defences thrown out at the angles; we found in it ten pieces of ordnance loaded, near one hundred stand of small arms of all sorts, a quantity of ammunition, nine barrels of powder, a quantity of loose balls, and a quantity of other stores, which, with fifteen persons, we secured and then reduced to ashes the town and stockade.

The prisoners and others having acquainted me that the principal stand was intended to be made at Maccaba, a place fifteen miles higher up the river, I set out for it the next morning, when I had the satisfaction to see the Albatross schooner join, having been lightened still further by discharging her ballast and water. About noon on the 19th, we all arrived within two miles of Maccaba, at a shoal over which we could not carry the vessels; the place being in sight, I ordered the men into the boats, and an immediate attack to be made upon it. Two boats with small brass guns in the bows, manned with seamen, under the command of Lieutenant Mudge, Royal Navy, and two large canoes with forty soldiers, under Lieutenant Robertson, Acting Major of Brigade, formed the advance guard; and I followed close with the rest of the troops, Captain Owen, Royal Navy, with the seamen accompanying me.

The extraordinary fertility of the soil producing impervious cane grass, generally from twelve to sixteen feet high, made it impracticable, without great delay, to secure our flanks by occupying the banks of the river, whilst with the steep banks, become very high at this dry season, it gave to the enemy a great advantage by its shelter. On approaching to the town, a flank fire of musquetry opened on the advanced guard, whilst two pieces of ordnance from the town enfiladed the river in front by a fire of grape.

Lieutenant Robertson, with the troops, made for
the

the left bank, but a little confusion took place from several of the black rowers leaping overboard with fright, and nearly upsetting them; but he made good his landing, though he unfortunately received a wound through his leg, and I immediately joined him with the rest of the troops, the two little guns in the boat rendering us good service. Desirous to save loss to our little party as much as possible, I determined to force my way to the town through the long grass, but I was shortly checked by an impassable creek in front, which secured the town against assault on that bank. Seeing this, and the loss which would attend an advance in the boats, I immediately crossed the river with the principal part of the troops, and occupied the bank opposite to the town, where, from the shelter of the long grass, they soon silenced the two guns, and weakened the fire from the town; leaving three men in charge of Lieutenant Robertson, I decided under cover of their fire to carry the town by the boats, and having no other Officer, I joined them myself, and accompanied by the Naval Officers, seamen, and a few soldiers, we advanced rapidly and carried it without further loss.

I regret that, against an enemy so little worthy, several valuable men have been disabled; but the country is one of great strength, and the position was chosen with judgment. The nature of the country made it impossible to ascertain either the number or loss of the enemy. Not being able to learn that they had any other place up the river, and as they were thus driven out of our territories, defeated and disgraced, with the loss of their towns and stores, I determined to proceed no further, and, after carrying away the guns and stores, and destroying by fire the town and neighbouring village, we embarked, and got safely to the shipping in the *Sherbro*, on the 23d, after destroying the two principal strong holds, with eight smaller towns, where

where these wretches kept their victims in chains, until the ships were ready to receive them; and I sincerely trust that this lesson will teach the deduced of the country not to put further faith in the vain boastings of these wicked people, who, by administering to the worst passions of the ignorant and unfortunate inhabitants, not only depopulate and turn into deserts the most fertile plains which I have ever seen, but so blunt their feelings and brutalize their natures, that, for a few bottles of rum and heads of tobacco, the parent is found, without remorse, casting away his offspring. Each village is engaged against the other for the purpose of making prisoners; and men, like beasts of prey, are ever on the watch to seize their neighbours and their fellow-men.

Although, where each vied with the other in the discharge of laborious and arduous duties in the cause of humanity, it becomes difficult to name individuals, still it is my duty to state that I owe much to Captain Owen for his manly co-operation, and to bear testimony to his great zeal for the public service. To Lieutenant Mudge, Royal Navy, who was immediately attached to myself in command of the Swift cutter, I am under great obligations, not only for his unceasing and successful exertions in getting the vessel up the river, but for his judicious and spirited conduct in command of the gun-boats; to Lieutenant Owen, Royal Navy, who commanded and carried, by the most persevering exertions, the Albatross up the river, my best thanks are also due; his forwardness, both in the boats and on shore afterwards, are highly creditable to him; and I do but justice to Mr. Tudor, Midshipman of the Leven, in noticing his very spirited and conspicuous conduct in command of one of the gun-boats. To the other Officers and seamen, who did not fall so immediately under my notice, my best thanks are due.

1826.

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I beg

I beg also to draw your Lordship's favourable notice to the conduct of Lieutenant Robertson, Acting Major of Brigade, who, although called upon to do much duty, from my having no Officer but himself, continued his exertions without even acquainting me that he was wounded. Staff-Surgeon Stewart was not only ready to give his professional assistance to those who required it, but was most ready to execute other duties which the want of Officers made sometimes necessary. To Mr. Rendall and Mr. Macaulay I am under the greatest obligation for their voluntary assistance; the former acted during the affair at Maccaba as my Aide-de-Camp, with no less credit to himself than advantage to me; and the latter was most indefatigable in his exertions to promote the public service. Mr. Campbell, Acting Master of the Susan, a volunteer upon the occasion, shewed much spirit and zeal, and was wounded in the arm.

Inclosed is a list of the casualties in this little affair; and I regret exceedingly that some valuable men are disabled. There is also a return of the ordnance, arms, and prisoners taken, and I will hope to have the good fortune to see those measures approved, which my sense of public duty compelled me to adopt, after three unsuccessful attempts at amicable adjustment, against a party of remorseless wretches who live and fatten upon the blood and misery of their fellow creatures.

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing of a Detachment of Troops and Seamen employed in an attack on the Town of Maccaba, on the 19th February 1826, under the command of His Excellency Major-General Charles Turner, C.B., &c. &c. &c.

Killed.—None.

Wounded.

Detachment 2d. W. I. Regt. — 1 rank and file severely.

Detachment Royal African Col. Corps—1 Lieutenant slightly; 4 rank and file, 2 severely (1 leg amputated) 2 slightly.

Party of Seamen from H. M. ship *Leven*—3 seamen severely, one arm amputated.

Party from H. M. Colonial brig *Susan* — 1 Officer slightly.

Names of Officers wounded.

Lieutenant D. G. Robertson, Royal African Corps, Acting Major of Brigade, slightly (right leg).

Frederick Campbell, Master of H. M. Colonial Brig *Susan* slightly (left arm).

Total Wounded.

2 Officers, 5 rank and file, 3 seamen

Missing.—None.

N.B. 1 rank and file, Royal African Corps, died of fatigue on the 19th instant.

D. G. ROBERTSON,

Lt. R. A. C. and Acting Major of Brigade.

*Return of Ordnance, Arms, and Ammunition taken
on the 17th and 19th February 1826, at the
Stockade of the Bolm and the Town of Maccaba.*

At Bolm—2 iron nine-pound carronades ; 3 ditto
six ditto, long guns ; 3 ditto four ditto, ditto ;
2 ditto three ditto, ditto : 4 musquetooms, 42
stand of arms, 400 bayonets, 9 half-barrels of
powder, 1 cask of musquet-balls, 1 cask of flints,
20 cutlasses, and a quantity of shot of various
sizes.

At Maccaba—3 iron four-pound long guns, 1 cask
of musquet-balls.

Return of Prisoners taken.

1 country king, 2 chiefs, 3 headmen, 15 men.

D. G. ROBERTSON,
Lt. R. A. C. A. M. B.

Sierra Leone, March 3, 1826.

IL LAMENT exceedingly that an attack of fever got
up the Boom river, should prevent my having the
honour of submitting to your Lordship some obser-
vations upon the bearings which the circumstances
detailed in my dispatch of the 2d instant have
upon the state of this unhappy country, and the
prospects which they hold out for a great revolu-
tion in the affairs of the inhabitants.

The people of the Gallinas having joined the in-
surgents in hostilities against this Government,
have subjected themselves to all the penalties at-
tending a state of war ; and although the bar of
the Gallinas river is an extremely difficult and
hazardous undertaking, I think that, by block-
ading

ading them, and making a strong party there, I shall completely break up the slave-trade, and stop for ever, from those shores, the export of near thirty thousand slaves annually, substituting agriculture, security of person and property, industry, civilization, and knowledge of the blessings of the Christian religion.

At all events, if my health is restored, I will do my best.

Crown-Office, May 13, 1826.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present
PARLIAMENT.

Shire of Roxburgh.

Henry Francis Scott the younger, of Harden, in the room of Sir Alexander Don, Bart. deceased.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

SUMMER CIRCUITS, 1826.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

J. G. Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

Essex, at Chelmsford, Monday, June 19.

Essex, at Colchester, Tuesday, June 20.

Suffolk, at Ipswich and Borough, Wednesday, June 21.

Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Friday, June 23.

Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Monday, June 26.

Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Wednesday, June 28.

Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Monday, July 3.

Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge, Wednesday, July 5.

Norfolk, at Lynn, Thursday, July 6.

Cambridgeshire, at Ely, Friday, July 7.

North?

Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Saturday, July 8.
Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Monday, July 10.
Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Wednesday, July 12.
Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Thursday,
 July 13.

Leicestershire, at Leicester, Saturday, July 15.
Staffordshire, at Litchfield, Monday, July 17.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Tuesday, July 18.
Staffordshire, at Stafford, Thursday, July 20.
Warwickshire, at Coventry, Monday, July 24.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Tuesday, July 25.
Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Thursday, July 27.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

T. B. Bowen, Esq. Commissioner.

Berkshire, at Reading and Borough, Monday,
 June 19.

Oxfordshire, at Oxford and City, Tuesday, June 20.

Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Thursday,
 June 22.

Worcestershire, at Worcester and City, Saturday,
 June 24.

Herefordshire, at Hereford and City, Monday,
 June 26.

Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Wednesday, June 28.

Somersetshire, at Bristol, Friday, June 30.

Somersetshire, at Bath, Monday, July 3.

Somersetshire, at Taunton, Wednesday, July 5.

Devonshire, at Exeter and City, Friday, July 7.

Cornwall, at Bodmin, Monday, July 10.

Devonshire, at Plymouth, Wednesday, July 12.

Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Saturday, July 15.

Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Monday, July 17.

Hampshire, at Winchester, Wednesday, July 19.

Hampshire, at Southampton, Thursday, July 20.

Sussex, at Horsham, Saturday, July 22.

Kent, at Maidstone, Monday, July 24.

Kent, at Dover, Wednesday, July 26.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

W. J. Law, Esq. Commissioner.

Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Monday, June 19.

Derbyshire, at Derby, Tuesday, June 20.

Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham and Town, Wednesday, June 21.

Lincolnshire, at Lincoln and City, Saturday, June 24.

Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Tuesday, June 27.

Yorkshire, at Kingston-upon-Hull, Monday, July 3.

Yorkshire, at York, Wednesday, July 5.

Yorkshire, at York City, Thursday, July 6.

Lancashire, at Lancaster, Monday, July 10.

Yorkshire, at Richmond, Monday, July 17.

Durham, at Durham, Tuesday, July 18.

Northumberland, at Newcastle-on-Tyne and Town, Thursday, July 20.

Northumberland, at Berwick-on-Tweed, Saturday, July 22.

Cumberland, at Carlisle, Monday, July 24.

Westmorland, at Kendal, Wednesday, July 26.

Lancashire, at Liverpool, Friday, July 28.

Cheshire, at Chester and City, Monday, July 31.

FROM THE

(*LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 27,*
1826.

India Board, May 27, 1826.

A DISPATCH has been received at the East India-House from the Governor in Council at Bombay, dated the 4th February 1826; of which the following is an extract :

WE take advantage of the sailing of the *Lonach*, free trader, to inform your Honourable Court, that we have received a letter from Sir Charles Metcalfe, Bart. conveying the very satisfactory intelligence of the storm and capture of the town of Bhurtpore, on the morning of the 18th January, and that the citadel had surrendered at discretion the same evening. The letter also mentions that Doorjun Saul, the usurper, and his son, had been intercepted in an attempt to escape, and were prisoners in the British camp.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, May 27, 1826.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Charles Lord Strathaven to be one of the Lords of His Majesty's Bedchamber, in the room of Frederick Lord Boston, deceased.

Board

Board of Green Cloth, St. James's, May 27, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable William Harry Freemantle to be Treasurer of His Majesty's Household, in the room of the Right Honourable Lord Charles Bentinck, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 30,
1826.

Westminster, May 26, 1826.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read*; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

- An Act for raising the sum of thirteen millions two hundred thousand pounds by Exchequer Bills
1826. T for

for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six.

An Act to alter and amend the several laws relating to the Customs.

An Act to regulate the importation of silk goods until the 10th day of October one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, and to encourage the silk-manufacturers by the repeal of certain duties.

An Act to amend several laws of Excise relating to bonds on Excise licences in Ireland, tiles and bricks for draining, oaths on exportation of goods, permits for the removal of tea in Ireland, size of casks in which spirits may be warehoused in Scotland and Ireland, the allowance of duty on starch and soap used in certain manufactures, and the repayment of money advanced by collectors of Excise for public works in Ireland.

An Act to confirm sales made by the Surveyor-General and the Commissioners of the Land Revenue of the Crown, under an Act of the forty-eighth year of His late Majesty.

An Act for improving the administration of criminal justice in England.

An Act for the registration of aliens.

An Act for defraying the expence of any additional naval force to be employed in the East Indies.

An Act to continue for seven years, and from thence to the end of the then next Session of Parliament, an Act of the fifty-ninth year of His late Majesty “for facilitating the recovery of the wages of seamen in the merchant service.”

An Act to amend the laws relating to corps of yeomanry cavalry and volunteers in Great Britain.

An Act to provide for repairing, improving, and rebuilding shire-halls, county-halls, and other buildings, for holding the Assizes and Grand Sessions, and also Judges' lodgings throughout England and Wales.

An

An Act to suspend the provisions of an Act of His late Majesty respecting the appointment of writers in the service of the East India Company, and to authorize the payment of the allowances of the civil and military officers of the said company dying while absent from India.

An Act to amend so much of an Act of the thirty-first year of His late Majesty as relates to the election of members to serve in the Legislative Assembly of the province of Upper Canada.

An Act for the better regulating copartnerships of certain bankers in England, and for amending so much of an Act of the thirty-ninth and fortieth years of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for establishing an agreement with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for advancing the sum of three millions towards the supply for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred," as relates to the same.

An Act to allow, until the 10th day of October one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, the enrolment of certain articles of clerkship, to prevent attorneys and others from being prejudiced in certain cases by the neglect to take out their annual certificates, to prohibit the stamping articles of clerkship after a certain time, and to extend the period for taking out certificates after matriculation at the universities.

An Act to render more effectual the several Acts now in force, to promote the residence of the parochial clergy by making provision for purchasing houses and other necessary buildings for the use of their benefices.

An Act to amend and consolidate the laws for the relief of insolvent debtors in England.

An Act to regulate the manner of taking the poll at elections of knights of the shire to serve in parliament for the county of York.

An Act for repealing an Act passed in the thirty-ninth and fortieth years of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled, “An Act for relief of persons entitled to entailed estates to be purchased with trust monies,” and for making further provisions in lien thereof.

An Act to regulate the mode in which certain societies or copartnerships for banking in Scotland may sue and be sued.

An Act to continue until the 1st day of January one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, and to the end of the next Session of Parliament, an Act of the third year of His present Majesty for regulating the manner of licensing ale-houses in England.

An Act to allow, until the 5th day of April one thousand eight hundred and thirty, certain bounties on the exportation from Ireland of salmon, red herrings and dried sprats.

An Act to amend the laws in force in Ireland relating to conveyances and transfers of estates and funds vested in trustees.

An Act for the more effectual administration of justice in cities, towns corporate, and other local jurisdictions in Ireland.

An Act to prevent the wilful and malicious destruction of dwelling-houses in Ireland.

An Act to make provision for the uniform valuation of lands and tenements in the several baronies, parishes, and other divisions of counties in Ireland, for the purpose of the more equally levying of the rates and charges upon such baronies, parishes, and divisions respectively.

An Act to amend the laws in force in Ireland for preventing the vexatious impounding of cattle for trespass or damage feasant.

An Act to amend the laws for the recovery of small debts, and the proceedings for that purpose in the Manor Courts in Ireland.

An

An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the Leominster Canal to raise further sums of money to discharge their debts, and to complete the canal, and for amending the Acts for making and maintaining the said canal, and for granting to the said company further and other powers.

An Act for making a navigable canal from the Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal, in the parish of Tettenhall, in the county of Stafford to the united navigation of the Ellesmere and Chester Canals, in the parish of Acton, in the county palatine of Chester.

An Act to amend an Act for making a canal from Counter's Bridge on the road from London to Hammersmith to the river Thames, in the county of Middlesex, and to enable the Kensington Canal Company to raise a further sum of money for the completion of the said canal.

An Act for improving the navigation of the river Dun, and for altering the course thereof, by making certain new cuts or canals from the same; and for amending, altering, and enlarging the powers granted to the company of proprietors by several Acts now in force.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway from Edinburgh to the south side of the river North Esk, near Dalkeith and Newbattle, with branches therefrom, all in the county of Edinburgh.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway or tramroad from Manchester to Oldham, with a branch from Failsworth Pole to or near to Dry Clough, in the township of Royton, all in the county palatine of Lancaster.

An Act for making and maintaining a tramroad or railway from the end of the Grosmont railway at Monmouth Cap, in the parish of Llangua, in the county of Monmouth, to Wye-Bridge, in the parish of Saint Martin, within the liberties of the city of Hereford.

An Act for making a railway from the royal burgh and port of Dundee, in the county of Forfar, to Newtyle, in the said county.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway or tramroad from, or from near a certain place called Aber Dulais, to or near to a certain other place called Cwm Dulais, both in the parish of Cadoxton-juxta-Neath, in the county of Glamorgan.

An Act for making a railway from the Monkland and Kirkintilloch railway by Garnkirk to Glasgow.

An Act for raising money for building a crypt and tower to the additional church erecting in the parish of St. Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, for vesting the said church and the burial-ground thereof in Trustees, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act to alter and amend several Acts made in the twenty-eighth, thirty-eighth, thirty-ninth, forty-fifth, forty-seventh, and fifty-third years of the reign of His late Majesty, for enlarging and improving the harbour of Leith, and to appoint Commissioners for the superintendance and management of the said harbour and docks, and for other purposes connected therewith.

An Act for constructing a bridge across Sutton-Wash, otherwise called Cross-Keys-Wash, between the counties of Lincoln and Norfolk.

An Act for widening and improving the bridge of Irvine, for making streets communicating thereto, and for more effectually enlarging, deepening, improving, and maintaining the harbour of Irvine, in the county of Ayr.

An Act for more effectually supplying the city of Edinburgh and places adjacent with water, and for supplying the town and port of Leith, and places adjacent, and His Majesty's dock-yards at Leith, with water.

An Act for supplying with water the town and
neigh-

neighbourhood of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick.

An Act for better supplying the inhabitants of the city of Chester with water.

An Act for better supplying with water the inhabitants of the town of Nottingham and its vicinity.

An Act for lighting the royal burgh of Inverness, suburbs thereof, and places adjacent, with gas, and supplying the same with water.

An Act for amending and enlarging the powers of an Act passed in the seventeenth year of the reign of His late Majesty, for the better relief and employment of the poor of the parish of Saint Mary Abbott's, Kensington, in the county of Middlesex, and for other purposes therein mentioned, and for better regulating the said parish.

An Act to amend an Act of the thirty-ninth year of His late Majesty, for the better relief and employment of the poor of the parish of Saint Bridget, otherwise Saint Bride, Fleet-street, in the city of London.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled, "An Act for watching, cleansing, and lighting the streets of the city of Edinburgh and adjoining districts; for regulating the police thereof, and for other purposes relating thereto."

An Act for extinguishing tithes and customary payments in lieu of tithes, within that part of the parish of St. Botolph-Without, Aldersgate, which is situate in the city of London, and for making compensation in lieu thereof, and for increasing the provision for the incumbent of the same parish.

An Act for paving, watching, lighting, cleansing, and improving the township of Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, and for regulating the police thereof.

An Act for lighting, cleansing, watching, and
other-

otherwise improving the streets, lanes, and other public passages and places within the town of Stockport, in the county palatine of Chester, and for regulating the police of the said town.

An Act for regulating the police of the burgh of Anderston and lands of Lancefield, and others adjoining the said burgh, in the county of Lanark, paving, cleansing, and lighting the streets and passages of the said district, and for erecting a court-house and gaol therein.

An Act for paving, lighting, watching, cleansing, and improving the town and parish of Sunderland near the sea, in the county of Durham, for removing the market, and for otherwise improving the said town.

An Act for better paving, lighting, regulating and improving the parish of Saint George, Hanover-square, within the liberty of the city of Westminster.

An Act for more effectually draining and preserving certain marsh lands or low grounds in the parishes of Sandhurst, Newenden, Rolvenden, Tenterden, Wittersham, Ebony, Woodchurch, Appledore, and Stone, in the county of Kent, and Ticehurst, Salehurst, Bodiam, Ewhurst, Northiam, Beckly, Peasmarsh, Iden and Playden, in the county of Sussex.

An Act to amend and alter an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act for establishing a joint stock company for the erection of buildings, and establishing machinery for the purpose of promoting and encouraging manufactures in Ireland."

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament for facilitating intercourse by steam navigation between the United Kingdom and the continent and islands of America and the West Indies.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving

proving certain roads in the counties of Kent and Surrey, commonly called The New-Cross Turnpike Roads.

An Act for more effectually repairing the road from Whitecross, in the parish of Leven, in Holderness, in the east riding of the county of York, to the town of Beverley, in the said county.

An Act for more effectually repairing the road from Halifax to Sheffield, in the west riding of the county of York, so far as relates to the third district of the said road, and for diverting and altering the said district of road.

An Act for making, amending, widening, repairing, and keeping in repair certain roads in the county of Forfar.

An Act for making a turnpike-road from Shipley to Bramley, together with certain branches therefrom, in the west riding of the county of York.

An Act for more effectually improving the roads from Doncaster to Salter's-Brook-Bridge, and for diverting and altering the said roads, and making certain branches therefrom, all in the county of York.

An Act for more effectually repairing the road from Sudbury, in the county of Suffolk, to Bury Saint Edmund's, in the said county.

An Act for more effectually repairing, widening, and improving the roads from Cranford Bridge, in the county of Middlesex, to that end of Maidenhead Bridge, which lies in the county of Bucks, and from Slough to Eton Town-End, and from Langley-Broom to Datchet-Bridge, in the said county of Bucks, and for watering the said roads.

An Act for making a road from the foot of the Salt-Market of Glasgow to the Kilmarnock or Cathcart turnpike-road, and for building a bridge in the line thereof across the River Clyde from Glasgow to Hutchisontown.

An Act for more effectually repairing the road
1826. U from

from Markfield Turnpike to the road leading from Loughborough to Ashby-de-la-Zouch, in the county of Leicester.

An Act for more effectually repairing the road leading from the Willersley turnpike-road, near Parton, to Monkland-Mill, and other roads therein mentioned, in the counties of Hereford and Worcester.

An Act for making a turnpike-road from Wells, next the sea, to Fakenham, with a branch therefrom, all in the county of Norfolk.

An Act for more effectually repairing the road from the turnpike-road at or near the town of Swindon to the north end of the town of Marlborough, in the county of Wilts.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving several roads leading to and from the town of Salford, through Pendleton, and other places therein mentioned, in the county palatine of Lancaster, and several other roads therein mentioned, and for making and maintaining certain diversions or new lines of road to communicate therewith.

And thirty-nine private Acts.

Carlton-House, May 29, 1826.

This day the Baron de Cetto, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Bavaria, had a private audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign, and to present to His Majesty, in the name of that Sovereign, the insignia and decorations of the Order of St. Hubert of Bavaria; to which audience he was introduced by the Right Honourable George Canning, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

White-

Whitehall, May 29, 1826.

The King has been pleased to grant unto the Rev. William Frederick Baylay, Master of Arts, the place and dignity of a Canon or Prebendary of the Metropolitan Church of Canterbury, void by the promotion of the Rev. Doctor Sumner to the See of Landaff.

The King has been also pleased to grant to the Rev. Edmund Goodenough, Clerk, Doctor in Divinity, the place and dignity of a Prebendary of the Collegiate Church of St. Peter, Westminster, void by the death of the Rev. Doctor Short.

FROM THE
SUPPLEMENT
TO THE
LONDON GAZETTE of MAY 30,
1826.

India Board, June 3, 1826.

DISPATCHES have been received at the East India-House from the Governor-General in Council at Fort William, in Bengal, with inclosures; of which the following are extracts and copies:

Extract of a Letter from the Governor-General in Council at Fort William, in Bengal, to the Secret Committee of the Court of Directors of the East India Company, dated 9th December 1825.

WE have the honour to transmit to your Honourable Committee copies of some dispatches received this day from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, from which, we regret to say, you will learn that a body of Native troops, sent in advance to dislodge the enemy from a position they occupied on the route by which the British army was to move from Prome, failed in its object, and was compelled to return with the loss of its Commanding Officer, Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant Mac Dowall killed, and thirteen Officers wounded.

Extract of a Letter from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K.C.B. to George Swinton, Esq., Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated Headquarters, Prome, 16th November 1825.

THE enemy having pushed forward a division of his army upon the road, by which we shall advance, to within a few miles of Prome, and it appearing desirable that our columns should not be harassed and delayed at the very commencement of our march, I yesterday directed Colonel Macdowall, of the Madras army, to move forward with four regiments of Madras Native Infantry, and dislodge the enemy from his posts.

Copy of a Letter from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K.C.B. to George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated Headquarters, Prome, 18th November 1825.

SIR,

IN continuation of my letter of the 16th instant, I much regret to state, for the information of the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council, that the important movement therein contemplated could not be carried into effect, owing to the enemy's superior force, and the strength of his positions.

The point upon which the different corps were directed to move was the village of Watty-goon, distant from Prome twenty miles, where my information led me to suppose a body of only two thousand five hundred Shaums and Burmese were assembled, and from the easterly position they had chosen, with the apparent purpose of harassing our right flank in advancing, or of falling into our rear,
annoy-

annoying the garrison of Prome, and endeavouring to intercept our communication with that place.

For the purpose of dislodging this force (as I yesterday did myself the honour of stating) I placed two brigades of Madras Native Infantry under the command of Colonel M'Dowall, directing him to approach the enemy's position at Watty-goon, with three regiments of Native Infantry, so as to assail his left flank, while Major Evans with the 22d Native Infantry was ordered to move upon the front of the position, and to attack in concert with the main body: I also moved forward the 18th Native Infantry to the ground left by the 22d, to be in readiness to afford support to the latter corps if required. The uncertain state of the roads and country did not permit of the columns being accompanied by artillery.

The 22d Native Infantry came upon the enemy's position at Watty-goon, and Major Evans, from the firing on his right, considering Colonel Mac Dowall's column in the act of attacking, gallantly moved forward to take his share in the engagement; but finding himself mistaken in that point, and the enemy much too numerous and strongly posted to be assaulted by a single regiment, he deemed it prudent to retire, which appears to have been done with steadiness and regularity.

The columns under Colonel M'Dowall's immediate command immediately approached the position of Watty-goon by the left flank, as directed, and reached that point after a sharp conflict with the enemy's troops in advance, but the apparent strength of the position, and his very superior numerical force, did not, in the opinion of the senior Officers, warrant an assault with the means at their disposal, and a retreat was determined on, in the course of which the 38th Native Infantry, which had been delayed by unforeseen and untoward circumstances, came in most opportunely upon the enemy's flank,
and

and materially checked his following up our retreating columns.

I have to lament the loss of a good and worthy Officer in Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant Mac Dowall, and several other brave Officers and soldiers, as will appear by the list of killed and wounded; but it affords me peculiar satisfaction to observe, by the concurring testimony of the Officers employed, and the official reports of Commanding Officers, herewith transmitted, that the troops engaged conducted themselves with that steadiness and valour which has ever eminently distinguished the Sepoys of the Madras army.

I have, &c.

A. CAMPBELL, Major-General.

Copy of a Letter from Major Evans to the Deputy Adjutant-General, dated Camp, Zeeoup, 17th November 1825.

SIR,

IN conformity with the orders received on the 14th instant, from the Quarter-Master-General's Department, I have the honour to acquaint you, for the information of General Campbell, K.C.B., that I moved with the regiment from an encampment on the Nullah, at eight o'clock in the night of the 15th, to co-operate with Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant M'Dowall in a simultaneous attack upon that part of the enemy's force reported to be in the vicinity of, or at the village of Watty-goon. At 12 o'clock, P.M. the guide reported that we were not far from the advanced guard of the enemy, on which I halted till about four o'clock, when I again advanced, and at about six came up with a body, stated by the guide to be their advanced picquet, consisting of about five hundred men, on whom I

com-

commenced a skirmishing attack, following them through the jungle on either side of the road.

During this operation we heard a heavy firing in front to the right, which conceiving to be Colonel M'Dowall's column driving the enemy on his side, I expedited my advance, covered by the light company under Captain Bird.

On coming to an opening in a very thick part of the jungle, which the guide pointed out as the entrance to the enemy's position, I found my advance checked by a very heavy fire, on which I immediately formed the regiment into line in rear of the advance, and as much to the right as the jungle would admit of.

Conceiving the check experienced by the light company to be caused by a body of the enemy, drawn up for the defence of this entrance to their position, I brought up two companies to its support, with a view of forcing the passage, bringing my regiment into line upon their position, and commencing an attack in conjunction with that I hoped to find Colonel M'Dowall making on their main body.

On coming up with these two companies I found myself under a heavy, well-directed, and destructive fire, from what appeared to be a bastion of a fortified position.

I found the leading sub-division of the light company nearly annihilated, and both the Officers of that company wounded; that the men of the other companies were falling in numbers, and perceiving no indication that my hopes of a conjoint attack on the other side were correct, together with the guide's report that the enemy were five thousand strong, supported by cavalry, I determined to retire.

The regiment marched off in good order, and was almost immediately pursued by a strong body of the enemy.

On gaining some ground I thought it advisable to

to re-form my line to check their advance: seeing that the fire from the right wing, which was first formed, had the desired effect, and that the left was well locked up, I resolved on continuing my march, apprehensive that should the other columns of attack not have shewn themselves, the main body, with the cavalry, might have been brought to act against me.

We then continued our march without interruption, the enemy following with great boldness, and galling our rear for about three miles, during which operation we suffered severely in killed and wounded; those unable to move without assistance, of the latter, I regret to say we were unavoidably obliged to leave on the ground.

The regiment, though considerably exhausted from marching all night and the operations of the day, marched in good united order till we were within five or six miles of camp, when, unfortunately from the want of guides, all of whom made off at the commencement of the affair, we took a wrong road, the direction of which we followed for about five miles. On retracing our steps, we met two sepoys of the 18th regiment N. I., who thinking to lead us by a short road into Captain Ross's camp, brought us through a deep swamp and jungle, which caused our having many stragglers, and prevented our arriving in our present position till four in the evening, the regiment having been under arms for twenty hours.

I think it my duty to state to you, for the General's information, my entire satisfaction at the constancy and perseverance with which the regiment sustained itself under the very heavy and destructive fire from the enemy's work, until they received my orders to move off, and the steady manner in which they retired under the enemy's galling fire.

I beg particularly to recommend to the General's
1826. X notice,

notice the conduct of Captain Bird and Lieutenant Derby, who were both wounded with the light company; and I am much indebted to the whole of the Officers for their assistance and support under such trying circumstances.

Lieutenant Hay, though severely wounded, continued with his company till the enemy had ceased to interrupt our march.

To Lieutenant and Adjutant Bird I feel particularly indebted, for the very active and useful aid I derived from him during the whole of these operations.

Lieutenant D. Montmorency, of the Quarter-Master-General's Department, who conducted my march, displayed much gallantry and zeal in this affair, being almost constantly in advance under the enemy's fire.

I have the honour to transmit herewith a return of our loss, which I am sorry to say is very severe. Thirty-seven wounded men were brought into camp, although all the dooly bearers, with the exception of one set, ran off during the action.

Many of those reported missing fell into the rear from exhaustion during our long and harassing march.

The pain I still feel from my wound and the amputation of my finger will, I hope, plead my excuse for any inaccuracy in this report, as well as for my not having made it immediately on coming to my ground last evening.

I have, &c.

R. LACY EVANS, Major,
Commg. 22d Regt. M. N. I.

Copy of a Letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Brook to Lieutenant-Colonel Tidy, Deputy-Adjutant-General, dated Prome, 17th November 1825.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to state, for the information of the Commander of the Forces, that the force under the command of the late Brigadier M'Dowall marched from this on the evening of the 15th, at six o'clock P. M., and had proceeded about twelve miles, when the advanced guard under Captain Coyles, of the 28th regiment, fell in with a party of the enemy to the number of one hundred or one hundred and fifty men, apparently advancing. After the exchange of a few shots during which time two sepoys were wounded, the enemy were driven back with loss, as we afterwards ascertained, by seeing on our return three bodies on the spot where the affair took place.

After crossing a nullah, the troops were halted for about an hour and a half, after which we proceeded forward, and heard a shout from a party of the enemy, who had occupied a village about four miles from the spot we had halted at.

About day-break a bugle was heard a considerable distance to our left, and about half-past seven it was again heard, and shortly after a heavy firing commenced from the spot where the bugle sound was heard, which was then answered by our bugles; we then advanced as rapidly as possible for about the space of an hour, during which the firing continued on the left, principally of musquetry, but latterly of heavy guns also, when we discovered the enemy in front, to which we were advancing. Six companies from the 28th were ordered as a flanking party to the right, when a severe conflict took place; the enemy being in great force, and provided with jingals and muskets, disputed every inch of ground

with great resolution. About this period Captain Coyle was wounded in the arm by a musket ball, and a contusion on the breast by a spent jingal ball. After proceeding in this manner about four miles, the 43d regiment was ordered to take the place of the 28th, which was in front of the column, and proceeded fighting their way for about a mile, when they unexpectedly arrived in front of some strong works, from which a well-directed and heavy fire was kept up. The grenadier company, under Ensign Elsy, of the 43d, was ordered to advance to that part of the works from which the heaviest fire proceeded, to endeavour to keep it under, on which service it advanced with the most determined resolution; but, on arriving near the works, the firing became so heavy and galling, that it was found necessary to return: at this time I regret to state Brigadier M'Dowall was shot in the head by a musket ball, and died immediately; and nearly at the same moment Lieutenants Manning, Rankin, and Ensign Elsy, of the 43d regiment, were obliged to be brought away, being all severely wounded. Lieutenant Rankin, I am sorry to say, is since dead of his wounds.

Unprepared as the force was with means for assault, I found it necessary, after taking the advice of the senior Officers, to direct the retreat to be sounded. The rear-guard was commanded by Captain Wiggins, assisted by Captain M'Leod, who, in a most gallant and judicious manner, covered the retreat, which was made in as regular a manner as circumstances and the nature of the country would admit of, being a complete jungle, and under a severe and heavy fire from great numbers of the enemy, who were in the jungle, and on our right and left, nearly surrounding our column, and threatening to cut off our retreat, assisted by numerous bodies of cavalry to the number of five or six hundred.

After

After a dreadful harassing march of ten miles, which, during the latter part, was rendered still more distressing, by the men dropping on the road from fatigue, having rested only an hour and a half since their departure from Prome, we at length reached a river, or large nullah, about nine miles from Prome, which, having crossed, I halted the troops, for about an hour, (the enemy had left pursuing us), when we proceeded, and arrived at Prome at about half-past seven last evening.

I am sorry to say, from the want of a greater number of doolies and absolute exhaustion of the bearers, notwithstanding the exertion of the Sepoys and the Officers giving their horses to bring in the wounded, &c. I was obliged to leave the dead and some wounded men in the rear.

I feel the greatest pleasure in making known to the Commander of the Forces, that the conduct of both Officers and men deserves every praise, especially for their conduct during so harassing a retreat, their exertions were unremitted.

I am particularly indebted to Captain Wiggins, commanding the 43d Regiment, and Captain M'Leod, for the able manner they covered the retreat, also to Captain White, Assistant-Quarter-Master-General, and Captain Johnston, M. B. Captain Coyle was, I am sorry to say, wounded early in the action, whereby I was deprived of the service of that valuable Officer during the retreat, and the command of the regiment devolving on Captain Bell, his conduct and exertions deserve my best thanks. Mr. Assistant-Surgeon Sutherland, of the 28th, deserves every praise for his attention to the wounded, in his attention to the men he was unremitting; as also Mr. Assistant Surgeon Cumming, 43d, who was equally so.

I reckon the enemy, from the very large body I saw in different parts of the jungle, to amount
at

at least to ten or twelve thousand infantry, and in every way well armed.

Enclosed is a list of the killed and wounded, &c. of the two regiments under my command.

I have, &c.

CHARLES BROOK,

Lt. Col. 28th Regt.

Copy of a Letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Smith to the Deputy-Adjutant-General, dated Camp, near Prome, 17th November 1825.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Commander of the Forces, that in obedience to orders, I marched from Camp, at Thom-bala, with the 38th regiment M. N. I., at seven P. M. on the 15th instant, and arrived near to the village of Saagie, at four o'clock next morning. Here the guides refused to proceed from not being able to find the road in the dark, and I was obliged to wait until day-light, and only reached Saagie at six A. M., 16th instant. I was induced to make this movement in preference to proceeding by the direct route to Watty-goon, in the hope of finding Colonel M'Dowall's detachment, whose bugles were heard near this place, and also on account of my being too late to proceed direct to Watty-goon, which I could not hope to reach before twelve o'clock.

On arriving at the village of Saagie I heard some firing in the direction of Watty-goon, and which appeared about seven miles distant, the reports becoming heavier and more frequent. I proceeded towards Watty-goon at seven o'clock, and came up with the firing at twelve o'clock, here I observed the enemy in considerable numbers, consisting of cavalry and infantry, with jingals and
small

small guns. I directed the light company to advance in front, and skirmish with what appeared to be the rear of the enemy, while the regiment emerged from the narrow road in the jungle, and formed column of companies when they proceeded to the attack, the light infantry ceasing firing and joining the regiment; the enemy were so much taken by surprize, that they fled before the regiment could reach them, having only lost a few men by the firing of the light infantry.

The enemy's cavalry having made some movements, which I thought indicated an attack on the regiment, I formed square, and remained for some time in this position, repeatedly sounding the bugles to attract the attention of Colonel M'Dowall's detachment, but without effect, as no answering sounds were heard: the firing which on our arrival had been very heavy, now entirely ceased, and not being able to ascertain the position of the detachment, I had no option left but to retreat, or permit myself to be surrounded by an overwhelming force, without hopes of succour or subsistance of any kind: I therefore commenced my retreat about one o'clock, and as I heard no more firing on either part, I trust the diversion made by the 38th regiment N. I., in favour of Colonel M'Dowall's detachment, suggested and arranged by the Commander of the Forces, was effected, although from the badness of the roads, and the distance being much greater than expected, not precisely in the manner dictated to me; the retreat was effected without any opposition by the enemy, and the regiment reached the village of Saagie at four P. M., 16th instant, halted two hours, and marched into Promé at seven o'clock, A. M., 17th instant.

The nature of the duty in which the regiment was employed did not afford an opportunity of distinguishing itself by any shining military exploit, except that the light company under Captain Dowden

den and Lieutenant Willis dashed down upon the enemy in a most spirited style, and retreated and ceased firing upon the signal being given in the most orderly manner, and the whole of the regiment prepared for action with zeal and alacrity, as well as the best order. I must, in justice to the regiment, beg leave to call your attention to the severe and harassing march endured by the corps throughout the whole affair, in which the Officers and men bore almost total want of rest for two nights and one day, with the greatest patience and cheerfulness.

I have, &c.

D. C. SMITH, Lt. Col.

Commg. 38th Regt., N. I.

General Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing in the Army under the Command of Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. in Action with the Enemy on the 16th November 1825.

Head-Quarters, Prome, November 17, 1825.

1 Lieutenant-colonel, 2 havildars, 51 rank and file, killed; 1 major, 4 captains, 6 lieutenants, 1 ensign, 1 soubadar, 6 havildars, 104 rank and file, wounded; 2 havildars, 40 rank and file, missing.

Names of the Officers killed and wounded.

Killed.

Lieutenant-Colonel-Commandant R. M'Dowall.

Wounded.

22d Regiment Madras N. I.—Major R. S. Evans, severely; Captain C. M. Bird and Lieutenant J. P. Hay, severely, not dangerously; Lieutenants F. Darby, J. Shepherd, and M. Poole, slightly.

28th Regiment Madras N. I.—Captain Coyle, severely.

43d Ditto—Captains H. Wiggins and A. M'Leod, slightly; Lieutenant T. C. Ranken, dangerously, since dead; Lieutenant E. C. Manning and Ensign W. Elsey, severely; Soubadar Soobia-moony, slightly.

F. S. TIDY, Lieut. Col. D. A. G.

Extract of a Letter from the Governor-General in Council, at Fort William, in Bengal, to the Secret Committee of the Court of Directors of the East India Company, dated 30th December 1825.

WE hasten to transmit to your Honourable Committee, by the Minerva, on the very eve of departure, copies of dispatches* received this morning from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, announcing the very gratifying intelligence of the defeat of the Burman armies, on the 1st, 2d and 5th instant, and to offer our congratulations on the splendid achievements of the British troops.

Extract of a Letter from the Governor-General in Council at Fort William, in Bengal, to the Secret Committee of the Court of Directors of the East India Company, dated the 20th January 1826.

WITH sentiments of the liveliest satisfaction, we have now the honour to announce to your Honourable Committee, the arrival of the steam vessel Enterprize from Rangoon, with the important intelligence that the preliminaries of peace

* These dispatches were published in a Supplement to the London Gazette, dated April 26, 1826.

with the Government of Ava were signed, by Commissioners on both sides, at Patnagoh, on the 3d instant, and that the treaty ratified by the King of Ava was to be delivered to the British Commissioners in fifteen days.

Captain Snodgrass, Military Secretary to Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, had sailed from Rangoon on the 9th instant, with the dispatches announcing the signature of the preliminary treaty, and may be expected to arrive in a few days. The ratified treaty not being expected to reach Rangoon until the 24th instant, Brigadier Smelt, commanding at Rangoon, determined not to detain the *Enterprize*, as the time admitted of her conveying to us intelligence of what had occurred, and returning to Rangoon for the expected treaty. We propose, accordingly, to dispatch her to Rangoon this day.

The accompanying copies of dispatches from Brigadier Smelt to Mr. Swinton will afford your Honourable Committee all the information we have received by the *Enterprize*, and we beg leave to offer our cordial congratulations on the recent success of the British arms in Ava.

Copy of a Letter from Brigadier Smelt to George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated Rangoon, January 13, 1826.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to forward to you a copy of two letters, dated the 4th and 6th January 1826, from Lieutenant-Colonel Pepper, commanding a detachment in the Pegue district, detailing a gratifying account of his operations in that quarter.

Private accounts have reached me, which I have no reason to doubt, that an attack on the strong
post

post of Setoung, which was supposed to have been evacuated, with a party detached by Colonel Pepper, of the 3d regiment L. I. under Lieutenant-Colonel Conroy, did not succeed, with the loss of two Officers and ten men killed, two Officers and sixteen men wounded. I regret to say, that Lieutenant-Colonel Conroy, a most able and intelligent Officer, was killed, also Lieutenant Adams; Lieutenant Harvey wounded severely, Lieutenant Power slightly. I am in expectation that Colonel Pepper, with a reinforcement and guns, will have taken Setoung before he receives Sir A. Campbell's recall to Pegue, in consequence of the treaty of peace having been agreed to.

I have, &c.

W. SMELT, Lieut. Col.
Commanding Lower Provinces.

Extract of a Letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Pepper to Brigadier Smelt, commanding in the Lower Provinces, dated Camp, at Shoeegeen, 4th January 1826.

I HAVE the honour to report to you that this place fell into my hands yesterday, without opposition; indeed I found it completely deserted. Our preparations were all made for storming it, and it was not till reaching its base that I had the least idea of its being abandoned, as our route was opposed in several instances by parties in the jungles, who fired on our advance. It was particularly fortunate that by taking the route of Meckeoo, instead of the high road, I was enabled, by sending forward the 3d light infantry, to secure the whole of the boats at that place, and drawing off three hundred of the enemy to relieve the inhabitants, otherwise I should have found it most difficult, if not impossible, to have succeeded.

The resources of this province I have not yet been able to ascertain, but nothing indicates them to be great. There is little or no rice here, nor do I yet observe a single bandy or any number of cattle. Some of the people are returning, and I expect the whole will do so in a few days. Our march, for the most part was through bad roads, particularly the nearer we approached this, but the troops are in good health and excellent quarters.

Extract of a Letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Pepper to Brigadier Smelt, commanding in the Lower Provinces, dated Camp, Shoeegeen, 6th January 1826.

SINCE my letter to you of the 4th, I have the honour to acquaint you that a communication has reached me from the Officer I left in command of the detachment at Meckeeo, stating that his post was attacked, on the morning of the 4th instant, by a party of the enemy, to the amount of four or five hundred men, from Setoung; that he was fortunate enough to beat them off, and with little injury to his own men, one only being wounded in the groin. The various calls I have for the services of my men, has forced on me the necessity of directing the party I left at Pegue to join me, and to escort the provisions, ammunition, &c. in store there to this place; but as there is little doubt of the fall of Setoung, Pegue requiring but a very small detail, a Native Officer's party I considered as sufficient, and therefore directed Captain Kitson to leave one, as well as the sick and convalescent men, and a native dresser to attend them.

Extract of a Letter from Brigadier Smelt to George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated Rangoon, 13th January 1826.

THE sloop-of-war *Champion*, sailed on the 9th instant, for Calcutta, with Captain Snodgrass on board, with dispatches to announce that Sir A. Campbell and the army reached Patnagoh, on the 27th ultimo, and that negotiations were opened with the Burmese Authorities on the 30th, and that a treaty of peace was agreed to between them and the Civil Commissioners, (by the latter of whom it was dictated), and signed on the 3d January 1826. The outline of the treaty is as follows:

“The cession of Assam and other states in that quarter; the four provinces of Arracan, the provinces on the coast of Tenasserim, viz. Ya, Tavoy, and Mergue. Moneypoor to be given to Gumbeer Sing, and one crore of rupees to be paid. The treaty is to be ratified by the King of Ava, and returned to the Commissioners at Meloun, with the European prisoners who may be at Ummierapoorra, and three-lacs of rupees, on or before the 18th instant. Some minor clauses regarding the good treatment of the Peguers, who may have joined or assisted the British during the war.”

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 3,
1826.

The Speech of the Lords Commissioners to both Houses of Parliament, on Wednesday, May 31, 1826.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

HIS Majesty commands us to inform you, that the state of the public business enabling His Majesty to close the session at a period of the year the most convenient for a general election, it is His Majesty's intention to dissolve, without delay, the present Parliament, and to direct the issue of writs for the calling of a new one.

His Majesty cannot take leave of you without commanding us to express His Majesty's deep sense of the zeal and public spirit which you have constantly displayed in the discharge of your several important functions.

His Majesty particularly acknowledges the promptitude and discretion with which you have applied yourselves to the objects specially recommended to you by His Majesty, at the commencement of this session; and His Majesty confidently hopes that the good effect of your deliberations will be manifested in the improved stability of public and private credit.

His Majesty has the satisfaction to inform you, that the distinguished skill, bravery, and success with which the operations of the British arms in the Dominions of the King of Ava have been carried on, have led to the signature, upon highly honourable

able terms, of a preliminary treaty with that Sovereign, which His Majesty has every reason to expect will be the foundation of a secure and permanent peace.

His Majesty further commands us to repeat to you, that His Majesty's earnest endeavours have continued to be unremittingly exerted to prevent the breaking out of hostilities among nations, and to put an end to those which still unhappily exist, as well in America as in Europe.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

His Majesty commands us to thank you for the provision which you have made for the service of the year.

His Majesty's attention will be constantly directed to the reduction of the public expenditure in every degree that may be consistent with the due maintenance of the security, honour, and interests of his kingdom.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

We are specially commanded to assure you, that His Majesty's paternal feelings have been deeply affected by the distresses which have prevailed among the manufacturing classes of His Majesty's subjects, and by the exemplary patience with which those distresses have been generally borne.

His Majesty trusts that the causes, out of which the partial stagnation of employment has arisen, are, under the blessing of Providence, in a course of gradual abatement.

His Majesty is confident that your presence and example in your several counties will contribute to maintain and encourage the loyal and orderly spirit which pervades the great body of his people; and His Majesty relies upon your disposition to inculcate that harmony and mutual good-will among the several great interests of the country, upon
which

which the common prosperity of them all essentially depends.

Then a commission for proroguing the Parliament was read; after which the Lord Chancellor said:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

By virtue of His Majesty's Commission, under the Great Seal, to us and other Lords directed, and now read, we do, in His Majesty's name, and in obedience to his commands, prorogue this Parliament to Wednesday the fourteenth day of June next, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Wednesday the fourteenth day of June next.

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 1st of June
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Most Noble James Marquess of Salisbury was, by command of His Majesty, sworn of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

By

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION,

*For Dissolving the present Parliament, and declaring
the Calling of another.*

GEORGE, R.

WHEREAS We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to dissolve this present Parliament, which stands prorogued to Wednesday the fourteenth day of June instant: We do, for that end, publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby dissolve the said Parliament accordingly; and the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses, and the Commissioners for Shires and Burghs, of the House of Commons, are discharged from their meeting and attendance on the said Wednesday the fourteenth day of June instant. And We being desirous and resolved, as soon as may be, to meet Our people, and to have their advice in Parliament, do hereby make known to all Our loving subjects Our royal will and pleasure to call a new Parliament: And do hereby further declare, that, with the advice of Our Privy Council, We have given order to Our Chancellor of that part of Our United Kingdom called Great Britain, and Our Chancellor of Ireland, that they do respectively, upon notice hereof, forthwith issue out Writs, in due form and according to Law, for calling a new Parliament. And We do hereby also, by this Our Royal Proclamation under Our Great Seal of Our United Kingdom, require Writs forthwith to be issued accordingly by Our said Chancellors respectively, for causing the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, who are to serve in the said Parliament, to be duly returned to, and give their attendance in, Our said Parliament;

1826. Z which

which Writs are to be returnable on Tuesday the twenty-fifth day of July next.

Given at Our Court at Carlton-House, this second day of June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and in the seventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION,

In order to the Electing and Summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland.

GEORGE, R.

WHEREAS We have, in Our Council, thought fit to declare Our pleasure for summoning and holding a Parliament of Our United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, on Tuesday the twenty-fifth day of July next ensuing the date hereof: in order therefore to the electing and summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, who are to sit in the House of Peers in the said Parliament, We do, by the advice of Our Privy Council, issue forth this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly charging and commanding all the Peers of Scotland to assemble and meet at Holyrood-House, in Edinburgh, on Thursday the thirteenth day of July next ensuing, between the hours of twelve and two in the afternoon, to nominate and choose the Sixteen Peers to sit and vote in the House of Peers, in the said ensuing Parliament, by open Election and plurality of voices of the Peers that shall be then present, and of the Proxies of such as shall be absent (such Proxies being Peers, and producing a Man-

Mandate in writing, duly signed before witnesses, and both the Constituent and Proxy being qualified according to law). And the Lord Clerk Register, or such two of the Principal Clerks of the Session as shall be appointed by him to officiate in his name, are hereby respectively required to attend such Meeting, and to administer the Oaths required by law to be taken there by the said Peers, and to take their votes; and immediately after such Election made and duly examined, to certify the names of the Sixteen Peers so elected, and to sign and attest the same in the presence of the said Peers the Electors, and return such Certificate into Our High Court of Chancery of Great Britain. And We do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly command and require the Provost of Edinburgh, and all other the Magistrates of the said City, to take especial care to preserve the peace thereof, during the time of the said election; and to prevent all manner of Riots, Tumults, Disorders, and Violence whatsoever. And We strictly charge and command, that this Our Royal Proclamation be duly published at the Market-Cross at Edinburgh, and in all the county towns of Scotland, twenty-five days, at least, before the time hereby appointed for the meeting of the said Peers to proceed to such election.

Witness Ourself at Westminster, this second day of June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and in the seventh year of Our reign:

GOD save the KING.

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 29th of May
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to appoint Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Warde, Governor of the island of Barbadoes, he this day took the usual oaths appointed to be taken by the Governors of His Majesty's Plantations.

Westminster, May 31, 1826.

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read*; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for applying a sum out of the consolidated fund, and the surplus of the grants of the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, to the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and for further appropriating the supplies granted in this Session of Parliament.

An

An Act to permit foreign corn, meal, and flour warehoused, to be taken out for home consumption; until the 16th day of August one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six.

An Act to empower His Majesty to admit foreign corn for home consumption under certain limitations, until the 1st day of January one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, or for six weeks after the commencement of the then next ensuing Session of Parliament, if Parliament shall not then be sitting.

An Act to amend the law in respect to the offence of stealing from gardens and hot-houses.

An Act to explain an Act of the fifty-third year of the reign of His late Majesty, respecting the enrolment of memorials of grants of annuities.

An Act for further extending the powers of an Act for vesting in Commissioners the bridges building over the Menai Straits and the river Conway, and the harbours of Howth and Holyhead, and the road from Dublin to Howth, and for the further improvement of the road from London to Holyhead.

An Act for consolidating the trusts of the several turnpike-roads in the neighbourhood of the Metropolis, north of the river Thames.

An Act to extend to Charing-cross, the Strand, and places adjacent, the powers of an Act for making a more convenient communication from Marylebone-park, and to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's woods, forests, and land revenues to grant leases of the site of Carlton Palace.

An Act to vest in the Commissioners of His Majesty's woods, forests, and land revenues, the powers of several Acts for the improvement of the streets near Westminster Hall and the Houses of Parliament, and to authorize the conversion of the pavements in several parts of the metropolis into broken stone roads.

An

• An Act for consolidating and amending the laws relating to prisons in Ireland.

An Act to consolidate and amend the laws which regulate the levy and application of church rates and parish cesses, and the election of churchwardens, and the maintenance of parish clerks in Ireland.

An Act to consolidate the laws in force in Ireland for the disappropriation of benefices annexed to dignities, and for the appropriation of others in their stead, and for uniting benefices with dignities, and to make further provisions for the like purposes.

An Act for making and maintaining a railway or tram-road from the city of Limerick to the town of Carrick, in the county of Tipperary, with several branches therefrom, in the county of Tipperary aforesaid, and in the county of the city of Waterford.

An Act to amend an Act of His late Majesty's reign for confirming certain articles of agreement between the company of proprietors of the Grand Junction Canal, and certain persons for supplying with water the inhabitants of Paddington and places adjacent, in the county of Middlesex, and also an Act of His said late Majesty's reign, to alter certain Acts relating to the Grand Junction Canal the Grand Junction Water-works, and the Regent's Canal, in order to effect an exchange of water for the better supply of the Regent's Canal Navigation and Grand Junction Water-works, and for amending the powers vested in the Grand Junction Water-works Company, and for other purposes relating thereto.

An Act to repeal an Act of the twenty-fourth year of His late Majesty King George the Third, for the better relief and employment of the poor belonging to several parishes within the town of Shrewsbury, and the liberties thereof, in the county
of

of Salop, and to make other provisions in lieu thereof.

And one private Act.

Carlton-House, June 1, 1826.

This day the Baron de Stierneld, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sweden, had a private audience of His Majesty to deliver a letter from his Sovereign; to which he was introduced by the Right Honourable George Canning, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knight, Master of the Ceremonies.

Carlton-House, May 29, 1826.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-Colonel William Lewis Herries, Deputy Quartermaster-General of His Majesty's Forces in the Mediterranean, Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Whitehall, June 2, 1826.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Charles Watkin Williams Wynn; Henry Earl Bathurst, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, the Right Honourable George Canning, and the Right Honourable Robert Peel, His Majesty's three Principal Secretaries of State; Robert Banks, Earl of Liverpool, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, First Commissioner of His Majesty's Treasury; the Right Honourable Frederick John Robinson, Chancellor of His Majesty's Exchequer; Arthur Duke of Wellington, Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter; James Brownlow William Marquess of Salisbury; John Baron Teignmouth; the Right Honourable John Sullivan; the Right Honourable Sir George Warrender, Bart.; Joseph Phillimore, Doctor of Laws; and William Yates Peel, Esq. His Majesty's Commissioners for the affairs of India.

Whitehall, June 1, 1826.

The King has been pleased to nominate the Reverend Henry Francis Lyte, A. B. to the new district church in the parish of Lower Brixham, in the county of Devon and diocese of Exeter, void by the resignation of the Reverend Robert Holdsworth.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 6,
 1826.

Court of King's-Bench, June 5, 1826.

THE following Warrant, under the King's Sign Manual, having been issued under the authority of the Statute 3 George IVth, cap. 102, was this day openly and publicly notified and declared in this Court, in pursuance of the said Statute, viz.

GEORGE, R.

Whereas by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament holden in the third year of Our reign, intituled " An Act to repeal an Act, of the first and second year of His present Majesty, for facilitating the dispatch of business in the Court of King's-Bench, and to make further provisions in lieu thereof," it is, among other things, enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for Us, Our heirs and successors, and We and They are thereby authorized, from time to time, as to Us or Them shall seem meet, by Warrant under Our or Their Sign Manual, directed to the Judges of Our said Court, to direct and require the Judges of Our said Court, or any two or more of them, to meet at Serjeants-Inn-Hall, Westminster-Hall, or some other convenient place to be by them appointed, on such and so many days in the vacation or interval between any Terms as to Us, Our heirs and successors, shall seem fit and proper, for the dispatch of such matters, as at the end of the Term mentioned

1826. A a tioned

tioned in such Warrant may be depending in Our said Court, whether on the Crown or Plea side thereof; and whereas We have been given to understand, that numerous matters are now depending in Our said Court, which cannot be dispatched during this present Trinity Term, and which ought to be dispatched with all convenient speed; now, therefore, We do hereby, in pursuance of the said Act, direct and require you the Lord Chief Justice and the other Judges of Our said Court before Us, or any two or more of you, to meet at Serjeants-Inn-Hall, Westminster-Hall, or some other convenient place to be by you appointed according to the said Act, on Thursday the fifteenth day of this instant June, and from thence daily until and upon Saturday the twenty-fourth day of June instant, and also on Monday the thirtieth day of October next, and from thence daily to the end of the then current week, if the state of the business shall appear to you to make it requisite so to do, for the dispatch of such matters as may be depending in Our said Court at the end of the present Trinity Term, whether on the Crown or Plea side thereof.

Given at Our Court at Carlton-House, the second day of June one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, in the seventh year of Our reign.

By His Majesty's command,

ROBERT PEEL.

*To the Lord Chief Justice and other the
Judges of Our Court before Us.*

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 10,
1826.*Whitehall, June 7, 1826.*

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, constituting and appointing the Right Honourable Robert Banks, Earl of Liverpool, K. G.; the Right Honourable Frederick John Robinson; William Lowther, Esq. (commonly called Viscount Lowther; Granville Charles Henry Somerset, Esq. (commonly called Lord Granville Charles Henry Somerset); and Francis Nathaniel Conyngham, Esq. (commonly called Earl of Mount-Charles); and also Edmund Alexander MacNaghten, Esq. to be Commissioners for executing the offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain, and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

Whitehall, June 10, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable William FitzGerald Vesey FitzGerald to be Paymaster-General of the Forces.

Whitehall, June 8, 1826.

The King has been pleased to nominate and appoint Rear-Admiral Robert-Waller Otway to be a Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

Whitehall, June 5, 1826.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend William Lloyd to the Rectory of Narberth, with the Chapel of Robeston Walthan, in the county of Pembroke and diocese of St. David's, void by the death of the Reverend Doctor Symmons.

War-Office, 9th June 1826.

His Majesty has been pleased to approve of the 69th Foot bearing on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to the Regiment, the word

“ *India,*”

as a lasting testimony of the services of that Corps in India, from the year 1805 to 1825.

FROM THE
SUPPLEMENT

TO THE
LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 10,
1826.

India-Board, June 10, 1826.

DISPATCHES have been received at the East India-House from the Government of Bengal; with inclosures, of which the following are extracts and copies :

Extract of a Dispatch from His Excellency General Lord Combermere, G. C. B. Commander in Chief, to the Right Honourable Lord Amherst, Governor-General, &c. &c. &c. dated Head-Quarters, Camp, before Bhurtpoor, December 23, 1825.

I HAVE the honour to acquaint your Lordship, that the engineers having reported to me that they were prepared for commencing operations against the town of Bhurtpoor, I this morning advanced a force into the jungle, and took possession of the small places called Kuddum Kundee and Buldeo Singh's Garden, which afford cover for the troops, and on being joined by a covered way will form the first parallel, at a distance from the fort of about eight hundred yards. I expect that this parallel, with a mortar-battery of twenty pieces at the Garden, and a gun-battery of six eighteen-pounders at Kuddum Kundee, will be prepared by to-morrow morning, when we shall return their fire.

I have

I have inclosed, for your Lordship's information, a sketch of the country round Bhurtpoor, shewing the encampment of the troops, and I hope to-morrow to be enabled to forward a plan of the intended works; in the mean time I beg to observe, that our operations will, in the first instance, be directed against the north-east angle of the town.

The return of casualties in the army this day has not yet been received, but no loss was experienced in taking possession of the ground this morning; and though the enemy have kept up a constant fire during the day, it has been by no means injurious.

A return of casualties since the 14th instant is herewith transmitted; our loss at present has been confined to a few casual shot from the fort, at our reconnoitering parties, and some trifling skirmishes with the enemy's cavalry outside of the fort, who have endeavoured to harass our foraging parties.

Being desirous of saving the women and children in the fort from the horrors of a siege, I addressed a letter, on the 21st instant, to Doorjun Sal, calling upon him to send them out of the fort, promising them a safe conduct through our camp, and allowing him twenty-four hours for the purpose; having received an evasive reply, I have again sent to him, allowing him a further extension of the time for twelve hours. To this letter I have not yet received an answer, though he must have received it yesterday afternoon.

Return of Casualties in the Second Division of the Army, under the Command of Major-General Nicolls, on the 15th December 1825.

11th Regiment N. 1.—3 privates wounded, 2 missing, supposed to be killed while skirmishing.
31st Ditto—1 private wounded.

W. L. WATSON, Adj.-Gen.

Return of Killed, Wounded and Missing of the outlying Picquet of H. M. 11th Light Dragoons, and a Foraging Party of the 4th Regiment Light Cavalry, on the 20th and 21st December 1825.

H. M. 11th Light Dragoons—1 lieutenant, 2 privates, 4 horses, wounded.
4th Light Cavalry—1 corporal, 2 privates, 4 horses, wounded.

Officer wounded.

Lieutenant Wymer, slightly.

W. L. WATSON, Adj.-Gen.

Extract of a Dispatch from His Excellency General Lord Combermere, G. C. B. Commander in Chief, to the Right Honourable Lord Amherst, Governor-General, &c. &c. &c. dated Head-Quarters, Camp, before Bhurtpoor, 26th December 1825.

I HAVE the honour to acquaint your Lordship that, since my dispatch of the 23d instant, the works against the town of Bhurtpoor, have proceeded as regularly as I could have expected, and with very little opposition from the enemy, except on the night of the 24th, when the working parties were a good deal annoyed by the enemy's match-lock men.

On

On the morning of the 24th, a battery of eight eighteen-pounders in front of Kuddum Kundee, and one of six mortars, which in the course of the day was encreased to fifteen in front of Buldeo Singh's garden, were opened, and this morning the advanced battery between those positions, as shewn in the sketch sent to your Lordship, was completed with five eighteen-pounders and five twenty-four pounders at a distance from the north-east angle of about two hundred and fifty yards, by means of which the defences on the east face of the work, as far as the large projecting bastion, have been in a great measure destroyed.

The approach from Buldeo Singh's garden, towards the north-face of the town, will be commenced this night.

I beg to inclose a return of casualties to the 24th instant, inclusive; I fear that I shall be for some time deprived of the very efficient services of Captain Smith, of the Engineers, who has unfortunately received a severe contusion on the left shoulder from a spent shot from a jingal.

My endeavours to save the unfortunate women and children have failed. Several Ryots with their families have however escaped from the town.

General Return of Casualties in the Army before Bhurtpoor, from the 23d to 25th December 1825, inclusive.

7 privates killed.

1 captain, 1 ensign, 1 serjeant, 1 havildar, 3 naiks, 38 privates, wounded.

Names of Officers wounded.

Captain Smith, Engineers; Ensign Geils, 60th Regt. N. I.

W. L. WATSON, Adj.-Gen.

Copy

Copy of a Dispatch from His Excellency General Lord Combermere, G. C. B. Commander in Chief, to the Right Honourable Lord Amherst, Governor-General, &c. &c. &c. dated Head-Quarters, Camp, before Bhurtpoor, 29th December 1825.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to acquaint your Lordship that the engineers were employed from the night of the 26th instant, (the date of my last dispatch), until the morning of the 28th, in forming the approach to and constructing a battery bearing on the north-face of the north-east angle of the town at a distance of about two hundred and fifty yards from the walls, and on the same afternoon the battery was armed with four eighteen-pounders and eight twenty-four-pounders; last night a second parallel, connecting the two advanced batteries, was commenced and is now completed.

The next work intended is to run a trench to the southward, and construct a battery bearing on the curtain to the southward of the large northern bastion.

I beg to acquaint your Lordship that, on the evening of the 26th, a small party of the enemy's horse effected their escape from the west of the town: an attempt having been again made by about two hundred horsemen on the night of the 27th, they were attacked by our picquets and nearly all either killed or taken prisoners. I regret to observe that three Officers were wounded on this occasion, though otherwise our loss was trivial. Inclosed I transmit, for your Lordship's information, Brigadier-General Sleigh's report of the affair.

I have likewise the honour to inclose a return of the casualties in this army since the 26th instant, inclusive.

I have, &c.

COMBERMERE.

1826.

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Copy

Copy of a Report from Brigadier-General Sleigh to Lieutenant-Colonel Watson, Adjutant-General, dated Camp, Munswarra, 28th December 1825.

SIR,

FOR the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, I have the honour to report about two hundred of the enemy's horse left the Uttell Bund, between eight and nine o'clock last night, and, after feeling the picquet on the Arah-road, fell back under the walls of the fort until eleven o'clock, when they endeavoured to force their way by the Koombeer-road, and between the villages of Munswarra and Bussie. They were obliged to retire in the direction of the fort with the loss of thirty or forty men killed, fifteen wounded, and one hundred and seven prisoners ; ten or twelve succeeded in forcing their way through a part of the camp.

I regret to add, Captain Chambers, commanding the 9th light cavalry, with Captain Palmer and Lieutenant Brooke, have been wounded ; Captain Palmer severely by sabre cuts on the arm and leg.

I have, &c.

J. N. SLEIGH, Brigr.-Gen.

Commanding the Cavalry.

General Return of Casualties in the Army before Bhurtpoor, from the 26th to 29th December 1825, inclusive.

7 privates killed ; 2 captains, 1 lieutenant, 1 jemadar, 1 serjeant, 5 havildars, 32 privates, wounded.

Names of Officers wounded.

9th Regt. Light Cavalry—Captain Palmer, severely ; Captain Chambers and Lieutenant Brooke, slightly.

W. L. WATSON, Adj.-Gen.

Copy

Copy of a Dispatch from His Excellency General Lord Combermere, G. C. B. Commander in Chief, to the Right Honourable Lord Amherst, Governor-General, &c. &c. &c. dated Head-Quarters, Camp, before Bhurtpoor, 2d January 1826.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to acquaint your Lordship that, since my dispatch of the 29th ultimo, the engineers have been employed on the following works :

By the morning of the 30th, an advanced battery for two eight-inch howitzers was constructed, commanding the whole of the northern face of the north-east angle of the town and the ditch in front, with a trench connecting it with the advanced parallel, likewise the grand battery of twelve guns was augmented to sixteen.

By the 31st a battery of ten guns was constructed in front of the battery before Kuddeem Kundee, connected by a trench with the advanced parallel, and the sap was commenced on the counterscarp of the ditch on the north face.

By the 1st January a new mortar-battery was constructed to the left of the ten gun battery, and a similar one was commenced on the extreme right, the sap on the counterscarp was also extended fifty yards, and from thence the gallery for a mine towards the ditch on the north face was commenced.

Since that day these works have been in progress for completion, and I trust, that by to-morrow morning every thing will be prepared for commencing the intended breaches.

A battery for four eight-inch mortars is in preparation on the west side of the town, to play on the inner fort in concert with the batteries on this side.

It would seem that the enemy are determined to reserve to the last their means of defence, as our operations hitherto have never been materially interrupted; our loss consequently has been extremely small, though I regret to have to report the death of First Lieutenant Tindal, a promising young Engineer Officer, who was killed in the trenches yesterday.

I have the honour to inclose, for your Lordship's information, a return of the casualties in this army since the 29th ultimo, inclusive.

I have, &c.

COMBERMERE.

General Return of Casualties in the Army before Bhurtpoor, from the 29th December 1825, to the 1st January 1826, inclusive.

2 Europeans, 2 Natives, killed; 2 Europeans, 29 Natives, wounded.

Engineers—Lieutenant Tindal, killed by a cannon-shot on the night of the 1st January 1826.

W. L. WATSON, Adjt. Gen.

Copy of a Dispatch from His Excellency General Lord Combermere, G. C. B. Commander in Chief, to the Right Honourable Lord Amherst, Governor-General, &c. &c. &c. dated Head-Quarters, Camp, before Bhurtpoor, 5th January 1826.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to acquaint your Lordship that, since my dispatch of the 2d instant, the artillery have been actively employed in breaching the curtains to the right of the north-east bastion, and to the southward of the long-necked bastion on the left of our approaches. The ditches in front of
both

both curtains have been found dry, and from the ruggedness of the counterscarps, offer less obstacle than I had reason to expect; owing, however, to the extreme toughness of the walls, they have with difficulty been made to yield to our shot, but I trust, that in the course of three or four days at farthest, every thing will be prepared for our storming the town.

The engineers have been employed in driving the galleries of the mine, extending the sap in front of our left batteries, and in executing the necessary repairs to the batteries, also in constructing a small battery in front of the Jugeena-gate to destroy the defences on our right.

I beg to inclose a return of casualties to the 5th instant, and have the honour to be, &c.

COMBERMERE.

General Return of Casualties in the Army before Bhurtpoor, under the personal Command of His Excellency Lord Combermere, from the 1st to the 5th January 1826, inclusive.

Camp, before Bhurtpoor, 5th January 1826.

Foot Artillery—1 staff-serjeant, 1 golundauze, 1 bullock-driver, wounded.

Sappers and Miners—1 Lieutenant, 1 staff-serjeant, killed; 1 havildar, 4 privates, wounded. (Name of Officer killed, Lieutenant Tindal).

H. M. 14th Regiment—1 private killed.

11th Regiment N. I. — 1 staff-serjeant wounded.

21st Regiment N. I.—2 sepoy wounded.

23d Regiment N. I.—1 subadar wounded.

32d Regiment N. I.—1 staff-serjeant killed.

36th Regiment N. I.—1 captain (slightly), 1 sepoy, wounded. (Name of Officer wounded, Captain Godby).

37th Regiment N. I.—1 havildar, 6 sepoy, wounded.

63d Regiment N. I.—1 havildar wounded.

1st Nusseere Battalion—1 sepoy killed.

Total killed—1 Lieutenant, 2 staff-serjeants,
2 privates (European and Native).

Wounded—1 captain, 2 serjeants, 1 subadar,
3 havildars, 14 privates (European and Native),
1 bullock-driver. W. L. WATSON, A. G.

*Copy of a Dispatch from His Excellency General
Lord Combermere, G. C. B., Commander in
Chief, to the Right Honourable Lord Amherst,
Governor-General, &c. &c., dated Head Quarters,
Camp, before Bhurtpoor, 11th January 1826.*

MY LORD,

I HAVE delayed some days addressing your Lordship, in the hope that I should have been enabled to report the result of an assault on the town of Bhurtpoor. The breaches, however, have not yet been rendered practicable.

It having been ascertained that the batteries were not sufficient effectually to breach the walls, a mine was commenced on the evening of the 6th instant, in the scarp of the ditch, on the northern face, to improve the right breach; the engineers, however, fearing a discovery, should they continue their operations during the day, sprung it at day light on the following morning, when not sufficiently advanced to have any material effect on the wall.

A second attempt was made, when our miners were driven away, having been countermined from the interior, before they had entered many feet. This gallery was subsequently blown in by us having discovered that the enemy were keeping watch in it.

Brigadier Anbury having represented to me that
it

it was his decided opinion that the breach was not sufficiently easy to authorize his reporting it practicable, I was induced to delay the assault, waiting the result of two mines, which he is now driving into the curtain, from the sap, and under the ditch. Much as I must regret this unexpected delay, I feel a consolation in a hope that the place will eventually be stormed with comparative facility to the troops.

The mines under the counterscarpe of the ditch, in front of the right breach, have been sprung with success, and similar ones are nearly ready in front of the left breach.

A serious accident occurred on the night of the 8th instant, by the blowing up of several tumbrils in rear of the old mortar battery, in front of Buldeo Singh's garden, setting fire to a number of cotton bags collected there, and destroying about twenty-thousand pounds weight of ammunition. I am happy, however, to state that the loss in lives was not so extensive as might have been expected, only eight sepoys and some few labourers having been killed; the explosion was occasioned by a shot from the fort, passing through one of the tumbrils.

I beg to inform your Lordship, that Doorjun Sal having sent a message, offering to come over to my camp, and declare Bulwunt Sing Rajah, he was informed that he would be received in camp, but that hostilities would not be suspended until the town and fort should be unconditionally surrendered, since which no serious proposition has been received from him.

I beg to inclose, for your Lordship's information, a return of casualties which have occurred since the 5th instant, and have the honour to be, &c.

COMBERMERE.

General Return of Casualties in the Army before Bhurtpoor, from the 5th to the 11th January 1826.

Killed—2 naicks, 22 privates.

Wounded—1 lieutenant-colonel, 1 ensign, 2 soubadars, 2 jemadars, 2 havildars, 1 serjeant, 3 naicks, 54 privates; 2 horses killed, and 1 wounded.

Officers wounded.

33d Regt. N. I.—Lieutenant-Colonel Faithfull, severely not dangerously; Ensign Campbell, slightly.

W. L. WATSON, Adjt. Gen.

A DISPATCH has also been received at the East India-House from the Governor-General in Council, dated 29th January 1826; of which dispatch, and of its inclosures, the following are copies :

Copy of a Letter from the Governor-General in Council, at Fort William, in Bengal, to the Court of Directors of the East India Company, dated 29th January 1826.

HONOURABLE SIRS,

WE have the honour to transmit to your Honourable Court, the accompanying copy of a dispatch from his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, dated the 19th instant, announcing the capture of the fortified town and citadel of Bhurtpoor, and to offer our most cordial congratulations on this highly important and glorious event.

We have, &c.

AMHERST.

J. H. HARRINGTON.

W. B. BAYLEY.

Copy

Copy of a Dispatch from His Excellency General Lord Combermere, G. C. B., Commander-in-Chief, to the Right Honourable Lord Amherst, Governor-General, &c &c. &c., dated Headquarters, Bhurtpoor, 19th January 1826.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the satisfaction to acquaint your Lordship, that the town and citadel of Bhurtpoor fell yesterday morning to the British army under my command.

Since my dispatch of the 11th instant, the whole attention of the engineers was directed towards the completion of the mines under the projecting bastion on the left, and the north east angle on the right.

On the 14th instant, a mine, under the bastion on the left, was precipitately exploded, and failed in its object. I therefore directed two more mines to be driven into that bastion, which were blown on the 16th, and, with the aid of a day's battering, an excellent breach was made.

The explosion of the mine under the north east angle, at eight o'clock yesterday morning, was the signal for the storm, when the columns, composed of Brigadier-General M'Combe's brigade on the right, and Brigadier-General Edwards's brigade on the left, advanced with the greatest order, gallantry and steadiness, and, notwithstanding a determined opposition on the part of the enemy, carried the breaches. In the course of two hours, though vigorously and bravely defended at every gate-way and bastion, the whole rampart surrounding the town, together with the command of the gates of the citadel, were in our possession; Major-General Nicolls having moved his column to the left, until he met a detachment of His Majesty's 14th foot,

commanded by Major Everard, at the Kombheergate. The citadel was surrendered at about four o'clock.

I regret to state that the mine having exploded in an unexpected direction, several men of His Majesty's 14th foot, at the head of the column of attack, lost their lives, and Brigadier-General M'Combe, Brigadier Patton, and Captain Irvine, Major of Brigade of engineers, received severe contusions.

Having directed Brigadier-General Sleigh, commanding the cavalry, to prevent the escape of the enemy's troops, after the assault, I am happy to say that he made such a disposition of his forces, that he succeeded in securing Dooijun Sal, who with his wife, two sons, and a hundred and sixty chosen horse, attempted to force a passage through the 8th light cavalry

I cannot compute the loss of the enemy at less than four thousand killed, and, owing to the disposition of the cavalry, hardly a man, bearing arms, escaped. Consequently, as by the surrender of the town, all the stores, arms and ammunition are in our possession, I may say that the whole military power of the Bhurtpoor State has been annihilated. The prisoners, after having been disarmed, were set free.

I have the pleasure to acquaint your Lordship, that the conduct of every one engaged was marked by a degree of zeal which calls for my unqualified approbation but I must particularly remark the behaviour of His Majesty's 14th regiment, commanded by Major Everard, and 59th, commanded by Major Fuller; these corps having led the columns of assault, by their steadiness and determination decided the events of the day.—Two companies of the 1st European regiment, leading a small column under Lieutenant-Colonel Wilson, co-operating with Major-General Nicoll's attack,
be-

behaved with equal gallantry. The 6th regiment of Native infantry, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Pepper, one wing of the 41st by Major Hunter, the 23d by Lieutenant-Colonel Nation, the 31st by Lieutenant-Colonel Baddeley, the 60th by Lieutenant-Colonel Bowyer, the grenadier company of the 35th, and light company of the 37th, which corps followed the Europeans in the assault, proved themselves worthy of the distinguished places they held, as did the Sirmoor battalion, which covered the advance.

I beg to acquaint your Lordship, that since I assumed the command of this army, I have received the most effectual support and assistance from Major-Generals Reynell and Nicolls. The excellent dispositions made by them for the attack, as well as the manner in which they conducted it, entitle them to my warmest thanks, and I therefore beg most strongly to recommend them to your Lordship's notice.

Brigadier MacLeod, C. B., commanding the artillery, Brigadiers Hetzler and Brown, as well as every Officer and private of the artillery, performed their arduous and fatiguing duties throughout the siege in the most exemplary manner, and will, I trust, meet with your Lordship's approbation.

Brigadier Anbury, C. B., and the Engineer Officers, as also the Native Officers and privates of that valuable corps, the sappers and miners, and the pioneer corps, performed the harassing duties allotted to them with a cheerfulness, courage, and zeal which demand my acknowledgements, and I beg to recommend them to your Lordship accordingly. The result of our operations proves the efficiency of the Brigadier's plans.

The services rendered by Brigadier-General Sleigh, C. B., commanding the cavalry, during the whole siege, have been most important, and I beg to recommend him, as well as Brigadiers Childers

and Murray, C. B., to your Lordship's notice ; and I cannot pass over in silence the general good and active conduct of the cavalry, and the spirited manner in which they volunteered their services when I conceived (before the arrival of the 1st European regiment) that it might have been expedient to employ them in the storm.

I must also bring under your Lordship's particular notice, Lieutenant-Colonel Skinner, and the two regiments of Native irregular cavalry under his command, who have performed every service that has been required of them in a manner which merits my entire approbation. -

To Brigadier-Generals Adams, C. B., MacCombe, and Edwards, Brigadiers Whitehead, Patton, C. B., and Fagan, my acknowledgements are due for the manner in which they have so ably conducted the duties assigned to them, and I therefore recommend them to your Lordship's favourable notice.

I received every assistance from Major-General Sir Samford Whittingham and Lieutenant-Colonel MacGregor, Quarter-Master-General and Acting-Adjutant-General of the King's troops.

The eminent and zealous services of Lieutenant-Colonel Watson, and Lieutenant-Colonel Stevenson, Adjutant-General and Quarter-Master-General of the army, demand my warmest thanks, and I beg particularly to bring them under your Lordship's notice, as also the Officers of their respective departments.

The arrangements made by Lieutenant-Colonel Cunliffe, Commissary-General, for the supply of the army, were most efficient, and I have much pleasure in recommending him to your Lordship.

I also request to bring to your Lordship's notice Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable John Finch, my military secretary, and the Officers composing my personal staff, from whom I received every aid.

The

The situations in which Lieutenant-Colonel Delamaine, 58th N. I., Lieutenant-Colonel Wilson, commanding a detachment, Majors Hunter, 41st N. I., Everard, H. M. 14th, Fuller, H. M. 59th, and Bisshopp, of H. M. 14th, were placed, gave them opportunities for distinguishing themselves, of which they took every advantage. Captain Irvine, Major of Brigade of engineers, also brought himself under my particular observation during the course of the siege.

Major-Generals Reynell and Nicolls, and Brigadier-General Sleigh, have expressed their entire satisfaction with the assistance they received from the Officers of their general and personal staff.

The returns of killed and wounded have not yet been received, but I am happy to be able to state that they are few, considering the service on which the troops have been employed. I, however, transmit a return of the Officers who have been reported. I regret that the service has lost three valuable Officers in Captain Armstrong, H. M. 14th, Captain Pitman, H. M. 59th, and Captain Brown, of the 31st Regt. N. I., who fell leading their men on the ramparts. Brigadier-General Edwards, who was wounded gallantly leading his brigade, is also, I fear, past recovery.

I have sent this dispatch by my Aide-de-Camp Captain Dawkins, who will also take two of the enemy's standards, of which I request your Lordship's acceptance, and in referring to Captain Dawkins for any further information which your Lordship may require, I beg to recommend him to your protection.

I have the honour to be, &c.

COMBERMERE.

*List of Officers killed and wounded in the Assault
of Bhurtpoor, on the 18th January 1826.*

Killed.

Captain Armstrong, H. M. 14th Foot; Captain
Pitman, H. M. 59th; Captain Brown, 31st N. I.

Wounded.

Staff.—Brigadier-General MacCombe, commanding
1st brigade; Brigadier-General Edwards, com-
manding 2d brigade, dangerously; Brigadier
R. Patton, C. B. commanding 5th brigade;
Major Beatson, D. A. G.; Captain Campbell,
M. B.

Engineers.—Captain Colvin, Captain Irvine, M. B.
Artillery.—Lieutenant MacGregor.

14th Foot.—Lieutenant Stack, Lieutenant Daly.

59th Foot.—Lieutenant Long, Lieutenant Hootor,
Lieutenant Pitman, Mr. Wright, Volunteer.

1st European Regiment.—Captain Davidson, Lieu-
tenant Warren, Lieutenant Candy.

23d N. I.—Lieutenant-Colonel S. Nation.

31st N. I.—Captain Heptinstall.

41st N. I.—Major George Hunter.

58th N. I.—Captain John Hunter, Lieutenant
Turner, Lieutenant Lumsdaine.

N. B. This is from private information, no re-
turn having been received.

W. L. WATSON, A. G.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 13,
1826.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, June 13, 1826.

ORDERS for the Court's going into mourning, on Sunday next the 18th instant, for Her late Imperial Majesty the Empress Elizabeth of Russia, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk, fringed or plain linen, white gloves, necklaces and ear-rings, black or white shoes, fans and tippets.

Undress—White or grey lustrings, tabbies or damasks.

The Gentlemen to wear black, full trimmed, fringed or plain linen, black swords and buckles.

Undress—Grey frocks.

The Court to change the mourning on Sunday the 2d of July next, viz.

The Ladies to wear black silk or velvet, coloured ribbons, fans and tippets, or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuffs, with black ribbons

The Gentlemen to wear black coats, and black or plain white, or white and gold, or white and silver stuff waistcoats, full trimmed, coloured swords and buckles.

And on Sunday the 9th of July next, the Court to go out of mourning.

India-Board, June 12, 1826.

A DISPATCH, dated the 26th January 1826, has been received at the East India-House from the Government of Bengal, inclosing a copy of a dispatch from Commodore Sir James Brisbane, C. B. to that Government, of which the following is an extract:

Patanagoh, January 2, 1826.

I CANNOT deny myself the gratification of congratulating your Lordship in Council on the happy termination of the war in Ava, by a Treaty of Peace, the terms of which will, I hope, be found not less honourable than advantageous. Deeply penetrated with the distinguished attention which has been shewn me by the Commissioners, in inviting me to become a party in the late negotiations, it is no less flattering to my own feelings than creditable to the naval branch of the expedition, and well calculated to harmonize the two professions. My employment enables me to bring under the consideration of the Supreme Government, the conduct of the Officers and other individuals of the Honourable Company's Bombay marine, and of other establishments connected with the flotilla, as more particularly described in the inclosure. More promptitude, zeal, and gallantry could not have been displayed by the members of any service, than they have invariably exhibited throughout a long and arduous contest. In short, they vied with the navy in the performance of the most laborious duties. The native crews of the gun-boats have shewn the greatest cheerfulness under fatigue and privations, and a firmness under fire, at once highly creditable to themselves and to those through whose provision and regularity they have been brought into that efficient state.

Names

Names of the Officers belonging to the Honourable Company's Service, &c. who were attached to the Flotilla on the Irrawaddy, under the Command of Commodore Sir James Brisbane, Bart. and C. B.

Officers commanding Divisions of Gun-Boats.

Lieutenant Nagle, H. M. 47th Regiment.

Lieutenants Rowband and Laughton, Honourable Company's Bombay Marine.

Messrs. Lindquist, Huttin, Ravenscroft, and Crawford, Bengal Pilot Service.

Officers commanding Gun-Boats.

Messrs. Robson, Power, Leggatt, and Cooper, Bengal Pilot Service.

The Honourable Company's steam-vessel *Diana*, commanded by Mr. Geo. Winsor (Admiralty Mate of the *Alligator*), was of the most essential service.

In addition to the above force, thirteen men of war's boats, under the direction of Captain Chads, of the Royal Navy, composed the light division of the flotilla, which, with fifty-six gun-vessels and row-boats, were under the immediate controul of the Commodore.

JAS. BRISBANE, Commodore:

Foreign-Office, June 9, 1826.

The King has been pleased to approve of Mr. John William Gibsone, as Consul at Liverpool for His Majesty the King of Prussia.

Crown-Office, June 12, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

City of Canterbury.

Stephen Rumbold Lushington, Esq.

The Honourable Edward Bligh, commonly called
Lord Clifton.

Town of Southampton.

William Chamberlayne, of Weston-grove, in the
parish of Saint Mary Extra, in the county of
Southampton, Esq.

Abel Rous Dottin, of Bugle-hall, in the town of
Southampton, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 17,
1826.

Whitehall, June 13, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignities of Earl and Marquess of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto Frederick William Earl of Bristol, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the names, stiles and titles of Earl Jermyn, of Horningsherth, in the county of Suffolk, and Marquess of Bristol.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters
patent

patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto William Marquess of Thomond, Knight of the Most Illustrious Order of Saint Patrick, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile and title of Baron Tadcaster, of Tadcaster, in the county of York.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto Ulick John Marquess of Clanricarde, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile and title of Baron Somerhill, of Somerhill, in the county of Kent.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto James Earl of Balcarras, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile and title of Baron Wigan, of Haigh-Hall, in the county palatine of Lancaster.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto Thomas Viscount Northland, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile and title of Baron Ranfurly, of Ramphorlie, in the county of Renfrew.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto the Right Honourable Sir Charles Long, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name,

stile and title of Baron Farnborough, of Bromley-Hill-Place, in the county of Kent.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto Sir John Fleming Leicester, Baronet, Colonel of His Majesty's Regiment of Cheshire Yeomanry, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile and title of Baron De Tabley, of Tabley-House, in the county palatine of Chester.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto James Archibald Stuart Wortley Mackenzie, of Wortley-Hall, in the county of York, and of Belmont-Castle, in the county of Perth, Esquire, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile and title of Baron Wharnccliffe, of Wortley, in the said county of York.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto Charles Duncombe, Esquire, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile and title of Baron Feversham, of Duncombe-Park, in the county of York.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, unto Charles Rose Ellis, Esquire, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile and title of Baron Seaford, of Seaford, in the county of Sussex.

Crown-Office, June 16, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

Town of Poole.

Benjamin Lester Lester, of the town and county
of Poole, Esq.

The Honourable William Francis Spencer Pon-
sonby, of Great Canford, in the county of
Dorset.

Town of Kingston-upon-Hull.

Augustus John O'Neill, Esq.

Daniel Sykes, Esq.

City of Lincoln.

John Nicholas Fazakerley, of Stoodley, in the
county of Devon, Esq.

Charles Delaet Waldo Sibthorp, of Canwick, in
the county of the city of Lincoln, Esq.

City of Norwich.

William Smith, Esq.

Jonathan Peel, Esq.

Town of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Sir Matthew White Ridley, Bart.

Cuthbert Ellison, Esq.

Whitehall, June 5, 1826.

The King has been pleased to nominate, con-
stitute, and appoint James Fergusson, Esq. Ad-
vocate, to be one of the Six Ordinary Clerks of
Session in Scotland, in the room of James Ferrier,
Esq. resigned.

White-

Whitehall, June 6, 1826.

The King has been pleased to nominate, constitute, and appoint Charles Ross, Esq. Advocate, to be one of the Four Commissaries of Edinburgh, in the room of James Fergusson, Esq. resigned.

Whitehall, June 7, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint Hugh Lumsden, Esq. Advocate, to be Sheriff Depute of the shire of Sutherland, in the room of Charles Ross, Esq. resigned.

Whitehall, June 13, 1826.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend James Walker to the church and parish of Muthil, in the presbytery of Auchterarder and county of Perth, vacant by the death of the Reverend John Russell.

The King has also been pleased to present the Reverend William Dow to the church and parish of Tongland, in the presbytery and stewartry of Kirkcudbright, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Thomas Brown to the church and parish of Saint John's, Glasgow.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 20,
1826.

Master of the Horse's Office, Pimlico,
June 19, 1826.

THE King has been graciously pleased to appoint William Henry Hervey Bathurst, Esq. Page of Honour to His Majesty in Ordinary, in the room of Lord Frederic Paulet, promoted in the Army.

Crown-Office, June 19, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

City of Exeter.

Samuel Trehawke Kekewich, Esq.
Lewis William Buck, Esq.

County of Durham.

John George Lambton, of Lambton-castle, in the said county, Esq
The Honourable William John Frederick Powlett, of Raby-castle, in the said county.

City of Durham.

Michael Angelo Taylor, of Whitehall, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
Sir Henry Hardinge, of No. 32, Grosvenor-place, in the county of Middlesex, K. C. B.

County

County of Hertford.

Sir John Saunders Sebright, of Flamstead, in the county of Hertford, Bart.

Nicolson Calvert, of Hunsdon, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Hertford.

Thomas Byron, Esq.

Thomas Slingsby Duncombe, Esq.

Borough of St. Alban.

Christopher Smith, Esq.

John Easthope, Esq.

County Borough of Carmarthen.

John Jones, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 24,
1826.

Admiralty-Office, June 22, 1826.

VICE-ADMIRAL Sir Harry Neale has transmitted to John Wilson Croker, Esq. a letter from Captain Hamilton, of His Majesty's ship *Cambrian*, inclosing a report from Captain George Hope Johnstone, of His Majesty's sloop *Alacrity*, of the destruction of four piratical vessels, on the 9th and 10th of April last, under the Greek islands of Ipsera and Andros.

The *Alacrity* having left Smyrna Bay on the 6th
of

of April, was passing the island of Ipsera on the morning of the 9th, when two misticoes, deceived by the manner in which Captain Hope Johnstone had disguised her being a brig of war, came out from under Autipsera, and gave chase to her. The Captain allowed them to near the Alacrity, but when within about two miles of her, they discovered that she was a vessel of war, and did their utmost to get away with sweeps and sails. The Alacrity made all sail to cut them off; and the boats were sent in chase of them, under the orders of Lieutenant Triscott, First of the Alacrity. After pulling more than thirteen miles, the boats forced the pirates to ground their vessels, and to fly on shore in Ipsera Mole, where they took up a position in front of some ruined houses near the Mole. The pirates were about fifty in number, more than double the number of the Alacrity's party; and on being asked to send their Leader to the Commander of the boats, they answered with a volley of musketry, which was promptly returned from the boats; Lieutenant Triscott, with his Officers and men, then leaped on shore, and the pirates fled, availing themselves of the shelter of the houses to escape to the hills. The boats returned to the Alacrity, bringing with them the two misticoes, which Captain Hope Johnstone caused to be burnt and scuttled, and two prisoners, a man and a boy, who reported that two of the pirates were wounded. No person of the Alacrity's party was hurt.

Early in the morning of the following day, the Alacrity being in the Doro Passage, Captain Hope Johnstone discovered two misticoes standing out from a bay in the island of Andros to cut her off; and observing them shortly after tack and stand back, he made all sail in chase, and sent the cutter to pursue them, under the command of Lieutenant Triscott. The crews of the misticoes, upwards of

sixty in number, landed, and took possession of an old tower, situated on a rock, which commanded the creek into which they had run their vessels; and as the cutter came near, they opened a very heavy fire of musketry on her, which was instantly and smartly returned, the boat pushing on in a most gallant and judicious manner. The *Alacrity* covered her with her guns, and fired several broadsides, which assisted to drive the pirates from the rocks. Lieutenant Triscott and his men, eighteen in all, landed, and pursued the pirates up the hills, keeping up a sharp fire on them; whilst the *Alacrity* anchored, and the Captain sent the other boats to assist. Shortly after the boats returned, and brought with them the two misticoes, which were burnt and scuttled, and three prisoners, one of them severely wounded. Two seamen and one marine were wounded in the *Alacrity's* cutter; and in setting one of the misticoes on fire, an explosion unfortunately took place, by which Lieutenant Wheatley was severely burnt.

Captain Hope Johnstone, in his report, expresses the highest approbation of the conduct of his Officers and men; and in transmitting the report, Sir Harry Neale, as well as Captain Hamilton, commend the active and spirited exertions of Captain Johnstone, and of Lieutenant Triscott, on those occasions.

Crown-Office, June 23, 1826.

**MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.**

City of London.

William Thompson, Esq. Citizen, Alderman, and
Ironmonger.

Robert Waithman, Esq. Citizen, Alderman, and
Frame-work Knitter.

William Ward, Esq. Citizen and Musician.

Matthew Wood, Esq. Citizen, Alderman, and
Fishmonger.

City of Worcester.

Thomas Henry Hastings Davies, Esq.

George Richard Robinson, Esq.

County of Derby.

The Honourable George Augustus Henry Cavendish
(commonly called Lord George Augustus Henry
Cavendish.

Francis Mundy, Esq.

Borough of Derby.

Henry Frederic Compton Cavendish, Esq.

Samuel Crompton, Esq.

County of Surrey.

William Joseph Denison, of Denbies, in the said
county, Esq.

Charles Nicholas Pallmer, of Norbiton, in the said
county, Esq.

Borough of Gatton.

William Scott, Esq. (commonly called the Ho-
nourable William Scott) of Grafton-street, in
the county of Middlesex.

Michael George Prendergast, of Clarges-street, in
the same county, Esq.

Borough of Haslemere.

The Right Honourable John Beckett, of Downing-street, in the county of Middlesex.

George Lowther Thompson, of Sheriff Hutton-park, in the county of York, Esq.

Borough of Bletchingley.

William Russell, of Brancepeth-castle, in the county of Durham, Esq.

Charles Tennyson, of Park-street, in the liberty of Westminster and county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Reigate.

Vice-Admiral Sir Joseph Sidney Yorke, one of the Knights Commanders of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

James Cocks, of Chesterfield-street, Mayfair, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Guldeford.

Arthur Onslow, Esq. of Sergeants'-inn, in the city of London, one of His Majesty's Sergeants at Law.

George Chapple Norton, of Garden-court, in the Middle Temple, in the city of London, Esq.

Borough of Southwark.

Charles Calvert, Esq.

Sir Robert Thomas Wilson, Knt.

County of Middlesex.

George Byng, Esq.

Samuel Charles Whitbread, Esq.

City of Westminster.

Sir Francis Burdett, Bart.

John Cam Hobhouse, Esq.

County of Nottingham.

Frank Sotheron, Esq. Vice-Admiral of the White Squadron of His Majesty's Fleet.

John Savile Lumley, Esq.

Borough of East Retford.

Sir Robert Lawrence Dundas, Knight Commander of the Bath.

William Battie Wrightson, Esq.

Borough of Newark-upon-Trent.

Lieutenant-General Sir William Henry Clinton, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

Henry Willoughby, Esq.

City of Gloucester.

Edward Webb, Esq.

Robert Bransby Cooper, Esq.

County of Gloucester.

Lieutenant-General the Right Honourable Sir Robert Edward Henry Somerset, Knight Commander of the Bath (commonly called Lord Robert Edward Henry Somerset).

Sir Berkeley William Guise, Bart.

Borough of Tewkesbury.

John Edmund Dowdeswell, Esq.

John Martin, Esq.

Borough of Cirencester.

The Right Honourable Henry George Bathurst (commonly called Lord Apsley).

Joseph Cripps, Esq.

Town of Nottingham.

Joseph Birch, of the Hasles, in the county palatine of Lancaster, Esq.

The Right Honourable George Augustus Henry Anne Parkyns, Baron Raneliffe, of the kingdom of Ireland.

City of Litchfield.

Lieutenant-General Sir George Anson, of Shugborough, in the county of Stafford, K. C. B.

George Granville Venables Vernon, of the Stableyard, Saint James, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

County of Linlithgow.

Lieutenant-General the Honourable Sir Alexander Hope, of Waughton, G. C. B.

County of Peebles.

Sir James Montgomery, of Stanhope, Bart.

County of Edinburgh.

Sir George Clerk, of Penicuik, Bart.

City of Edinburgh.

The Right Honourable William Dundas.

County of Haddington.

The Right Honourable John Hay (commonly called Lord John Hay).

County of Lincoln.

Charles Chaplin, of Blankney, in the said county, Esq.

Sir William Amcotts Ingilby, of Kettlethorpe, in the said county, Bart.

Borough of Stamford.

The Honourable Thomas Cecil (commonly called Lord Thomas Cecil).

Thomas Chaplin, Esq.

Borough of Grantham.

Frederick James Talmash, Esq.

Mountague John Cholmeley, Esq.

Borough of Boston.

Gilbert John Heathcote, Esq.

Neill Malcolm the younger, Esq.

Borough of Great Grimsby.

Charles Wood, Esq.

George Fieschi Heneage, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 27,
1826.

Crown-Office, June 26, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

County of Worcester.

The Honourable Henry Beauchamp Lygon, of
Maddersfield.

Sir Thomas Edward Winnington, Bart. of Stan-
ford-court.

Borough

Borough of Evesham.

Sir Charles Cockerell, Bart.
Edward Protheroe, jun. Esq.

Borough of Wich, otherwise Droitwich.

William Philip Earl of Sefton, of the kingdom of
Ireland.
John Hodgetts Hodgetts Foley, Esq.

Borough of Bewdley.

Wilson Aylesbury Roberts, Esq.

County of Kent.

William Philip Honeywood, Esq.
Sir Edward Knatchbull, Bart.

City of Rochester.

The Honourable Henry Dundas.
Ralph Bernal, Esq.

Borough of Queenborough.

John Capel, Esq.
Ulysses Baron Downes.

Borough of Maidstone.

John Wells, Esq.
Abraham Wildey Robarts, Esq.

County of Cardigan.

William Edward Powell, of Nanteos, in the county
of Cardigan, Esq.

Borough of Cardigan.

Pryse Pryse, of Gogertham, in the county of Car-
digan, Esq.

County of Cumberland.

Sir John Lowther, Bart.

John Christian Curwen, of Workington-hall, in the said county of Cumberland, Esq.

City of Carlisle.

Sir James Robert George Graham, Bart.

Sir Philip Musgrave, Bart.

Borough of Cockermouth.

The Honourable Randolph Stewart (commonly called Lord Viscount Garlies).

William Wilson Carus Wilson, Esq.

County of Merioneth.

Sir Robert William Vaughan, of Nannan, in the said county of Merioneth, Bart.

County of Pembroke.

Sir John Owen, of Orielton, in the said county of Pembroke, Bart.

Borough of Pembroke.

Hugh Owen Owen, of Orielton, in the county of Pembroke, Esq.

Town of Haverfordwest.

Richard Bulkeley Philipps Philipps, Esq.

County of Carmarthen.

The Honourable George Rice Rice Trevor, of Dynevor-castle, in the said county of Carmarthen.

City of Bristol.

Richard Hart Davis, of Conduit-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Henry Bright, of Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Esq

Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

Robert Cutlar Fergusson, of Orroland, Esq.

Crown-Office, June 26, 1826.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Summer Assizes, 1826.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

Sir Charles Abbott, Knt Lord Chief Justice.

Sir William Alexander, Knt. Lord Chief Baron.

Northamptonshire, Monday, July 3, at Northampton.

Rutlandshire, Friday, July 7, at Oakham.

Lincolnshire, Saturday, July 8, at the Castle of Lincoln.

City of Lincoln, The same day, at the City of Lincoln.

Nottinghamshire, Thursday, July 13, at Nottingham.

Town of Nottingham, The same day, at the Town of Nottingham.

Derbyshire, Saturday, July 15, at Derby.

Leicestershire, Wednesday, July 19, at the Castle of Leicester.

Borough of Leicester, The same day, at the Borough of Leicester.

City of Coventry, Saturday, July 22, at the City of Coventry.

Warwickshire, The same day, at Warwick.

NOR-

NORFOLK CIRCUIT.

Sir *William Draper Best*, Knt. Lord Chief Justice.
Mr. Justice *Bayley*.

Buckinghamshire, Monday, July 3, at *Buckingham*.

Bedfordshire, Thursday, July 6, at *Bedford*.

Huntingdonshire, Saturday, July 8, at *Huntingdon*.

Cambridgeshire, Monday, July 10, at *Cambridge*.

Suffolk, Thursday, July 13, at *Bury Saint Edmund's*.

Norfolk, Monday, July 17, at the Castle of *Norwich*.

City of Norwich, The same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.

HOME CIRCUIT.

Mr. Baron *Graham*.

Mr. Justice *Holroyd*.

Hertfordshire, Wednesday, July 5, at *Hertford*.

Essex, Monday, July 10, at *Chelmsford*.

Surrey, Monday, July 17, at *Guildford*.

Sussex, Wednesday, July 26, at *Lewes*.

Kent, Tuesday, August 1, at *Maidstone*.

OXFORD CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Burrough*.

Mr. Baron *Garrow*.

Berkshire, Monday, July 3, at *Abingdon*.

Oxfordshire, Wednesday, July 5, at *Oxford*.

Worcestershire, Saturday, July 8, at *Worcester*.

City of Worcester, The same day, at the City of *Worcester*.

Staffordshire, Thursday, July 13, at *Stafford*.

Shropshire, Tuesday, July 18, at *Shrewsbury*.

Herefordshire, Wednesday, July 26, at *Hereford*.

Monmouthshire, Monday, July 31, at *Monmouth*.

Gloucestershire, Thursday, August 3, at Gloucester.

City of Gloucester, The same day, at the City of Gloucester.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Park*.

Mr. Baron *Hullock*.

Yorkshire, Saturday, July 8, at the Castle of York.

City of York, The same day, at the Guildhall of the said City.

Durham, Saturday, July 22, at Durham.

Northumberland, Wednesday, July 26, at the Castle of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Newcastle-upon-Tyne, The same day, at the Guildhall of the said Town.

Cumberland, Monday, July 31, at Carlisle.

Westmorland, Saturday, August 5, at Appleby.

Lancashire, Tuesday, August 8, at the Castle of Lancaster.

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

Mr. Justice *Littleddale*.

Mr. Justice *Gaselee*.

Southampton, Monday, July 3, at the Castle of Winchester.

Wiltshire, Saturday, July 8, at New Sarum.

Dorsetshire, Thursday, July 13, at Dorchester.

Devonshire, Wednesday, July 19, at the Castle of Exeter.

City and County of Exeter, The same day, at the Guildhall of the City of Exeter.

Cornwall, Monday, July 31, at Bodmin.

Somersetshire, Saturday, August 5, at the City of Wells.

City and County of Bristol, Saturday, August 12, at the Guildhall of the City of Bristol.

CHESTER CIRCUIT.

The Honourable *Charles Warren*, Chief Justice.
The Honourable *Thomas Jervis*, His Majesty's
other Justice.

Montgomeryshire, Monday, July 24, at Pool.
Denbighshire, Saturday, July 29, at Ruthin.
Flintshire, Friday, August 4, at Mold.
Cheshire, Thursday, August 10, at Chester.

CARMARTHEN CIRCUIT.

Samuel Heywood, Esq. Serjeant at Law, Chief
Justice.

John Balguy, Esq. Justice.

Carmarthen, Wednesday, August 9.
Haverfordwest, Tuesday, August 15.
Cardigan, Monday, August 21.

SOUTH WALES CIRCUIT.

The Honourable *Michael Nolan*, Chief Justice.
The Honourable *Robert Mathew Casberd*.

Radnorshire, Monday, July 31.
Breconshire, Saturday, August 5.
Glamorganshire, Saturday, August 12.

NORTH WALES CIRCUIT.

The Honourable *Jonathan Raine*, Chief Justice.
The Honourable *William Kenrick*, other Justice.
Merionethshire, Thursday, August 3, at Dolgelly.
Carnarvonshire, Wednesday, August 9, at Car-
narvon.
Anglesey, Tuesday, August 15, at Beaumaris.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of JUNE 30,
1826.

Crown-Office, June 29, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

County of Oxford.

William Henry Ashhurst, Esq.
John Fane, Esq.

University of Oxford.

The Right Honourable Robert Peel, D. C. L. of
Christ Church.
Thomas Grimstone Bucknall Estcourt, M. A. of
Corpus Christi College.

City of Oxford.

James Haughton Langston, Esq.
John Ingram Lockhart, Esq.

Borough of New Woodstock.

The Right Honourable George Spencer Churchill
(commonly called Marquess of Blandford).
The Honourable Anthony Ashley Cooper (com-
monly called Lord Ashley).

Borough of Banbury.

The Honourable Arthur Charles Legge.

County

County of Devon.

Edmund Pollexfen Bastard, of Ketley, in the county of Devon, Esq

Sir Thomas Dyke Acland, of Kellerton, in the said county, Bart.

Borough of Ashburton.

The Right Honourable William Sturges Bourne, of Testwood, in the county of Southampton.

Sir Lawrence Vaughan Palk, of Haldon-house, in the county of Devon, Bart.

Borough of Tiverton.

The Right Honourable Dudley Ryder (commonly called Viscount Sandon).

The Right Honourable Richard Ryder, of Westbrook, in the county of Herts.

Borough of Clifton Dartmouth Hardness.

John Bastard, Esq.

John Hutton Cooper, Esq.

Borough of Oakhampton.

Sir Compton Domvile, of Santry-house, in the county of Dublin, in the kingdom of Ireland, Bart.

Joseph Holden Strutt, of Terling-place, in the county of Essex, Esq.

Borough of Honiton.

Josiah John Guest, of Dowlais-house, in the parish of Merthyr Tydvel, in the county of Glamorgan, Esq.

Harry Baines Lott, of Tracey-house, in the parish of Awliscombe, in the county of Devon, Esq.

Borough of Plymouth.

Sir William Congreve, Bart.

Sir Thomas Byam Martin, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath.

Borough of Beeralston.

The Right Honourable George Percy (commonly called Lord Lovaine).

The Honourable Percy Ashburnham, of His Majesty's Grenadier Regiment of Foot Guards.

Borough of Plympton Earle.

The Honourable George Edgcumbe, of Mount Edgcumbe, in the county of Devon.

Gibbs Crawford Antrobus, of Eaton-hall, in Cheshire, Esq.

Borough of Totness.

Thomas Peregrine Courtenay, Esq.

The Right Honourable Lord Viscount Barnard.

Borough of Barnstaple.

Frederick Hodgson, Esq.

Henry Alexander, Esq.

Borough of Tavistock.

The Right Honourable William Russell (commonly called Lord William Russell).

The Right Honourable Hugh Fortescue (commonly called Lord Viscount Ebrington).

County of Wilts.

John Benett, of Pythouse, in the said county, Esq.

Sir John Dugdale Astley, of Everleigh-house, in the same county, Bart.

City of New Sarum.

The Honourable William Pleydell Bouverie (commonly called Viscount Folkstone).

Wadham Wyndham, Esq.

Borough of Devizes.

John Pearse, of Chilton-lodge, in the county of Berks, Esq.

George Watson Taylor, of Erlestoke-park, in the county of Wilts, Esq.

Borough of Marlborough.

The Right Honourable George William Frederick Bruce (commonly called Earl Bruce).

The Right Honourable James Thomas Brudenell (commonly called Lord Brudenell).

Borough of Chippenham.

Ebenezer Fuller Maitland, of Shinfield-park, in the county of Berks, Esq.

Frederick Gye, of Wood-green, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Calne.

The Honourable James Abercromby, of Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Barrister at Law.

Sir James Macdonald, of Woolmer-lodge, in the county of Hants, Bart.

Borough of Malmesbury.

Sir Charles Forbes, of Fitzroy-square, in the county of Middlesex, Bart.

John Forbes, of the same place, Esq.

Borough of Cricklade.

Joseph Pitt, of Eastcourt, in the county of Wilts,
Esq.

Robert Gordon, of Kemble, in the same county,
Esq.

Borough of Hindon

The Honourable George Matthew Fortescue.

The Honourable Arthur Gough Calthorpe.

Borough of Old Sarum.

James Alexander, of Somerhill, in the county of
Kent, Esq.

Josias Dupre Alexander, of Hanover-square, in
the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Heytesbury.

Edward Henry a'Court, of Heytesbury, in the
county of Wilts, Esq.

Henry Stafford Northcote, of Pyne's-house, in the
county of Devon, Esq.

Borough of Westbury.

Sir Manasseh Masseh Lopes, Bart.

The Right Honourable Sir George Warrender,
Bart.

Borough of Wootton Bassett.

Horace Twiss, of the Inner Temple, London, Esq.

George Philips, of Sedgley, in the county of Lan-
caster, Esq.

Borough of Ludgershall.

The Honourable George James Welbore Agar
Ellis, of Spring-gardens, in the county of Mid-
dlesex.

Edward Thomas Foley, of Stoke Edith-park, in
the county of Hereford, Esq.

Borough

Borough of Wilton.

John Hungerford Penruddocke, Esq.
Edward Baker, Esq.

Borough of Downton.

Thomas Estcourt Grinston Bucknall Estcourt, of
New-park, in the county of Wilts, Esq.
Robert Southey, of Keswick, in the county of
Cumberland, Esq.

Borough of Great Bedwin.

The Right Honourable Sir John Nicholl, Knt.
John Jacob Buxton, Esq.

City of Coventry.

Richard Edensor Heathcote, Esq.
Thomas Bilcliffe Fyler, Esq.

County of Huntingdon.

The Right Honourable George Montagu (commonly
called Viscount Mandeville).
William Henry Fellowes, Esq.

Borough of Huntingdon.

John Calvert, Esq.
James Stuart, Esq.

County of Northampton.

William Ralph Cartwright, of Aynhoe, in the said
county of Northampton, Esq.
John Charles Spencer (commonly called Lord
Viscount Althorp).

City of Peterborough.

Sir Robert Heron, Bart.
James Scarlett, Esq.

Borough of Northampton.

Sir George Robinson, of Cranford, in the said county of Northampton, Bart.

William Leader Maberly, of Shirley-House, in the county of Surrey, Esq.

Borough of Brackley.

Robert Haldane Bradshaw, of Worsley-hall, in the county palatine of Lancaster, Esq.

James Bradshaw, Esq. a Captain in His Majesty's Navy.

Borough of Higham Ferrers.

The Honourable Frederick Ponsonby, of Bishop's-court, in the county of Kildare, in the kingdom of Ireland.

City of York.

Marmaduke Wyvill, of Constable Burton, in the county of York, Esq.

James Wilson, of Sneaton-castle, in the said county of York, Esq.

County of Anglesey.

Henry Paget, Esq. (commonly called Henry Earl of Uxbridge) of Plasnewydd, in the said county of Anglesey.

Borough of Beaumaris.

Sir Robert Williams, of Fryars, in the county of Anglesey, Baronet.

County of Carnarvon.

The Right Honourable Thomas John Lord Newborough, of Glynllison, in the said county of Carnarvon.

Borough of Carnarvon.

The Honourable William Paget, (commonly called Lord William Paget).

County

County of Monmouth.

Sir Charles Morgan, Bart.

Granville Charles Henry Somerset, Esq., (commonly called Lord Granville Charles Henry Somerset).

Borough of Monmouth.

The Honorable Henry Somerset (commonly called Marquess of Worcester).



FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 4,
1826.

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 1st of *June*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by a certain Act of Parliament, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act
" to regulate the trade of the British possessions
" abroad," after reciting that "by the Law of
" Navigation foreign ships are permitted to import
" into any of the British possessions abroad, from
" the countries to which they belong, goods, the
" produce of those countries, and to export goods
" from such possessions, to be carried to any
" foreign country wha... is expe-
" dient

“ dient that such permission should be subject to
 “ certain conditions ;” it is enacted “ that the
 “ privileges thereby granted to foreign ships
 “ shall be limited to the ships of those countries
 “ which, having colonial possessions, shall grant
 “ the like privileges of trading with those posses-
 “ sions to British ships ; unless His Majesty, by
 “ His Order in Council, shall, in any case deem it
 “ expedient to grant the whole, or any, of such
 “ privileges to the ships of any foreign country,
 “ although the conditions aforesaid shall not, in
 “ all respects, be fulfilled by such foreign coun-
 try :” And whereas the conditions mentioned and
 referred to in and by the said Act of Parlia-
 ment, have not in all respects been fulfilled by the
 Government of France ; but nevertheless His Ma-
 jesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Coun-
 cil, doth deem it expedient to grant certain of
 the privileges aforesaid to the ships of France ;
 His Majesty doth therefore, by and with the advice
 of His Privy Council, and in pursuance and exercise
 of the powers and authority in him vested by the
 said Act of Parliament, declare and grant that it shall
 and may be lawful for French ships to import into
 any of the British possessions in the West Indies
 and America, from the dominions of His Most
 Christian Majesty, such goods being the produce of
 those dominions as are mentioned and enumerated
 in the table subjoined to this present Order, and to
 export goods from such British possessions, to be
 carried to any Foreign country whatever :

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commis-
 sioners of His Majesty’s Treasury, and the Right
 Honourable Earl Bathurst, one of His Majesty’s
 Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the
 necessary directions herein as to them may respec-
 tively appertain.

Jas. Buller.

THE TABLE REFERRED TO IN THE PRECEDING
ORDER.

Wheat.	Red oak staves or head-
Flour.	ings.
Biscuit.	White oak staves or
Bread.	headings.
Meal.	Wood.
Pcas.	Lumber.
Beans.	Wood hoops.
Rye.	Live stock.
Callavanees.	Hay and straw.
Oats.	Coin and bullion.
Barley.	Diamonds.
Indian corn.	Salt.
Rice.	Fruit and vegetables fresh.
Shingles.	Cotton wool.

All articles subject on importation to a duty *ad valorem*, and on which articles the amount of such duty shall not at the time of importation exceed seven pounds ten shillings for every hundred pounds of the value of the same.

Foreign-Office, June 28, 1826.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint Francis Werry, Esq (late Consul of the Levant Company at Smyrna), to be His Majesty's Consul at Smyrna.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint John Barker, Esq. (late Consul of the Levant Company at Aleppo), to be His Majesty's Consul at Alexandria, in Egypt.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint Henry Thomas Liddell, Esq. (late Assistant-

ant-Secretary to the Levant Company), to be His Majesty's Consul at Gottenburgh.

The King has been graciously pleased to appoint William Wilton Barker, Esq. (sometime British Vice-Consul at Messina), to be His Majesty's Consul at that place.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint William Hamilton, Esq. (sometime British Vice-Consul at Boulogne), to be His Majesty's Consul at that place.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint James Vigors Harvey, Esq. (sometime British Vice-Consul at Bayonne), to be His Majesty's Consul at that place.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint William Ogilby, Esq. (sometime British Vice-Consul at Caen), to be His Majesty's Consul for the departments of Calvados, La Manche, and Isle et Vilaine.

Crown-Office, July 3, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

County of Flint.

Sir Thomas Mostyn, of Mostyn, in the said county of Flint, Bart.

Borough of Flint.

Sir Edward Pryce Lloyd, Bart.

County

County of Bedford.

Thomas Potter Macqueen, Esq.

Francis Russell (commonly called Marquess of Tavistock).

Borough of Bedford.

George William Russell (commonly called Lord George William Russell).

William Henry Whitbread, Esq.

Town and Port of Hastings.

Sir William Curtis, of the city of London, Bart.

Sir Charles Wetherell, Knt. His Majesty's Solicitor General.

Town and Port of Sandwich.

Sir Edward William Campbell Rich Owen, K C.B.

Rear-Admiral of the Blue Squadron of His Majesty's Fleet.

Joseph Marryat, Esq.

Town and Port of Dover.

Edward Bootle Wilbraham, Esq.

Charles Poulett Thomson, Esq.

Town and Port of New Romney.

George Hay Dawkins Pennant, of Penrhyn-castle, in Carnarvonshire, in North Wales, Esq.

George William Tapps, of Hinton Admiral, Christchurch, in Hampshire, Esq.

Town and Port of Hythe.

Stewart Majoribanks, Esq.

Sir Robert Townsend Townsend Farquhar, Bart.

Town of Rye.

Richard Arkwright the younger, of Normanton
 Surville, in the county of Leicester, Esq.

Henry Bonham, of Portland-place, in the county
 of Middlesex, and of Sitness-park, in the county
 of Berks, Esq.

Town of Winchelsea.

Henry Brougham, of Brougham-hall, in the county
 of Westmorland, Esq.

The Honourable Henry Grey (commonly called
 Lord Viscount Howick), of Howick, in the
 county of Northumberland.

Town of Seaford.

Augustus Frederick Ellis, of the Town, Port, and
 Corporation of Seaford, Esq.

John Fitzgerald, of the Town, Port, and Corpo-
 ration of Seaford aforesaid, Esq.

County of Elgin.

Colonel the Honourable Francis William Grant, of
 Grant, of the Inverness-shire or 10th North
 British Militia.

County Palatine of Lancaster.

John Blackburne, of Hale, in the said county,
 Esq.

The Right Honourable Edward Smith Stanley
 (commonly called Lord Stanley).

Borough of Lancaster.

John Fenton Cawthorne, Esq.

Thomas Greene, Esq.

Borough of Preston.

The Honourable Edward Geoffrey Smith Stanley.
John Wood, Esq.

Borough of Liverpool.

The Right Honourable William Huskisson.
General Isaac Gascoyne.

Borough of Wigan.

James Alexander Hodson, of the Grove, within
Upholland, in the said county, Esq.
James Lindsay, of Balcarras, in the county of Fife,
Esq. Lieutenant-Colonel in His Majesty's Re-
giment of Grenadier Guards.

Borough of Clitheroe.

The Honourable Robert Curzon.
The Honourable Peregrine Francis Cust.

Borough of Newton.

Thomas Legh, of Lyme, in the county palatine of
Chester, Esq.
Thomas Alcock, of King's-wood, in the parish of
Ewell, in the county of Surrey, Esq.

County of Kinross.

George Edward Graham, Esq. of Bryanston-square,
in the parish of St. Mary-le-bone, Middlesex.

County of Stirling.

Henry Home Drummond, Esq. of Blair Drummond.

County of Sutherland.

The Honourable Francis Levison Gower (com-
monly called Lord Francis Levison Gower).

County of Somerset.

William Dickinson, of King Weston, Esq.

Sir Thomas Buckler Lethbridge, of Sandhill-park,
Bart.

Borough of Taunton.

Henry Seymour, Esq.

William Peachy, Esq. a Lieutenant-General in His
Majesty's Army.

Borough of Ilchester.

Richard Sharp, of Mickleham, in the county of
Surrey, Esq.

John Williams, of Lincoln's-inn, in the county of
Middlesex, Esq.

Borough of Milborne Port.

The Right Honourable Thomas North Graves,
Baron Graves in the kingdom of Ireland.

Arthur Chichester, of Dunbody-park, Ireland, and
Coolhurst, in the county of Sussex, Esq. a
Major in the 2d Regiment of Life Guards.

City of Wells.

Charles William Taylor, Esq.

John Paine Tudway, Esq.

Borough of Bridgewater.

William Astell, Esq.

Charles Kemeys Kemeys Tynte, Esq.

City of Bath.

The Right Honourable John Thynne (commonly
called Lord John Thynne).

The Right Honourable the Earl of Brecknock.

Borough of Minehead.

John Fownes Luttrell, of Dunster-castle, in the county of Somerset, Esq.

James Blair, of Penninghame, in the county of Wigton, Scotland, Esq.

FROM THE
SUPPLEMENT

TO THE
LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 4,
1826.

India-Board, July 4, 1826.

A DISPATCH has been received at the East India-House from the Governor-General in Council at Fort-William, in Bengal, dated 13th February 1826; of which dispatch, and of its inclosures, the following are an extract and copies:

Extract from a Letter from the Governor-General in Council to the Secret Committee of the Court of Directors of the East India Company, dated Fort William, 13th February 1826.

THE steam vessel Enterprize returned to Calcutta on the afternoon of the 5th instant, bringing the unwelcome and unexpected intelligence of the failure of the Court of Ava to ratify the preliminary Treaty,

Treaty, signed by its Ministers at Patanagoh, and the consequent recommencement of hostilities on the 19th ultimo. Severe as is the disappointment which we have experienced on this occasion, we derive no inconsiderable share of consolation from the important success which attended the operations of the British force in Ava, on the very day which witnessed the renewal of the war. We feel persuaded that your Honourable Committee will peruse, with sentiments of warm admiration, the dispatch from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, dated 20th ultimo, reporting the assault and capture of the fortified town of Melloon, with a large quantity of guns, military stores, grain, and war-boats, in a manner the most brilliant and decisive, and with a loss on our part happily trifling and disproportionate.

Copy of a Letter from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K.C.B. to George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated Head Quarters, Camp, Patanagoh, 20th January 1826.

SIR,

MY dispatch of the 31st ultimo, brought the operations of the army under my command down to that date, and expressed my sanguine expectations that it would prove the last communication which I should have to address to you, relative to the war in this country.

These hopes have been unfortunately frustrated by the policy of a Court, apparently destitute alike of every principle of honour and good faith.

The signature of a treaty of peace, by the British and Burman Commissioners, on the 3d instant, and the pledge on the part of the latter, that the same would be ratified by the King of Ava within fifteen days from that date, and some specific

specific articles as therein stated carried into effect within the same period, has already been brought to the knowledge of the Right Honourable the Governor General in Council, by the proceedings of the British Commissioners, recorded in their dispatches under date the 3d instant. All occurrences of a purely political nature since then, will now, in like manner, be furnished by the same authority. I shall, therefore, proceed to the detail of military events resulting therefrom.

On the 18th, the day appointed for the return of the ratified treaty, &c. the Commissioners finding that instead of a fulfilment of this promise, a further delay of six or seven days was solicited, under such equivocal circumstances as left no doubt that a total want of faith guided their councils, it was definitely declared, that their request could not be complied with, and a secret article proposed to them, in which it was stipulated (together with the performance of others already agreed to) that they should evacuate the fortified and entrenched city of Melloon by sun-rise on the morning of the 20th ; on their positive rejection of this proposition, they were told that after twelve o'clock that very night (the 18th) hostilities would recommence. Deeming it of the utmost importance that no time should be lost in punishing duplicity of so flagrant a character, I ordered the construction of batteries, and the landing of heavy ordnance from the flotilla, to commence immediately after midnight, and every requisite arrangement to be made for an early attack upon Melloon. His Lordship in Council will be enabled to appreciate the zeal and exertion with which my orders were carried into effect, under the direction of Lieutenant-Colonel Hopkinson, commanding the artillery, and Lieutenant Underwood, the chief-engineer (aided by that indefatigable corps the first battalion of Madras Pioneers, under the command

mand of Captain Crowe) when I state, that by ten o'clock the next morning I had eight and twenty pieces of ordnance in battery, on points presenting a front of more than one mile on the eastern bank of the Irrawaddy, which corresponded with the extent of the enemy's line of defence on the opposite shore. I yet cherished hopes, that the formidable appearance of our preparations would have induced them to make some farther communications in the morning, instead of again risking the renewal of hostilities with troops of whose decided superiority they had so recently received the most convincing and humiliating proofs. In this I was disappointed. At day-light I perceived that the preceding night had been devoted by them to preparations equally laborious, and the construction of extensive and well-planned works, with a view to the resistance on which they had resolved.

At eleven o'clock, A. M. (the 19th) I ordered our batteries and rockets to open their fire on the enemy's position, it was warmly kept up, and with such precision of practice as to reflect the highest credit on this branch of the service.

During this period, the troops intended for the assault were embarking in the boats of His Majesty's ships, and the flotilla, at a point above our encampment at Patanagoh, under the superintendence and direction of Captain Chads, of His Majesty's ship *Alligator*, senior Naval Officer, on whom this charge devolved in the absence of his Excellency Commodore Sir James Brisbane, in consequence of extreme indisposition.

About one P. M. the desired impression having been produced by the cannonade, and every thing reported ready, I directed the brigade, under Lieutenant-Colonel Sale, consisting of His Majesty's 13th and 38th regiments, to drop down the river and assault the main face of the enemy's position, near its south eastern angle; and Brigadier-General Cotton,

Cotton, with the flank companies of His Majesty's 47th and 87th regiments, and His Majesty's 89th regiment, under Lieutenant-Colonel Hunter Blair; His Majesty's 41st regiment, and the 18th Madras Native Infantry, under Lieutenant-Colonel Godwin; and the 28th Madras Native Infantry, with the flank companies of the 43d Madras Native Infantry, under Lieutenant-Colonel Parlby, to cross above Melloon, and, after carrying some out-works, to attack the northern face of the principal work.

Although the whole of the boats pushed off together from the left bank, the strength of the current, and a strong breeze from the north, carried Lieutenant-Colonel Sale's brigade to the given point of attack, before the other columns (notwithstanding every exertion) could possibly reach the opposite shore; Lieutenant-Colonel Sale was unfortunately wounded in his boat, but the corps of his brigade having landed, and formed with admirable regularity under the command of Major Frith, of His Majesty's 38th regiment, rushed on to the assault with their usual intrepidity, and were in a short time complete masters of a work, which, although certainly not so well chosen in point of position as others we have met with, yet had been rendered most formidable by labour and art, and at the same time, such as to afford the enemy a presumptive assurance of security in their possession of it. This is fully evinced, by the circumstance of the Chiefs, with Prince Memiaboo at their head, (contrary to the Burmese custom in all such cases), having remained within their defences till they saw the troops crossing to the assault.

When Brigadier-General Cotton saw that the works were carried by the 13th and 38th regiments, he very judiciously ordered the brigade under Lieutenant-Colonel Hunter Blair, to cut in upon the enemy's line of retreat, which was done accordingly and with much effect.

This was accomplished in the course of a few hours from the recommencement of hostilities, forced upon us by perfidy and duplicity, a chastisement as exemplary as it was merited. Their loss in killed and wounded has been severe, and the accompanying returns of captured ordnance, ordnance stores, arms and ammunition will sufficiently demonstrate how seriously they have suffered in these particulars; a species of disaster which their Government, will, doubtless, more deeply deplore, than the sacrifice of lives, or the shame of defeat; specie to the amount of about thirty thousand rupees was found in Memiaboo's house, and a very ample magazine of grain, together with about seventy horses, have also fallen into our hands. It will prove highly gratifying to his Lordship in Council to learn, that advantages so important have been secured with so small a numerical loss, as is exhibited by the returns of killed and wounded: amongst the wounded I include, with particular regret, the names of Lieutenant-Colonel Sale and Major Frith; the latter having succeeded to the command of the column on his senior Officer being disabled, received at its head, in the moment of success, a spear wound, which I fear is of a serious nature. Major Thornhill, of His Majesty's 13th light infantry, was the third on whom the accidents of war threw the perilous distinction of leading these troops, and he conducted their movements to the close of the affair, in a style worthy of his predecessors in command.

Where zeal displays itself in every rank, as amongst the Officers whom I have the happiness to command, and all vie with each other in the honourable discharge of duty, the task of selecting individual names for the notice of his Lordship becomes difficult and embarrassing, and I am compelled to adopt the principle of particularizing those alone on whom the heaviest share of exertion

tion happened to devolve on this occasion ; it fell to the lot of the artillery to occupy this conspicuous station in the events of the day ; in behalf, therefore, of Lieutenant-Colonel Hopkinson, commanding the whole, and of Lieutenant-Colonel Pollock, commanding Bengal artillery, and Captains Lumsden, Bengal horse artillery, and Montgonerie, Madras artillery, commanding the batteries, I have to solicit your recommendation to his Lordship's favourable attention. The rocket practice under Lieutenant Blake, of the Bengal horse artillery, was in every way admirable ; of three hundred and four rockets which were projected during the day, five alone failed of reaching the spot for which they were destined, and uniformly told in the works or in the ranks of the enemy, with an effect which has clearly established their claim to be considered a most powerful and formidable weapon of war.

The conduct of His Majesty's 13th and 38th regiments during the advance, and their gallantry in the storm, far exceed all that I can write in their praise. I sincerely hope that I shall not long be deprived of the services of these two brave Commanders,

Brigadier-General Cotton's arrangement for intercepting the retreat of the enemy, and the movement of Lieutenant-Colonel Hunter Blair to effect the same object, merit my warmest commendations :

To Captain Chads, of the Royal Navy, and every Officer and seaman of His Majesty's ships and the Honourable Company's flotilla, I am deeply indebted, for the able and judicious manner in which the troops were transported to points of attack so near to a formidable work which they had to assail, I have the honour to inclose Captain Chad's report, together with his return of killed and wounded.

Upon this short, but important service I derived every support from the zeal and ability of my staff, general and personal.

Lieutenant Wilson, of His Majesty's 13th light infantry, Aid-de-Camp to Brigadier-General Cotton, who will have the honour of delivering this dispatch, was present during the whole affair, and is well qualified to give any further information which may be required by his Lordship on the subject.

I have, &c.

A. CAMPBELL, Major-Genl.

General Return of Killed and Wounded in the Army under the Command of Major-General Sir A. Campbell, K. C. B., in the attack on the intrenched position at Melloon, on the 19th January 1826.

*Camp, Patanagoh, before Melloon,
20th January 1826.*

H. M's. 13th light infy.—1 rank and file, killed; 1 lieutenant-colonel, 3 rank and file, 2 bheesties, wounded.

H. M's 38th regt.—4 rank and file, killed; 1 major, 1 serjeant, 1 drummer, 14 rank and file, 6 bearers, wounded.

Bengal Engineers—1 lieutenant, wounded.

Flotilla—4 lascars, killed; 5 European seaman, 9 lascars, wounded.

Names of Officers wounded.

Lient.-Col. R. H. Sale, H. M's. 13th light infy., commanding brigade, severely, not dangerously.
Major H. Frith, H. M's. 38th regt., severely.
Lieutenant W. Dixon, Bengal engineers, slightly.

F. S. TIDY, Lieut.-Col. D. A. G.

Return of Ordnance and Military Stores, captured on the 19th January 1826, in the Operations against the Enemy at Melloon, by the Forces under the Command of Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. &c. &c. &c.

Brass Guns—1 forty-two-pounder, 1 six ditto, 1 four ditto, 1 one ditto, 10 jingalls.

Iron Guns (long)—7 twelve-pounders, 10 nine ditto, 2 six and a half ditto, 6 six ditto.

Iron carronades—1 twenty-four-pounder, 1 twelve ditto.

Iron round shot of different sizes—11,000, ditto ditto for jingalls, 7000.

Gun-powder destroyed—20 tons $1\frac{3}{4}$ cwt. in boxes of 45 pounds each.

1700 muskets, 100,000 musket-balls, 2000 spears.

An immense quantity of refined saltpetre and sulphur; iron, unwrought, upwards of a ton; also a quantity of grape, quilted and loose; but the exact amount of the above articles cannot be ascertained for want of time.

C. HOPKINSON, Lieut. Col. commanding the Artillery with the Forces.

Copy of a Letter from Captain Chads to Major-General Sir A. Campbell, K. C. B. dated on board the Honourable Company's Steam Vessel Diana, off Melloon, 20th January 1826.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inclose you a return of the casualties on board the flotilla, in action yesterday at Melloon, also an account of the boats captured.

As this service was performed under your own im-

immediate eye, it would be presumptuous in me to speak of the gallantry and zeal displayed by every individual in the flotilla, but which I trust was such as to merit your commendation.

I have, &c.

H. D. CHADS, Captain of H. M's. S.
Alligator, in command of the flotilla.

*Return of Killed and Wounded on board the Flotilla
at Melloon, 19th January 1826.*

Boats of His Majesty's Ship Alligator—None killed; 4 severely, 1 slightly, wounded.

3d Division of Honourable Company's Gun Boats—1 killed; 6 wounded severely.

4th Division of Honourable Company's Gun Boats—1 killed; 1 dangerously, 1 slightly, wounded.

5th Division of Honourable Company's Gun Boats—2 killed; 1 dangerously wounded.

Total—4 killed; 14 wounded

H. D. CHADS, Captain of H. M's. S.
Alligator, in command of the flotilla.

*Return of Boats captured at Melloon, 19th January
1826.*

War Boats—3 in good condition, 15 gilt, ditto.

Large Accommodation Boats—7 in good condition, 1 sunk.

Large Store Boats—33 in good condition, 16 sunk.

Canoes and Boats of various descriptions—200 to 300.

H. D. CHADS, Captain of H. M's. S.
Alligator, in command of the flotilla.

Copy of a Letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Pepper to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Forces, dated Camp, Shoegheen, 14th January 1826.

SIR,

ADVERTING to my letter of the 4th instant, notifying my intention of sending the 3d regiment light infantry, under Lieutenant-Colonel Conry, for the reduction of Zittaun, a stockade on the eastern bank of a river of that name, and midway between Shoegheen and Martaban, for the purpose of opening the communication between my detachment and the lower provinces, I have now the honour to acquaint you, for the information of the Commander of the Forces, that Lieutenant-Colonel Conry's party left on the 6th instant, by water; on its arrival at Meekow, where an Officer's party had been posted, to protect our supplies and the inhabitants of that place, who had contributed so greatly to our assistance, the Lieutenant-Colonel received a report from Lieutenant Bell, commanding there, that he had been attacked twice by four or five hundred men, belonging to Oudinah (the Ex-Rajah of Martaban), sent from Zittaun, whom he succeeded in repulsing. This induced Lieutenant-Colonel Conry to lose no time in proceeding.

On the morning of the 7th instant he reached the place about noon, and instantly made his arrangements for the attack, which commenced at two o'clock.

It is with feelings of deep regret I am obliged to report its complete failure, with the loss of Lieutenant-Colonel Conry and Lieutenant Adams, 3d regiment L. I. killed, Lieutenant and Adjutant Harvey severely and Lieutenant Power slightly wounded; 1 native officer and 9 privates killed; 1 bugler
and

and 18 rank and file wounded. The party returned to Meekow the same night. On the afternoon of the 8th I received this report, and instantly determined to proceed in person, with a reinforcement for the reduction of the stockade, which I did on the 9th instant, with a detail by land and water (as per margin)*, and reached Meekow on the morning of the 10th; during that day I have to state that further accounts reached me of horrible murders and aggressions committed by the Zittaun people on the inhabitants of those villages who had sought our protection, and in a more manifest degree since their temporary success.

I was employed all that day in preparing and collecting a sufficient number of boats to enable me to proceed early on the succeeding morning. The whole were in motion at three P. M. on the 11th, and landed near Zittaun by nine o'clock.

Having employed some time in reconnoitring the place to take up my position, I found the creek which flanks the north face of the stockade, running in a parallel line about one hundred and fifty yards from it, not fordable, but ascertained from my guides that it would become so at low water.

The stockade stands on a considerable eminence, with an abrupt ascent to it, commanding every point by which the assailants must approach. It appeared of great extent, built entirely of teak timber, flanked at intervals by loop-holes through

* Artillery by water—1 captain, 16 gunners, with one six-pounder and one four and two-fifths howitzers.

Land party, under Major Home, 12th regiment, proceed on 9th instant—Flank company, 1st European regiment, seventy-eight rank and file; light company, 12th regiment, completed to one hundred rank and file; head-quarters, 54th regiment light infantry, one hundred and fifty rank and file, with twenty-five pioneers,

every

every part of it, and its height from twelve to fourteen feet.

Pending the time I might be able to cross the ford, the artillery were placed in position, and opened a fire of shot and shells on every point.

I then prepared the columns of attack as per margin*.

At two P. M. the water had sufficiently subsided to allow me to move forward; the left column, which was obliged to make a detour to the left and rear of the place, preceded, and having reached its positions, the right and centre columns having previously been instructed to what point their attacks were to be directed. The advance was sounded for the whole to storm simultaneously, and in less than twenty minutes we were in full possession.

The fire from the enemy was most heavy and destructive, and the obstacles to be surmounted by our troops of no common kind, every man having been up to his neck in water while crossing the creek.

It is with the deepest regret that I have to report that our success, though complete, has been attended with severe loss.

Among the killed are Captain Cursham, 1st European regiment, and Captain Steadman, 14th regiment C. L. I. both commanding columns, and of the wounded, Major Home, 12th regiment P. L. I. severely (also commanding a column), Lieutenant

* The right column, under Major Home, 12th regiment N. I.—Light company 12th regiment N. I. eighty-two rank and file, with two ladders.

Centre column, under Captain Stedman, 54th regiment C. L. I.—Light company 1st European regiment, thirty-five rank and file, head-quarters 34th regiment, or C. L. I. one hundred and sixty-four rank and file, with two ladders.

Left column, under Captain Cursham, 1st European regiment—General camp, 1st European regiment, forty-two rank and file; head-quarters, 3d regiment P. L. R. two hundred rank and file, with two ladders.

Fullarton, 17th regiment P. L. I. Commissariat department, dangerously, Lieutenant Power, 3d regiment P. L. I. again severely, together with a severe loss in the lower grades, as per return attached.

The limits of this dispatch prevent me from particularizing the zeal and devotion to their duty of so many who fully met the expectation I had formed of them, yet I cannot refrain from bringing to the particular notice of the Major-General commanding the forces, the names of Captains Cursham and Steadman, who so gallantly fell at the head of their respective columns ; of Major Home, 12th regiment, and Captain Carket who succeeded him (when wounded) ; of Lieutenant Charlton, 1st European regiment, and Lieutenant Haig, 34th regiment C. L. I. who both, likewise, succeeded to the command of their columns on the death of the before-named Officers ; of Captain Dickinson, commanding the artillery, whose heavy fire and excellent practice contributed so much to keep down that of the enemy ; of Lieutenant Fullarton, of the Commissariat department, who handsomely volunteered his services ; to Lieutenant Woodgate, of the Quarter-Master-General's department, for his exertions in leading on the pioneers with the ladders on both attacks, and from Lieutenant Williams, commanding 3d regiment P. L. I. not only for his anxiety and zeal, but from the able assistance I have derived from his perfect knowledge of the Burmese language.

The conduct of the flank companies of the 1st European regiment (both Officers and men) has been such as nobly to sustain the high character of British soldiers.

I am happy to have it in my power to add, that the native troops, with their respective European Officers, under my command, have upheld the character of good soldiers.

The

The unremitting attention and humane solicitude and care of the sick and wounded, by Mr. Assistant-Surgeon Richardson, 1st European regiment, is such that I feel it my duty to bring his name likewise to your favourable notice.

From the numerous accounts received from the head men of Pegue villages, who had been held in captivity by the Attiwoon who defended the place, the number of the enemy may be calculated at three or four thousand.

Upwards of three hundred dead bodies were found in the stockade, independent of those carried off, thrown into wells and the river; their loss cannot be computed at less than double that number.

Many thousands of the inhabitants, who were held in subjection under the oppressive yoke of the Burmese, are now restored to their liberty and former homes, and the gratitude evinced by them will I am sure prove acceptable to the warm feelings of the Major-General.

Previous to quitting the place, which I did yesterday morning, I had the whole of the defences of every description destroyed, and burnt so completely that not a vestige remains.

I cannot conclude without expressing to the Major-General the sense I entertain of the able and ready services I received from my staff, not only on this, but on every occasion; and I beg leave to bring their names to the favourable notice of the Major-General, viz. Captain Budd, 43d regiment, Brigade-Major, and Captain Spicer, 12th regiment, Deputy-Assistant Quarter-Master-General, who on this affair each conducted a column to the assault.

I have the honour to be, &c.

H. H. PEPPER, Lieut.-Col.
Commandg. Detacht.

*General Return of Killed and Wounded in action
against Zittaun Stockade, on the 7th and 11th
of January respectively.*

*Camp, Shoegheen, January 14, 1826.
January 7th.*

3d Regiment Palamcottah light infantry—1 lieutenant-colonel, 1 lieutenant, 1 subadar, 9 privates, killed; 2 lieutenants, 1 drummer, 2 naiques, 16 privates, wounded.

Detachment 1st battalion pioneers — 4 privates wounded.

January 11th.

Staff—1 lieutenant-colonel, 1 lieutenant, wounded.

Flank companies 1st European regiment—1 captain, 6 privates, killed; 1 lieutenant, 4 serjeants, 5 corporals, 11 privates, wounded.

3d Regiment Palamcottah light infantry—5 privates killed; 1 lieutenant, 1 naique, 18 privates, wounded.

Light company 12th regiment P. I.—2 privates killed; 1 major, 1 jemidar, 4 privates, wounded.

34th Regiment Chicacole light infantry—1 captain killed; 1 jemadar, 1 naique, 9 privates, wounded.

Detachment 1st battalion pioneers — 1 private killed; 4 privates wounded.

Total—1 lieutenant-colonel, 2 captains, 1 lieutenant, 1 subadar, 23 privates, killed; 1 lieutenant-colonel, 1 major, 5 lieutenants, 4 serjeants, 5 corporals, 2 jemadars, 1 drummer, 4 naiques, 66 privates, wounded.

Names of Officers killed and wounded.

Killed.

Lieutenant-Colonel Conry, 3d light infantry; Captain Cursham, 1st European regiment; Captain Stedman, 34th light infantry; Lieutenant Adams, 3d light infantry.

Wounded.

Lieutenant-Colonel Pepper, commanding light brigade; Major Home, 12th regiment, P. I.; Lieutenant and Adjutant Harvey, 3d light infantry; Lieutenant Fullarton, 17th regiment, P. I.; Lieutenant Power, 3d light infantry.

H. H. PEPPER, Lt. Col.
Commandg. Detacht.

DISPATCHES have also been received at the East India-House, of which the following is a Copy and Extract :

Copy of a Letter from His Excellency General Lord Combermere, G.C.B., Commander-in-Chief, to the Right Honourable Lord Amherst, Governor-General, &c. &c. &c. dated Head-Quarters, Camp, near Bhurtpoor, 24th January 1826.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to transmit to your Lordship a return of the killed and wounded at the assault at Bhurtpoor which, as I had before stated, is not so extensive as might reasonably have been expected.

I beg to observe, that I omitted in my dispatch* of the 19th, to mention to your Lordship, that a

* See Supplement to Gazette, dated June 12, 1826, p. 1440.
success-

successful diversion was made on the Zungeena Gate (where a breach had been made) by the 55th regiment of native infantry, headed by two companies of the 1st European regiment, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Delamaine, of the former corps, in a manner highly creditable to them, and where they were strongly opposed.

I have, &c.

COMBERMERE.

P.S. I also transmit a return of ordnance taken in the town.

General Return of Casualties in the Army under the personal command of the Right Honourable the Commander-in-Chief, in the assault on the Fortress of Bhurtpoor, on the Morning of the 18th January 1826.

General Staff—None killed; 2 brigadier generals, 1 major, wounded.

Brigade Staff—None killed; 1 brigadier, 3 captains, wounded.

H. M. 11th Regt. Dragoons — 1 rank and file killed; 5 rank and file wounded; 2 horses killed; 11 horses wounded.

H. M. 16th Lancers—1 horse killed; 1 lieutenant, 1 serjeant, 1 rank and file, wounded.

3d Regt. Light Cavalry—None killed; 3 rank and file, 2 horses, wounded.

8th Regt. Light Cavalry—None killed; 1 lieutenant wounded; 3 horses wounded; 5 horses missing.

10th Regt. Light Cavalry — 1 jemadar killed; 2 naicks wounded; 3 horses killed; 1 horse missing.

1st, or Skinner's Local Horse—1 horse killed.

Artillery—1 rank and file killed; 1 lieutenant, 4 rank and file, wounded.

En-

Engineers' Department, Sappers and Miners—1 rank and file killed; 2 captains, 1 lieutenant, 1 warrant officer, 1 subadar, 1 naick, 7 rank and file, wounded.

Pioneers—1 havildar killed; 1 serjeant major, 1 subadar, 5 rank and file, wounded

Infantry—**H. M. 14th Regiment**—1 captain, 2 serjeants, 29 rank and file, 3 lascars, killed; 3 lieutenants, 1 volunteer, 2 serjeants, 98 rank and file, 3 lascars, 1 bheestee, wounded.

H. M. 59th Regiment—1 captain, 2 serjeants, 14 rank and file, killed; 1 field officer, 2 captains, 4 lieutenants, 1 volunteer, 9 serjeants, 88 rank and file, wounded

H. C. 1st European Regiment (4 companies)—1 serjeant, 9 rank and file, killed; 1 captain, 2 lieutenants, 2 serjeants, 38 rank and file, wounded; 2 rank and file missing.

6th Regiment N. I.—None killed; 2 drummers wounded.

11th Regiment N. I.—None killed; 1 rank and file wounded.

15th Regiment N. I.—2 rank and file killed; 1 rank and file wounded; 4 rank and file missing.

18th Regiment N. I.—1 rank and file killed; none wounded.

23d Regiment N. I.—1 havildar, 4 rank and file, killed; 1 field officer, 2 havildars, and 32 rank and file, wounded.

31st Regiment N. I.—1 captain, 4 rank and file killed; 1 captain, 1 havildar, 19 rank and file, wounded.

32d Regiment N. I.—None killed; 1 rank and file wounded.

35th Regiment N. I.—3 rank and file killed; 1 havildar, 12 rank and file, wounded; 5 rank and file missing.

37th Regiment N. I.—8 rank and file killed; 9 rank and file wounded,

41st Regiment N. I. (5 companies)—4 rank and file killed ; 1 field officer, 13 rank and file wounded.

58th Regiment N. I.—4 rank and file killed ; 2 captains, 2 lieutenants, 3 havildars, 1 drummer, 23 rank and file, wounded.

60th Regiment N. I.—None killed ; 1 havildar, 4 rank and file, wounded.

63d Regiment N. I.—None killed ; 1 subadar wounded.

Detachment from 1st Nusseeree Battalion—1 havildar, 3 rank and file, killed ; 1 lieutenant, 1 subadar, 1 jemadar, 1 bugler, 19 rank and file, wounded.

Detachment from Sermoor Battalion—1 rank and file killed ; 5 rank and file wounded.

Total Europeans killed, 61 ; total ditto wounded, 283 ; total ditto missing, 2 ; total Natives killed, 42 ; total Natives wounded, 183 ; total ditto missing, 9.

Total Europeans and Natives killed, 103 ; ditto ditto, and ditto wounded, 466 ; ditto ditto, and ditto missing, 11 ; total horse killed, 7 ; total ditto wounded and missing, 20.

Names of Officers killed.

H. M. 14th Regt.—Captain Armstrong.

H. M. 59th Regt.—Captain Pitman.

31st Regt. N. I.—Captain Brown.

W. L. WATSON, Adj. Genl.

Officers wounded.

General Staff—Brigadier-General M'Combe, severe contusion ; Brigadier-General Edwards, mortally, (since dead) ; Major Beatson, Deputy Adjutant-General of the army, slightly.

Brigade Staff—Brigadier Patton, C. B. severe contusion.

Majors of Brigade—Captain Campbell, severely ;
Cap-

- Captain Caine, (H. M. 14th Regt.) slightly;
 Captain Irvine, (Engineers) severe contusion.
 H. M. 16th Lancers—Lieutenant Lowe, slightly.
 10th Regt. Light Cavalry—Lieutenant White, severely.
 Artillery—Lieutenant M'Gregor, slightly.
 Engineers—Captain Colvin, slightly; Lieutenant E. Smith, slightly.
 H. M. 14th Regt.—Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Lynch, severely; Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Stark, severely; Lieutenant Day, severely, (left leg amputated)—Volunteer W. Tulloh, slightly.
 H. M. 59th Regt.—Major Fuller, slightly; Captain Pennefather, slightly; Captain Manners, slightly; Lieutenant Long, dangerously; Lieutenant Burn, slightly; Lieutenant Hootor, severely; Lieutenant Chichester, slightly; Lieutenant Pitman, severely; Volunteer Wright, severely, not dangerously.
 H. C. European Regt.—Captain Davidson, slightly; Lieutenants Warren and Candy, severely.
 23d Regt. N. I.—Lieutenant-Colonel S. Nation, severely.
 31st Regt. N. I.—Captain Heptinstall, severely and dangerously.
 41st Regt. N. I.—Major G. Hunter, severely.
 58th Regt. N. I.—Captain J. Hunter, severely and dangerously; Captain Black, slightly; Lieutenants Turner and Lumsdaine, slightly.
 1st Nusseeree Detachment.—Lieutenant Kirke, (12th Regt. N. I.) slightly.

W. L. WATSON, Adj. Genl.

*Return of Ordnance captured at Bhurtpoor, on the
18th January 1826.*

Iron Ordnance—12 one pounders, 5 one and half ditto, 1 two ditto, 2 three ditto, 5 four ditto, 5 five ditto, 4 six ditto, 2 eight ditto, 1 nine ditto, 1 nine and half ditto, 3 ten ditto (1 cast iron), 4 twelve ditto (1 cast iron), 1 fourteen ditto, 3 eighteen ditto, 1 twenty ditto, 6 twenty-four ditto, 2 thirty-two ditto, 1 five-inch howitzer, 1 four-inch ditto.—Total, 60 iron guns.

Brass Guns—5 one pounders, 2 one and half ditto, 10 two ditto, 1 short and 2 long two and half ditto, 1 short and 1 long three ditto, 1 four ditto, 3 five ditto, 3 five and half ditto, 20 six ditto, 1 six and half ditto, 6 seven ditto, 1 eight ditto, 2 ten ditto, 3 twelve ditto, 1 light and 1 heavy eighteen ditto, 2 twenty-four ditto, 1 thirty-two ditto, 1 sixty-eight ditto, 1 four ditto howitzer, 2 seven-inch ditto, 1 four-inch and three-fifths ditto, 1 six-inch mortar.—Total, 73.

Total Ordnance, 133.

Wall pieces, under 11lb. about 300, with a large quantity of powder and shot, not yet ascertained.

Two large iron guns, broken and dismounted, lying at the breach.

A. MACLEOD, Brigadier,
Commandant of Artillery.

*Extract from a Letter from His Excellency the
Commander in Chief, dated January 24, 1826.*

I HAVE the satisfaction to acquaint your Lordship, that, since the fall of Bhurtpoor, the whole of the fortresses* within this Raj have surrendered to the British army, without opposition, and are now accordingly occupied by detachments from the army under my command.

The inhabitants of Bhurtpoor are returning to their habitations, and resuming their usual avocations; and I am happy to say, that the desolation caused by the storm is fast disappearing.

* Biana, Weir, Kombeir, Deeg, and Kama.



FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 7,
1826.

Foreign Office, July 7, 1826.

THE King has been graciously pleased to appoint Frederick Chatfield, Esq. to be His Majesty's Consul at Memel.

Crown-Office, July 6, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

County of Ayr.

Lieutenant-General James Montgomerie, of Wright-
hill, Colonel of the 30th regiment of foot.

County of Kincardine.

Colonel the Honourable Hugh Arbuthnott, of
Hatton.

County of Banff.

The Right Honourable James Earl Fife, &c. &c. &c.
of the kingdom of Ireland.

County of Dorset.

Henry Bankes, of Kingston-hall, in the said county
of Dorset, Esq.

Edward Berkeley Portman, of Bryanstone-house,
in the said county of Dorset, Esq.

Borough of Dorchester.

Robert Williams, of Littlebredy, in the county of
Dorset, Esq.

The Honourable Anthony William Ashley Cooper,
of Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex.

Borough of Lyme Regis.

The Honourable Henry Sutton Fane, of Grosve-
nor-square, Westminster.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Thomas Fane, of Balston
Borough and Barton Saint David, in the county
of Somerset.

Borough

Borough of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis:

The Right Honourable Thomas Wallace.

Masterton Ure, Esq.

Thomas Fowell Buxton, Esq.

John Gordon, Esq.

Borough of Bridport.

Sir Horace David Cholwell Saint Paul, Bart.

Henry Warburton, Esq.

Borough of Shafton otherwise Shaftesbury.

Ralph Leycester, Esq.

Edward Davies Davenport, Esq.

Borough of Wareham.

John Calcraft, of Kempstone-hall, in the county of Dorset, Esq.

Charles Baring Wall, of Norman-court, in the county of Hants, Esq.

Borough of Corfe Castle.

John Bond, Esq.

George Bankes, Esq.

County of Glamorgan.

Sir Christopher Cole, of Penrice-castle, in the said county, a Captain in the Royal Navy, K. C. B.

Town of Cardiff.

The Honourable Patrick James Herbert Crichton Stuart (commonly called Lord Patrick James Herbert Crichton Stuart), of Cardiff-castle, in the county of Glamorgan.

County of Hereford.

Sir John Geers Cotterell, of Garnons, in the said county of Hereford, Bart.

Robert Price of Foxley, in the said county of Hereford, Esq.

City of Hereford.

The Honourable John Somers Cocks (commonly called Lord Viscount Eastnor), of Ryegate-priory, in the county of Surrey.

Edward Bolton Clive, of Whitfield, in the county of Hereford, Esq.

Borough of Leominster.

Beaumont Hotham, Baron Hotham, of South Dalton, in the east riding of the county of York.

Rowland Stephenson, of Marshalls, in the county of Essex, Esq.

And by a second Indenture.

Beaumont Hotham, Baron Hotham, of South Dalton, in the east riding of the county of York.

Thomas Bish, of Mawbey-park, in the county of Surrey, Esq.

Borough of Weobley.

Vice-Admiral Sir George Cockburn, G. C. B. and one of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

The Right Honourable William Thynne (commonly called Lord William Thynne).

County of Roxburgh.

Henry Francis Scott the younger, of Harden, Esq.

County of Cromarty.

Duncan Davidson the younger, of Tulloch, Esq.

County of Dumbarton.

John Campbell the younger, of Succoth, Esq.

County of Renfrew.

John Maxwell the younger, of Pollok, Esq.

County of Leicester.

The Honourable Robert Manners (commonly called Lord Robert Manners).

George Anthony Legh Keck, of Houghton Grange, in the said county of Leicester, Esq.

Borough of Leicester.

Sir Charles Abney Hastings, of Willesley-hall, in the county of Derby, Bart.

Robert Otway Cave, of Stanford-hall, in the county of Leicester, Esq.

County Palatine of Chester.

Davies Davenport, Esq.

Wilbraham Egerton, Esq.

City of Chester.

Richard Grosvenor, Esq. (commonly called Viscount Belgrave).

The Honourable Robert Grosvenor.

County of Selkirk.

William Eliott Lockhart, of Botwicbrae, Esq.

County of Forfar.

The Honourable William Maule, of Panmure, Knt.

Burghs of Aberbrothock, Aberdeen, Montrose, Brechin, and Inverbervie.

Joseph Hume, Esq.

County of Dumfries.

Vice-Admiral Sir William Johnstone Hope, G.C.B.

Burghs of Dumfries, Kirkcudbright, Annan, Lochmaben, and Sanquhar.

William Robert Keith Douglas, Esq. one of the
Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

County of Berwick.

Captain the Honourable Anthony Maitland, of the
Royal Navy.

*Burghs of Lauder, Haddington, Dunbar, North
Berwick, and Jedburgh.*

Lieutenant-Colonel Adolphus John Dalrymple,
eldest son of Sir Hugh Dalrymple, Bart. of High
Mark, in the county of Wigton.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 11,
1826.

Whitehall, June 27, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland, granting to Catherine FitzGerald, wife of the Right Honorable James FitzGerald, the dignity of a Baroness of that part of the said United Kingdom, by the name, stile, and title of
Baroness

Baroness FitzGerald and Vescy, of Clare, and of Inchicronan, in the county of Clare, with the dignity of a Baron to descend to the heirs male of her body by the said Right Honorable James FitzGerald.

War-Office, 10th July 1826.

His Majesty has been pleased to approve of the 3d (or the Prince of Wales's) Regiment of Dragoon Guards bearing on its standards and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to the Regiment, the words

“ *Talavera,*” and
“ *Vittoria,*”

in commemoration of the distinguished services of the Regiment at the battle of Talavera, on 27th and 28th July 1809; and at Vittoria, on 21st June 1813.

His Majesty has also been pleased to approve of the 20th Regiment of Foot bearing on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have been heretofore granted to the Regiment, the words

“ *Vittoria,*” and
“ *Toulouse,*”

in commemoration of the distinguished services of the Regiment at the battle of Vittoria, on 21st June 1813; and at Toulouse, on 10th April 1814.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 14,
1826.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th of *July*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered, by His Majesty in Council, that the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom, called Great Britain, do issue writs for proroguing the Parliament, which was appointed to meet on Tuesday the twenty-fifth day of this instant July, to Thursday the twenty-fourth day of August next :

And also for proroguing the Convocations of Canterbury and York, which were appointed to meet on Wednesday the twenty-sixth day of this instant July, to Friday the twenty-fifth day of August next.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE, R.

WHEREAS We have heretofore been pleased to direct that copper money should be coined of the currency of Ireland, to be circulated only in that part of Our United Kingdom, and to pass current as one penny, one halfpenny, and one farthing respectively, of such Irish currency; and whereas an Act, passed in the sixth year of Our reign, for the assimilation of the currency and monies of account throughout the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, under the provisions of which We directed a new copper coinage to be prepared for circulation in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and which by a Proclamation issued by Our Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, dated Dublin the twenty-sixth December one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, was directed to be current at the following rates, viz.: one penny as the twelfth part of one British silver shilling, one halfpenny as the twenty-fourth part of one British silver shilling, and one farthing as the forty-eighth part of one British silver shilling: and it was by the said Proclamation provided, that the several pieces of copper money of the then currency of Ireland should, until otherwise declared, pass current according to the then standard value, viz.: the penny piece as of the value of one thirteenth part of one British silver shilling, one halfpenny as of the value of one twenty-sixth part of one British silver shilling, and one farthing as of the value of one fifty-second part of a British silver shilling; and whereas it has been represented to Us, that great inconveniencies arise from the copper coin here-

tofore coined for Ireland being current at a different and lower rate than that coined for the general circulation of the United Kingdom, and that it will be a considerable time before the same can be recoinied; we have, therefore, with the advice of Our Privy Council, thought fit to issue this Our Proclamation; and We do hereby declare and command, that all such pieces of copper money of the said currency of Ireland, as have heretofore been coined for circulation in that part of the United Kingdom, shall, from and after the date hereof, cease to be current in Ireland at the rates aforesaid; and that from and after the date hereof all such pieces of copper money shall be the current and lawful money of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and until the same shall be called in and recoinied shall pass and be received as current and lawful money of the said United Kingdom, at the rates following; that is to say, every such penny piece of the said currency as the twelfth part of one shilling British silver money; every such halfpenny piece as the twenty-fourth part of one shilling British silver money; and every such farthing piece as the forty-eighth part of one shilling British silver money: Provided that no person shall be obliged to take more of such penny pieces, in one payment, than shall be of the value of one shilling, after the rate aforesaid, or to take more of such halfpenny, or farthing pieces, in any one payment, than shall be of the value of six pence, after the rate aforesaid.

Given at Our Court, at Windsor, this twelfth day of July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and in the seventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

At

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th of *July*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the fifty-sixth year of His late Majesty's reign, cap. 38, intituled "An Act to empower His Majesty to suspend the ballot or enrolment for the local militia," it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order in Council, to direct that no ballot or enrolment for the local militia shall take place; but that such ballot and enrolment shall remain and continue suspended for the period specified in any such Order of Council, and from time to time, by any like Order or Orders in Council, to continue such suspension so long as His Majesty shall deem the same expedient, any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding: and whereas by an Order in Council, made the nineteenth day of July last, it was ordered by His Majesty in Council, that no ballot or enrolment for the local militia should take place for the space of one year from the sixteenth day of July last, but that the ballot and enrolment for the local militia should remain and continue suspended for the space of one year from the said sixteenth day of July last: and whereas it is deemed expedient to continue such suspension of the ballot and enrolment for the local militia for the space of one year from and after the sixteenth day of this instant July; it is, therefore, ordered by His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, that no ballot or enrolment for the local militia do take place for the space of one year from and after the sixteenth day of this instant July, but
that

that the ballot and enrolment for the local militia do remain and continue suspended for the space of one year from and after the sixteenth day of this instant July. *Jas. Buller.*

At the Court at *Carlton-House*, the 1st of *June*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Order of His Majesty in Council, dated nineteenth July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, sec. 38, it is directed with respect to vessels having on board any of the articles enumerated in the said Order, and intending to import the same into any port or place in the United Kingdom, or the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, from any port or place in Europe without the Streights, or on the Continent of America, at which there is not a regular establishment for the performance of quarantine, declared sufficient by His Majesty in Council for the due performance of quarantine, that the master, or other person having charge of every such vessel, shall produce certain declarations described in the said Order: and whereas it is further directed, that if it shall appear from the said declarations that any of the said enumerated articles, so imported as aforesaid, are of the growth, produce, or manufacture of Turkey, or of any place in Africa within the Streights of Gibraltar, or in the West Barbary, or the Atlantic Ocean, such goods, with the vessels, crews, &c. importing the same, shall perform quarantine in the manner set forth in the said Order: and whereas there is at present in the port of Bordeaux a regular establishment for the performance of quarantine, and all necessary pre-

precautions are there taken for preventing the introduction of the plague, or any other infectious disorder, by the importation of articles from Turkey, or elsewhere, and such establishment is by His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, hereby declared sufficient for the due performance of quarantine; His Majesty is, therefore, pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the date of this Order, the Masters or other persons having the charge or command of vessels arriving in any of the ports of the United Kingdom, or of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, from the said port of Bordeaux, having taken on board any of the said enumerated articles at the port of Bordeaux, shall not be required to produce the declarations described in the thirty-eighth section of the said Order in Council of nineteenth July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Master General and the rest of the Principal Officers of the Ordnance, His Majesty's Secretary at War, and the Governors and Commanders in Chief for the time being of the isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

Jas. Buller.

Crown-Office, July 10, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

Burghs of Peebles, Linlithgow, Selkirk, and Lanark.

Adam Hay, Esq. banker, in Edinburgh.

County of Aberdeen.

The Honourable William Gordon, of Minnies.

Elgin, Banff, Cullen, Kintore, and Inverury.

Lieutenant-General the Honourable Alexander Duff,
Colonel of the 92d Regiment of Foot.

County of Lanark.

The Right Honourable Archibald Hamilton (commonly called Lord Archibald Hamilton).

*Burghs of Rutherglen, Glasgow, Dumbarton, and
Renfrew.*

Archibald Campbell, Esq. of Blythswood.

County of Norfolk.

Thomas William Coke, Esq.

Edmond Wodehouse, Esq.

Borough of Great Yarmouth.

Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable George Anson,
of Shugborough, in the county of Stafford.

Charles Edmund Rumbold, of Watton, in the
county of Herts, Esq.

Borough of King's Lynn.

The Right Honourable William Henry Cavendish
Bentinck (commonly called Lord William Bentinck).

The Honourable John Walpole.

Borough

Borough of Thetford.

The Right Honourable Charles Fitzroy the younger
(commonly called Lord Charles Fitzroy).

William Bingham Baring, Esq.

Borough of Castle Rising.

The Honourable William Henry Hugh Cholmondeley
(commonly called Lord Henry Cholmondeley).

The Honourable Fulk Greville Howard, of the
borough of Castle Rising aforesaid.

County of Brecknock.

Thomas Wood, of Gwernevet, in the said county
of Brecknock, Esq.

Borough of Brecknock.

George Gould Morgan, Esq.

County of Westmoreland.

The Right Honourable William Lord Viscount
Lowther, of Lowther, in the county of West-
moreland.

The Honourable Colonel Henry Cecil Lowther,
of Lowther aforesaid.

Borough of Appleby.

The Honourable Henry Tufton.

The Honourable James Maitland (commonly called
Lord Viscount Maitland).

County of Stafford.

Edward John Littleton, Esq.

Sir John Wrottesley, Bart.

Borough of Stafford.

Richard Ironmonger, Esq.

Ralph Benson, Esq.

Borough of Newcastle-under-Lyme.

Robert John Wilmot Horton, Esq.

Richardson Borradaile, Esq.

County of York.

The Right Honourable Charles William Wentworth Fitzwilliam (commonly called Viscount Milton).

The Honourable William Duncombe, of Burghwallis, in the same county.

Richard Fountayne Wilson, of Melton, in the same county, Esq.

John Marshall, of Headingley, in the same county, Esq.

Borough of Aldborough.

Clinton James Fynes Clinton, of Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Sir Alexander Grant, of Whitehall-gardens, in the county of Middlesex, Bart.

Borough of Boroughbridge.

George Mundy, of Cork-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. a Captain in the Royal Navy.

Henry Dawkins, of Green-street, in the same county, Esq. a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Coldstream Guards.

Borough of Beverley.

John Stewart, Esq.

Charles Harrison Batley, Esq.

Borough of Hedon.

John Baillie, Esq.

Thomas Hyde Villiers, Esq.

Borough of Knaresborough.

The Right Honourable George Tierney.
Sir James Mackintosh, Knt.

Borough of Malton.

John Charles Ramsden, Esq.
The Honourable Constantine Henry Phipps (commonly called Lord Viscount Normanby).

Borough of Northallerton.

The Honourable Henry Lascelles, of Goldsbrough-hall, in the said county.
Sir John Poo Beresford, of Bedale, in the same county, Bart. and Admiral in His Majesty's Royal Navy.

Borough of Pontefract.

Thomas Houldsworth, of Manchester, in the county palatine of Lancaster, Esq.
Le Gendre Nicholas Starkie, of Huntroyd, in the county palatine of Lancaster, Esq.

Borough of Richmond.

The Honourable Thomas Dundas.
Samuel Barrett Moulton Barrett, Esq.

Borough of Ripon.

The Right Honourable Frederick John Robinson,
Chancellor of His Majesty's Exchequer.
Lancelot Shadwell, Esq. one of His Majesty's Counsel.

Borough of Scarborough.

The Honourable Edmund Phipps.
The Right Honourable Charles Manners Sutton.

Borough of Thirsk.

Robert Frankland, of Thirkleby, in the said county,
Esq.

Robert Greenhill Russell, of Chequers, in the
county of Buckingham, Esq.

County of Denbigh.

Sir Watkin Williams Wynn, of Wynnstay, in the
county of Denbigh, Bart.

Borough of Denbigh.

Frederick Richard West, Esq.

Joseph Ablett, Esq.

County of Northumberland.

The Honourable Henry Thomas Liddell, of Eslington-house, in the said county of Northumberland.

Matthew Bell, of Woolsington, in the same county,
Esq.

Borough of Morpeth.

William Ord, Esq.

The Right Honourable George William Frederick
Howard (commonly called Lord Viscount Morpeth).

County of Ross.

Sir James Wemyss Mackenzie, of Scatwell, Bart.

Burghs of Fortrose, Inverness, Nairn, and Forres.

Robert Grant, Esq. of Lincoln's-inn, Barrister at
Law.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 18,
1826.

War-Office, 17th July 1826.

MEMORANDUM.

HIS Majesty has been pleased to approve of the 37th Foot bearing on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to the Regiment, the word

“ Tournay,”

in commemoration of the distinguished conduct of the Regiment in the action fought near Tournay, on 22d May 1794.

His Majesty has also been pleased to approve of the 69th Foot bearing on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to that Regiment, the word

“ Bourbon,”

in commemoration of the distinguished conduct of the Regiment in the attack and capture of the isle of Bourbon, in the month of July 1810.

Crown-Office, July 13, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

County of Fife.

James Wemyss, of Wemyss, Esq

*Burghs of Dysart, Kirkcaldy, Burntisland, and
Kinghorn.*

Sir Ronald Crauford Ferguson, of Muirton, Knight
Commander of the Bath.

*Burghs of Crail, Kilrenny, Anstruther Easter,
Anstruther Wester, and Pittenweem.*

James Balfour, Esq. of Whittinghame and Bal-
gonie.

*Burghs of Cupar, Perth, Dundee, Saint Andrews,
and Forfar.*

The Honourable Hugh Lindsay, Deputy Chairman
of the Honourable East India Company, residing
in London

County of Perth.

Lieutenant-General Sir George Murray, of Drum-
lanrig and Bleaton, G. C. B. Commander of the
Forces in Ireland, and Colonel of His Majesty's
42d Regiment of Foot.

*Burghs of Stir'ing, Inverkeithing, Dunfermline,
Culross, and Queensferry.*

Robert Downie, of Appin, Esq.

County of Wigtown.

Sir William Maxwell, of Monreith, Bart.

Burghs

Burghs of Wigtown, Whithorn, New Galloway, and Stranraer.

John Henry Lowther, Esq. of Swettington, in
Yorkshire

County of Argyll.

Walter Frederick Campbell, Esq. of Islay and
Shawfield

*Burghs of Inveraray, Campbeltown, Ayr, Irvine,
and Rothsay*

Thomas Francis Kennedy, Esq. of Dunure.

County of Cornwall.

Sir Richard Rawlinson Vyvyan, of Trelowaren, in
the said county, Bart

Edward William Wynn Pendarvis, of Pendawes, in
the said county, Esq

Borough of Dunheved, otherwise Launceston.

James Brogden, of Park-street, in the county of
Middlesex, Esq.

The Honourable Pownoll Bastard Pellew, Captain
in His Majesty's Royal Navy.

Liskerrett, otherwise Liskeard.

The Honourable Edward Granville Eliot (commonly
called Lord Eliot), of Port Eliot, in the county
of Cornwall.

Lieutenant-General Sir William Henry Pringle, of
Stratford-place, in the county of Middlesex,
K. C. B.

Borough of Lostwithiel.

The Honourable Ernest Augustus Edgcumbe
(commonly called Viscount Valletort), of Mount
Edgcumbe, in the county of Devon.

Sir Alexander Cray Grant, of Whitehall-gardens,
in the city of Westminster, Bart.

Borough

Borough of Truro:

Sir Fitzroy James Henry Somerset, one of the Knights Commanders of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath (commonly called Lord Fitzroy James Henry Somerset), a Major-General in the Army.

William Edward Tomline, Esq.

Borough of Bodmin.

Davis Gilbert, Esq.

Horace Beauchamp Seymour, Esq.

Borough of Helleston.

The Right Honourable Francis Godolphin D'Arcy Osborne (commonly called the Marquess of Carmarthen).

The Honourable James Nugent Boyle Bernardo Townshend (commonly called Lord James Nugent Boyle Bernardo Townshend).

Borough of Saltash.

Andrew Spottiswoode, of Bedford-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Henry Monteith, of Carstairs, in the county of Lanark, Esq.

Borough of East Looe.

James Drummond Bullor Elphinstone, of Trenant-park, in the county of Cornwall, a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army.

The Honourable William Sebright Lascelles, son of the Earl of Harewood.

Borough of Portbyham, otherwise West Looe.

John Buller, of Morval, in the county of Cornwall, Esq.

Charles Buller, of Polvellan, in the said county of Cornwall, Esq.

Borough

Borough of Camelford.

Mark Milbank, of Thorp-hall, in the north riding of the county of York, Esq.

Sheldou Cradock, of Hartforth, in the north riding of the said county of York, Esq

Borough of Penryn.

David Barclay, of Gloucester-place, Portman-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

William Manning, of Coombe-bank, in the county of Kent, Esq.

Borough of Tregony.

James Adam Gordon, of Hill-street, Berkley-square, London, and of Tickenham, in the county of Somerset, Esq.

James Mackillop, of Montague-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

And by another Indenture.

Stephen Lushington, Doctor of Civil Laws, of No. 2, Great George-street, in the city of Westminster.

James Brougham, of Brougham, in the county of Westmoreland, Esq.

Borough of St. Ives.

Sir Christopher Hawkins, of Trewithen, in the county of Cornwall, Bart.

James Halse, of the Borough of St. Ives, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Fowey.

The Honourable Robert Henley Eden, one of the Masters of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery.

George Lucy, of Charlecot, in the county of Warwick, Esq.

Borough of St. Germans.

The Right Honourable Charles Arbuthnot, of Downing-street, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex.

Charles Ross, of Portland-place, in the county of Middlesex aforesaid, Esq.

Borough of Midsholl otherwise Mitchell.

Henry Labouchere, of Hamilton-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

William Leake, of Devonshire-street, in the parish of Saint Mary-le-bone, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Newport.

Jonathan Raine, of Bedford-row, in the county of Middlesex, Esq. one of His Majesty's Counsel Learned in the Law.

The Honourable Charles Bertie Percy, of Guy's-cliff, in the county of Warwick.

Borough of St. Mawes.

Sir Scrope Bernard Morland, of Nether Winchendon, in the county of Bucks, Bart.

Sir Codrington Edmund Carrington, of Chalfont St. Giles, in the county of Bucks, Knt.

Borough of Callington.

Alexander Baring, of the Grange, in the county of Hants, Esq.

Matthias Attwood, of Gracechurch-street, in the city of London, Esq.

Borough of Bossinney.

John Stuart Wortley, of Wortley-hall, in the county of York, Esq.

Edward Rose Tunno, of Llangenaach-park, in the county of Carmarthen, Esq.

County of Inverness.

The Right Honourable Charles Grant, of Glenelg,
Vice-President of the Board of Trade.

Whitehall, July 14, 1826.

The King, as a mark of his especial favour towards Sir Thomas Lawrence, Knt. Principal Painter in Ordinary to His Majesty, and President of the Royal Academy, and in consideration of his having recently painted for His Majesty the portraits of His Most Christian Majesty Charles the Tenth, King of France and Navarre, and of His Royal Highness the Dauphin, has been pleased to grant unto the said Sir Thomas Lawrence, His royal licence and permission, that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Royal Order of the Legion of Honour, which His Most Christian Majesty was pleased to confer upon him:

And His Majesty has been further pleased to command, that the said royal concession and declaration be registered, together with the relative documents, in the College of Arms.

Whitehall, July 16, 1826.

The King has been pleased to give and grant unto Colonel Sir Henry Pynn, Knt. late a Brigadier-General in the Portuguese army, His royal licence and permission, that he, the said Sir Henry Pynn, may accept and wear the insignia of a Knight Commander of the Royal Portuguese Military Order of the Tower and Sword, which His Most Faithful Majesty John the Sixth, King of Portugal, hath

been pleased to confer upon him, in consideration of his distinguished conduct and eminent services during the Peninsular war :

And also to command, that this His Majesty's concession and especial mark of his royal favour, together with the relative documents, be registered in His Majesty's College of Arms.



FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 21,
1826.

Whitehall, July 19, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to grant unto Henry Willock, Esq. Major in the service of the East India Company, and late Chargé d'Affaires to the Court of Persia, His royal licence and permission that he may accept and wear the insignia of the Persian Order of the Lion and Sun of the first class, with which His Majesty the Shah of Persia was pleased to honour him for his services in the field; provided, nevertheless, that His Majesty's said licence and permission doth not authorise, and shall not be deemed or construed to authorise, the assumption of any style, appellation, rank, precedence, or privilege appertaining unto a Knight Bachelor of these realms :

And also to command, that the said royal concession and especial mark of His Majesty's royal favour be registered, together with the relative documents, in the College of Arms.

County

Crown-Office, July 17, 1826.

**MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.**

County of Salop.

Sir Rowland Hill, of Hawkestone, Bart.

John Cressett Pelham, of the Castle, in Shrews-
bury, Esq.

Borough of Shrewsbury.

Panton Corbett, Esq.

Robert Aglionby Slancy, Esq.

Borough of Ludlow.

The Right Honourable Edward Herbert, Viscount
Clive.

The Honourable Robert Henry Clive.

Borough of Bridgnorth.

Thomas Whitmore, of Apley-park, in the county
of Salop, Esq.

William Wolryche Whitmore, of Dudmaston, in
the said county of Salop, Esq.

Borough of Wenlock.

The Honourable John George Weld Forester, of
Willey, in the county of Salop.

Paul Beilby Thompson, of Eserick, in the county
of York, Esq.

Borough of Bishop's Castle.

William Holmes, of Grafton-street, in the county
of Middlesex, Esq.

Edward Rogers, of Stanage-park, in the county of
Radnor, Esq.

County of Buckingham.

The Most Noble Richard Plantagenet Nugent
Grenville Chandos Temple (commonly called
Marquess of Chandos).

The Honourable Robert John Smith.

Borough of Buckingham.

General Sir George Nugent, Bart. G. C. B.

The Right Honourable William Henry Fremantle,
one of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy
Council, and Treasurer of His Majesty's House-
hold.

Borough of Chipping Wycombe.

Sir John Dashwood King, Bart.

Sir Thomas Baring, Bart.

Borough of Aylesbury.

The Right Honourable George Baron Nugent.
William Rickford, Esq.

Borough of Great Marlow.

Owen Williams, Esq.

Thomas Peers Williams, Esq.

Borough of Wendover.

Samuel Smith, of Woodhall-park, in the county of
Hertford, Esq.

George Smith, of Selsdon, in the county of Surrey,
Esq.

Borough of Agmondesham.

Thomas Tyrwhitt Drake, Esq.

William Tyrwhitt Drake, Esq.

County of Sussex.

Walter Burrell, of West Grinstead-park, in the county of Sussex, Esq.

Edward Jeremiah Curteis, of Windmill-hill, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Horsham.

Robert Hurst, of Horsham-park, in the county of Sussex, Esq.

The Honourable Henry Fox, of Holland-house, in the county of Middlesex.

Borough of Bramber.

John Irving, of Richmond-terrace, in the city of Westminster, Esq.

The Honourable Frederick Gough Calthorpe, of Grosvenor-square, in the county of Middlesex.

Borough of New Shoreham.

Sir Charles Merrick Burrell, of Knepp-castle, in the county of Sussex, Bart.

Henry Howard, of Aldingbourne, in the said county of Sussex, Esq.

Borough of Midhurst.

John Smith, of Grosvenor-square, in the city of Westminster, Esq.

Abel Smith, of Woodhall park, in the county of Herts, Esq.

Borough of East Grinstead.

The Right Honourable Charles Gordon (commonly called Lord Strathaven.

The Honourable Charles Cecil Cope Jenkinson.

Borough of Steyning.

George Richard Philips, of Hill-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Peter Du Cane, of Braxted-lodge, in the county of Essex, Esq.

Borough of Arundel.

Edward Lombe the younger, of Great Melton, in the county of Norfolk, Esq.

John Atkins, Esq. Citizen and Alderman of the city of London.

Borough of Lewes.

Thomas Read Kemp, of Brighthelmstone, in the county of Sussex, Esq.

Sir John Shelley, of Maresfield-park, in the said county, Bart.

City of Chichester.

The Right Honourable John George Lennox (commonly called Lord John George Lennox).

William Stephen Poyntz, of Cowdray, in the county of Sussex, Esq.

County of Berks.

Charles Dundas, of Barton-court, in the county of Berks, Esq.

Robert Palmer, of Holme-park, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Reading.

John Berkeley Monck, Esq.

George Spence, Esq.

Borough of Abingdon.

John Maberly, of Shirley-house, in the county of Surrey, Esq.

Borough of New Windsor.

John Ramsbottom, of Woodside, in the parish of Old Windsor, in the county of Berks, Esq.

Sir Richard Hussey Vivian, a Major-General in the Army, K. C. B.

Borough of Wallingford.

William Lewis Hughes, Esq.

George James Robarts, Esq.

County of Essex.

Sir Eliab Harvey, Knt. G. C. B.

Charles Callis Western, Esq.

Borough of Colchester.

Sir George Henry Smyth, of Berechurch-hall, in the parish of Berechurch, within the liberties of the said borough of Colchester, Bart.

Daniel Whittle Harvey, of Crosby-square, Bishops-gate-street, in the city of London, Esq.

Borough of Maldon.

The Honourable George Mark Arthur Way Allanson Winn.

Thomas Barrett Lennard, Esq.

Borough of Harwich.

John Charles Herries, Esq. Secretary to the Treasury.

Nicholas Conyngham Tindal, Esq. Solicitor General of the county palatine of Durham.

County of Rutland.

Sir Gerard Noel Noel, of Exton, in the county of Rutland, Bart.

Sir Gilbert Heathcote, of Normanton-park, in the said county of Rutland, Bart.

County of Caithness.

The Honourable James Sinclair, of Braclangwell.
*Burghs of Wick, Tain, Dingwall, Dornock, and
Kirkwall.*

Sir Hugh Innes, of Lochalsh and Coxton, Bart.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 25,
1826.

Carlton-House, June 17, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to approve of the appointment of William Westbrooke Burton, Esq. to be Recorder of the borough of Daventry, in the county of Northampton, vacant by the resignation of Mr. Serjeant Adams.

Crown-Office, July 20, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

County of Cambridge.

The Right Honourable Charles Somerset Manners
(commonly called Lord Charles Somerset Man-
ners).

The Right Honourable Francis Godolphin Os-
borne (commonly called Lord Francis Godolphin
Osborne).

University of Cambridge.

The Right Honourable Henry John Viscount
Palmerston.

The Right Honourable Sir John Singleton Copley,
Knt.

Town of Cambridge.

The Right Honourable James Graham (commonly
called the Marquess Graham).

Frederick William Trench, Colonel in His Ma-
jesty's Army.

County of Suffolk.

Sir Thomas Sherlock Gooch, of Benacre-hall, in
the said county of Suffolk, Bart.

Sir William Rowley, of Tendring-hall, in the said
county, Bart.

Borough of Ipswich.

William Haldimand, Esq.

Robert Torrens, Esq.

Borough of Dunwich.

Michael Barne, of the borough of Dunwich afore-
said, Esq.

Andrew Arcedeckne, of Clevering-hall, in the said
county of Suffolk, Esq.

Borough of Orford.

Horace Beauchamp Seymour Seymour, Esq.
Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Henry Frederick Cooke.

Borough of Aldeburgh.

Joshua Walker, Esq.
John Wilson Croker, Esq.

Borough of Sudbury.

John Wilks the younger, of Mill-hill, in the parish
of Hendon, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.
Bethell Walrond, of Montrath, in the county of
Devon, Esq.

Borough of Eye.

Major-General Sir Edward Kerrison, Bart.
Lieutenant-General Sir Miles Nightingall, K. C. B.

Borough of Bury Saint Edmunds.

The Right Honourable Henry Fitzroy (commonly
called the Earl of Euston).
The Right Honourable Frederick William Hervey
(commonly called Lord Hervey).

County of Montgomery.

The Right Honourable Charles Watkin Williams
Wynn.

Borough of Montgomery.

Henry Clive, Esq.

County of Orkney and Zetland.

The Honourable George Heneage Laurence Dundas,
Captain in the Royal Navy.

Crown-Office, July 24, 1826.

**MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.**

County of Southampton.

John Fleming, of Stoneham-park, in the said county, Esq.

Sir William Heathcote, of Hursley-park, in the said county, Bart.

City of Winchester.

Paulett Saint John Mildmay, Esq.

Sir Edward Hyde East, Bart.

Borough of Portsmouth.

John Carter, of Duke-street, in the city of Westminster, Esq.

Francis Baring, of New-street, Spring-gardens, in the said city of Westminster, Esq.

Borough of Newport.

The Right Honourable George Canning, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

The Honourable William Henry John Scott, son of the Right Honourable John Earl of Eldon, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain.

Borough of Yarmouth.

The Honourable Thomas Hamilton (commonly called Lord Binning).

Joseph Phillimore, Esq. of Whitehall, in the county of Middlesex, Doctor of Civil Law.

Borough of Newtown.

Hudson Gurney, Esq. of the city of Norwich, and
St. James's-square, in the county of Middlesex.
Charles Compton Cavendish, Esq. of Burlington-
house, Piccadilly, London.

Borough of Lymington.

Walter Boyd, of Plaistow-lodge, in the county of
Kent, Esq.

Guy Lenox Prendergast, of the city of London,
Esq.

Borough of Christchurch.

The Right Honourable Sir George Henry Rose,
of Cuffnells, in the parish of Lyndhurst, in the
said county of Southampton.

George Pitt Rose, Esq. of His Majesty's 15th
Regiment of Hussars.

Borough of Andover.

Sir John Walter Pollen, Bart.

Thomas Assheton Smith the younger, Esq.

Borough of Whitechurch.

Samuel Seott, Esq. of Sundridge-park, in the
county of Kent.

The Honourable John Robert Townshend, of
Grosvenor-square, in the county of Middlesex.

Borough of Petersfield.

Hylton Jolliffe, of Merstham, in the county of
Surrey, Esq.

William Marshall, of Patterdale, in the county of
Westmoreland

Borough of Stockbridge.

Thomas Grosvenor, Esq. a General in His Majesty's Army.

George Wilbraham, of Delamere-house, in the county of Chester, Esq.

Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed.

Marcus Beresford, Esq.

John Gladstone, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of JULY 28,
1826.

Crown-Office, July 27, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

County of Warwick.

Dugdale Stratford Dugdale, Esq.

Francis Lawley, Esq.

Borough of Tamworth.

The Right Honourable Charles Vere Ferrars Townshend, of Raynham, in the county of Norfolk (commonly called Lord Charles Vere Ferrars Townshend).

William Yates Peel, of Stratton-street, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, Esq.

Borough

Borough of Warwick.

The Honourable Sir Charles John Greville, K.C.B.
of the borough of Warwick aforesaid.

John Tomes, of the said borough of Warwick, Esq.

County of Radnor.

Walter Wilkins, of Maeslough, in the said county
of Radnor, Esq.

Borough of Radnor or New Radnor.

Richard Price, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 1,
1826.

St. James's-Palace, July 27, 1826.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on John Stoddart, Esq. LL.D. (formerly His Majesty's Advocate, and Advocate of the Admiralty at Malta), upon his appointment of President of the High Court of Appeal, and Judge of the Vice-Admiralty Court of the island of Malta.

War-Office, 31st July 1826.

His Majesty has been pleased to approve of the 85th Foot bearing on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to the Regiment, the words

“ *Fuentes d’Honor,*” and
“ *Nive,*”

in commemoration of the distinguished conduct of the Regiment at Fuentes d’Honor, on 5th May 1811; and in the passage of the Nive, in the month of December 1813.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 8,
1826.

Whitehall, August 7, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to grant to the Reverend Edward Copleston, Doctor in Divinity, the Deanry of the Cathedral Church of Chester, void by the death of the Reverend Doctor Vaughan, late Dean thereof.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 11,
1826.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 27th of *July*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered, by His Majesty in Council, that the Parliament, which stands prorogued to Thursday the twenty-fourth day of August next, be further prorogued to Thursday the second day of November next; and that the Convocations of Canterbury and York, which stand prorogued to Friday the twenty-fifth day of August next, be further prorogued to Friday the third day of November next.

Whitehall, August 10, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint Frederick Montagu, Esq. commonly called Lord Frederick Montagu, to be His Majesty's Postmaster-General, vice the Earl of Chichester, deceased.

Crown-Office, August 10, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

County of Cork.

The Right Honourable Richard Hare (commonly called Lord Viscount Ennismore), of Connamore, in the said county.

The Honourable Robert King, of Mitchelstown, in the said county.

City of Cork.

The Honourable Christopher Hely Hutchinson.
Sir Nicholas Conway Colthurst, Bart.

Town of Youghall.

The Honourable George Ponsonby.

Town of Bandonbridge.

The Honourable John William Ponsonby (commonly called Viscount Duncannon).

Town of Kinsale.

John Russell, Esq. of Upton-house, in Warwickshire.

Town of Mallow.

Charles Denham Orlando Jephson, Esq.

City of Dublin.

George Moore, of Hume-street, in the county of the city of Dublin, Esq. Doctor of Laws.

Henry Grattan, of Stephen's-green, in the county of the city aforesaid, Esq.

College of the Holy Trinity of Dublin.

The Right Honourable William Conyngham Plunket.

County of Longford.

George John Viscount Forbes (commonly called Lord Viscount Forbes), of Castle Forbes, in the county of Longford.

Sir George Ralph Fetherston, of Aidagh, in the said county, Bart.

County of Waterford.

Richard Power, of Clasmore, in the said county of Waterford, Esq.

Henry Villiers Stuart, of Dromana, in the said county of Waterford, Esq.

Borough of Dungarvon.

The Honourable George Lamb.

County of Westmeath.

Gustavus Rochfort, of Rochfort, in the county of Westmeath, Esq.

Hugh Morgan Tuite, of Sonna, in the same county, Esq.

Borough of Athlone.

Richard Handcock, junior, Esq. of Athlone, in the county of Westmeath.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 18,
1826.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 27th of *July*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the sixth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled
“ An Act to regulate the trade of the British pos-
“ sions abroad,” after reciting, that “ by the Law
“ of Navigation foreign ships are permitted to im-
“ port into any of the British possessions abroad,
“ from the countries to which they belong, goods
“ the produce of those countries, and to export
“ goods from such possessions to be carried to any
“ foreign country whatever;” and that “ it is
“ expedient that such permission should be sub-
“ ject to certain conditions,” it is enacted, “ that
“ the privileges thereby granted to foreign ships
“ shall be limited to the ships of those countries
“ which, having colonial possessions, shall grant
“ the like privileges of trading with those pos-
“ sessions to British ships; or which, not hav-
“ ing colonial possessions, shall place the com-
“ merce and navigation of this country, and of
“ its possessions abroad, upon the footing of the
“ most favoured nation, unless His Majesty by
“ His Order in Council shall, in any case, deem
“ it expedient to grant the whole or any of
“ such privileges to the ships of any foreign
“ country.

“ country, although the conditions aforesaid shall
 “ not in all respects be fulfilled by such foreign
 “ country:” and whereas, the conditions mentioned
 and referred to in the said Act of Parliament, have
 not in all respects been fulfilled by the Government
 of the United States of America, and therefore the
 privileges so granted as aforesaid by the Law of
 Navigation to foreign ships, cannot lawfully be
 exercised or enjoyed by the ships of the United
 States aforesaid, unless His Majesty, by His Order
 in Council, shall grant the whole or any of such
 privileges to the ships of the United States afore-
 said: and whereas, His Majesty doth deem it ex-
 pedient to grant to the ships of the said United
 States such of the said privileges as are hereinafter
 mentioned; His Majesty doth therefore, with the
 advice of His Privy Council, and in pursuance and
 exercise of the powers and authorities in him vested
 by the said Act of Parliament, declare and grant
 that it is and shall be lawful for the ships of the
 United States aforesaid to import into any of the
 British possessions abroad, from the said United
 States, goods the produce of the United States
 aforesaid, and not enumerated in the table of pro-
 hibitions and restrictions in the said Act contained,
 and to export goods from such British possessions
 abroad to be carried to any foreign country what-
 ever, provided always, that such goods so im-
 ported shall be subject and liable to the payment
 of the duties imposed and made payable under and
 by virtue of the said Act of Parliament; provided
 also, and His Majesty doth further, with the advice
 aforesaid, declare that the privileges so granted as
 aforesaid to the ships of the said United States, so
 far as respects the British possessions in the West
 Indies, and on the Continent of South America,
 and so far as respects the Bahama Islands, and the
 Bermuda or Somer Islands, and so far as re-
 spects His Majesty’s settlements in the island of
 New-

Newfoundland, and the several islands belonging to and dependent on those settlements, shall absolutely cease and determine upon and from the first day of December, which will be in this present year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six; provided also, and His Majesty doth further, with the advice aforesaid, declare, that the privileges so granted as aforesaid to the ships of the said United States, so far as respects the British possessions on the Western Coast of Africa, shall absolutely cease and determine upon and from the said first day of December one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six: provided also, and His Majesty, with the advice aforesaid, doth further declare, that the privileges so granted as aforesaid to the ships of the said United States, so far as respects the colony of the Cape of Good Hope, and the islands, settlements, and territories belonging thereto, and dependent thereupon, and so far as respects the island of Mauritius, and the several islands and territories belonging thereto, or dependent thereupon, and so far as respects the island of Ceylon, and the several islands and territories belonging thereto, and dependent thereupon, shall absolutely cease and determine, upon and from the first day of March, which will be in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven: provided also, and His Majesty doth further, with the advice aforesaid, declare that the privileges so granted as afore-said to the ships of the said United States, so far as respects His Majesty's settlements in the island of New Holland, and the several islands and territories belonging thereto, and dependent thereupon, and so far as respects the island of Van Diemens Land, and the several islands and territories belonging thereto, and dependent thereupon, shall absolutely cease and determine upon and from the first day of May, which will be in the said year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven: provided also, that

nothing

nothing in this present Order contained, extends, or shall be construed to extend, to infringe or interfere with the Convention of Commerce and Navigation, concluded between His late Majesty King George the Third and the United States of America, bearing date the third day of July one thousand eight hundred and fifteen ; or the further Convention of Commerce and Navigation, concluded between His said late Majesty and the United States of America, bearing date the twentieth day of October one thousand eight hundred and eighteen ; or to prevent ships of the said United States from importing into any of the British possessions in Europe, or from exporting from such British possessions in Europe, any goods which, under or by virtue of the said Conventions, or either of them, or of the several Acts of Parliament made for carrying such Conventions into effect, can or may be lawfully imported into or exported from such British possessions in Europe in the ships of the said United States. And whereas, by a certain Act of Parliament, passed in the fourth year of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled “ An Act to authorise
 “ His Majesty, under certain circumstances, to
 “ regulate the duties and drawbacks on goods im-
 “ ported or exported in foreign vessels, and to ex-
 “ empt certain foreign vessels from pilotage,” it is, among other things, enacted, “ that it shall and
 “ may be lawful to and for His Majesty, by and
 “ with the advice of His Privy Council, or by His
 “ Majesty’s Order or Orders in Council, whenever
 “ it shall be deemed expedient, to levy and charge
 “ any additional duty or duties of Customs, or to
 “ withhold the payment of any drawbacks, bounties,
 “ or allowances upon any goods, wares, or mer-
 “ chandise imported into or exported from the
 “ United Kingdom, or imported into or exported
 “ from any of His Majesty’s dominions, in vessels
 belong-

“ belonging to any foreign country in which higher
 “ duties shall have been levied, or smaller draw-
 “ backs, bounties, or allowances granted upon
 “ goods, wares, or merchandise when imported
 “ into or exported from such foreign country in
 “ British vessels, than are levied or granted upon
 “ similar goods, wares, and merchandise when im-
 “ ported or exported in vessels of such country;”
 and it is thereby provided, “ that such additional
 “ or countervailing duties so to be imposed, and
 “ drawbacks, bounties, or allowances so to be
 “ withheld as aforesaid, shall not be of greater
 “ amount than may be deemed fairly to countervail
 “ the difference of duty, drawback, bounty, or
 “ allowance paid or granted on goods, wares,
 “ or merchandise imported into or exported from
 “ such foreign country in British vessels, more
 “ or less than the duties, drawbacks, bounties,
 “ or allowances there charged or granted upon
 “ similar goods, wares, or merchandise imported
 “ into or exported from such foreign country
 “ in vessels of such country:” and whereas by
 an Act of Parliament, passed in the fifth year
 of the reign of His present Majesty, intituled
 “ An Act to indemnify all persons concerned in
 “ advising, issuing, or acting under a certain Order
 “ in Council, for regulating the tonnage duties on
 “ certain foreign vessels, and to amend an Act
 “ of the last session of Parliament, for autho-
 “ rising His Majesty, under certain circumstances,
 “ to regulate the duties and drawbacks on goods
 “ imported or exported in any foreign vessels,”
 it is, among other things, enacted, “ that it shall
 “ and may be lawful to and for His Majesty,
 “ by and with the advice of His Privy Council,
 “ or by His Majesty’s Order or Orders in Council,
 “ to be published from time to time in the Lon-
 “ don Gazette (whenever it shall be deemed ex-
 “ pedient) to levy and charge any additional or
 1826. R r “ counter-

“ countervailing duty or duties of tonnage upon
 “ or in respect of any vessels which shall
 “ enter any of the ports of the United Kingdom
 “ of Great Britain and Ireland, or in any of His
 “ Majesty’s dominions, and which shall belong
 “ to any foreign country in which any duties
 “ of tonnage shall have been or shall be levied
 “ upon or in respect of British vessels entering
 “ the ports of such country, higher or greater
 “ than are levied or granted upon or in respect
 “ of the vessels of such country: and it is
 “ thereby provided, that such additional or counter-
 “ vailing tonnage duties, so to be levied and charged
 “ as aforesaid, shall not be of greater amount than
 “ may be deemed fairly to countervail the dif-
 “ ference of duty paid in such foreign country
 “ upon or in respect of the tonnage of British
 “ vessels more than the duty there charged or
 “ granted upon or in respect of the vessels of
 “ such country:” and whereas British vessels en-
 tering the ports of the United States aforesaid from
 the ports of His Majesty’s possessions in America
 or the West Indies, with cargoes consisting of
 articles of the growth, produce, or manufacture of
 the said possessions, are charged with a duty of
 one dollar per ton, for tonnage duties and light
 money, and a discriminating duty of ten per cent.
 is charged upon the cargoes of such vessels, to
 which vessels of the United States, and cargoes of
 the same description, entering the ports of the
 United States from the ports of His Majesty’s said
 possessions, are not subject; His Majesty, by
 virtue of the powers vested in him by the said Acts
 of Parliament, passed in the fourth and fifth years
 of His Majesty’s reign, by and with the advice of
 His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is
 hereby ordered, that there shall be charged on all
 vessels of the United States, which shall enter any
 of the ports of His Majesty’s possessions on the
Con-

Continent of North America, with articles of the growth, production, or manufacture of the said States, or which, until the said first day of December one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, shall enter with any such articles any of the ports of His Majesty's possessions in the West Indies or South America, or in the Bahama Islands, or in the Bermuda or Somer Islands, a duty of four shillings and three pence sterling for each and every ton burthen of such vessels, equal, as nearly as may be, to ninety-four cents of the money of the United States, and being the difference between the tonnage duty payable by vessels of the United States and British vessels entering any of the ports of the said United States, from any ports of His Majesty's dominions in America or the West Indies; and further, an addition of ten per cent. upon the duties set forth in the said Act of Parliament, passed as aforesaid in the sixth year of His Majesty's reign, on any of the articles therein enumerated, which may be imported into His Majesty's said possessions on the Continent of North America, in any vessel of the said United States, or which, until the said first day of December one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, may be imported into His Majesty's said possessions in the West Indies or South America, or into the Bahama Islands, or into the Bermuda or Somer Islands, in any such vessel of the said States; such duties to be levied, collected, and applied in the same manner and to the same purposes as the duties levied under the authority of the said Act of the sixth year of His Majesty's reign:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, August 16, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint Robert Fielding Fitzherbert, Esq. Clerk of the Cheque of His Majesty's Guard of Yeomen of the Guard.

Foreign-Office, August 18, 1826.

The King has been pleased to approve of Mr. John George Behrends, as Consul in London for the Free City of Frankfort.

FROM THE

*LONDON GAZETTE of AUGUST 22,
1826.*

Whitehall, August 19, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to grant to Sir Thomas Le Breton, Knt. the office of Bailiff of the island of Jersey, in the room of Henry Frederick Lord Carteret, deceased.

Crown-Office, August 17, 1826

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

County of Antrim.

The Honourable John Bruce Richard O'Neill.
Edmund Alexander M'Naughten, Esq.

Borough of Belfast.

The Right Honourable George Hamilton Chichester (commonly called Earl of Belfast).

Borough of Lisburne.

Henry Meynell, Esq.

County of Armagh.

The Honourable Henry Caulfield, of Hockley-lodge.
Charles Brownlow, of Langan, Esq.

Borough of Armagh.

The Right Honourable Henry Goulburn.

County of Dublin.

Henry White, Esq.
Richard Wogan Talbot, Esq.

County of Galway.

James Daly, of Dunsandle, in the said county of Galway, Esq.
Richard Martin, of Ballynahinch-castle, in the said county of Galway, Esq.

Town of Galway.

James O'Hara, Esq. Recorder of the said town and county of the said town.

County

County of Kerry.

The Right Honourable Maurice FitzGerald, Knight
of Kerry.

William Hare, Esq.

Borough of Tralee.

James Cuffe, of Deal-castle, in the county of
Mayo, Esq.

County of Leitrim.

Samuel White, of Footland, in the county of
Leitrim, Esq.

The Honourable Robert Bermingham Clements
(commonly called Lord Viscount Clements).

County of Louth.

Alexander Dawson, of Riverstown, Esq.

John Leslie Foster, of Rathescar, Esq.

Borough of Dundalk.

Charles Barclay, of Grosvenor-place, in the city
of Westminster, Esq.

County of Monaghan.

Evelyn John Shirley, of Eatington-park, in the
county of Warwick, and also of Coolderry, in
the said county of Monaghan, Esq.

The Honourable Henry Robert Westenra, of Ross-
more-park, in the said county of Monaghan.

County of Sligo.

The Honourable Henry King, of Farmhill.

Edward Syng Cooper, of Marcrea castle, Esq.

Borough of Sligo.

Owen Wynne, of Haslewood, Esq.

County of Tipperary.

The Honourable Francis Aldborough Prittie, of Corville, in the said county.

John Hely Hutchinson, of Knocklofty, in the said county, Esq.

Borough of Clonmell.

James Hewett Massey Dawson, Esq.

City of Cashell.

Ebenezer John Collett, of Lockers-house, in the county of Hertford, Esq.

County of Tyrone.

William Stewart, of Killymoon, in the said county of Tyrone, Esq.

The Honourable Henry Thomas Lowry Corry, of Ahenis, in the said county of Tyrone, and of Castlecoole, in the county of Fermanagh.

Borough of Dungannon.

The Honourable Thómas Knox.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 1,
1826.

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE, R.

WHEREAS Our Parliament stands prorogued to Thursday the second day of November next; We, with the advice of Our Privy Council, do hereby publish and declare, that the said Parliament shall be further prorogued, on the said second day of November next, to Tuesday the fourteenth day of November next; and We have given order to Our Chancellor of that part of Our United Kingdom called Great Britain, to prepare a writ patent for proroguing the same accordingly; and We do further hereby, with the advice aforesaid, declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure, that the said Parliament shall, on the said fourteenth day of November next, be held and sit for the dispatch of divers urgent and important affairs: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses, and the Commissioners for Shires and Boroughs of the House of Commons, are hereby required and commanded to give their attendance accordingly, at Westminster, on the said fourteenth day of November next.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, the first day of September one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, and in the seventh year of Our reign.

GOD save the KING.

At

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 1st of *September*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the laws now in force for regulating the importation of corn,—oats, and oatmeal may be imported into the United Kingdom, and into the Isle of Man, for home consumption, under and subject to the regulations of the several statutes in that case made and provided, whenever the average price of oats (to be ascertained in the manner therein prescribed) shall be at or above the price of twenty-seven shillings per quarter, and pease may in like manner be imported, whenever the price shall be at or above fifty-three shillings per quarter: and whereas by a certain Act of Parliament, made and passed in the third year of His present Majesty's reign, intituled “ An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Importation of Corn,” it is enacted, that whenever foreign corn, meal, or flour, shall be admissible under the provisions of an Act, passed in the fifty-fifth year of the reign of His late Majesty, King George the Third, intituled “ An Act to amend the Law now in force for regulating the Importation of Corn,” or under the provisions of the said Act, passed in the third year of the reign of His present Majesty, there shall be levied and paid certain duties therein specified upon all such foreign corn, meal, or flour, when admitted for home consumption: and whereas by the weekly returns of purchases and sales of corn, made by the several Inspectors of Corn Returns in the cities and towns of England and Wales, to the

1826. S s Re-

Receiver of Corn Returns, it appears that the average price of oats, and also the average price of pease at the present time exceed the before mentioned prices of twenty-seven shillings and fifty-three shillings per quarter: and whereas, from information which hath this day been laid before His Majesty, it appears that the price of oats, as well as that of pease, is still rising, and that the crop of oats, and also the crops of pease and beans, of the present year have failed to a considerable extent, and that a deficiency in the crop of potatoes is also apprehended in some parts of the United Kingdom: and whereas, if the importation, for home consumption, of oats and oatmeal, and of rye, pease, and beans, be not immediately permitted, there is great cause to fear that much distress may insue to all classes of His Majesty's subjects:

And whereas, under the Acts aforesaid, no foreign grain of the above description, whatever may be the respective average prices of the same, can be admitted to entry, for home consumption, till after the fifteenth day of November in the present year, when the next quarterly average, by which the admission of such grain is regulated, will be made up, according to the provisions of the said Acts: His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, doth order, and it is hereby accordingly ordered, that foreign oats and oatmeal, rye, pease, and beans, whether warehoused or otherwise, shall and may, from the date hereof, be permitted to be entered in the ports of the United Kingdom, and of the Isle of Man, for home consumption, provided the parties making entry of any such foreign oats, oatmeal, rye, pease, or beans, do give bond, with sufficient sureties, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, for the payment of any duties, not exceeding in amount the duties herein-
after

after mentioned, in case Parliament shall authorise the levy and receipt thereof, that is to say :

Oats, per quarter, 2s.

Oatmeal, per boll, 2s. 2d.

Rye, pease, and beans, per quarter, 3s. 6d.

And His Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, doth hereby further order, and it is accordingly ordered, that such permission to enter oats and oatmeal, rye, pease, and beans for home consumption, on the conditions aforesaid, shall continue in force from the date hereof, until the expiration of forty days, to be reckoned from the day of the next meeting of Parliament, unless the Parliament shall previously to the expiration of the said forty days make provision to the contrary :

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. C. Greville.

FROM THE
SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 1,
1826.

India-Board, September 1, 1826.

A DISPATCH has been received at the East India-House from the Governor-General in Council at Fort William, in Bengal, dated 7th April 1826; of which dispatch, and of its inclosures, the following are copies :

Copy of a Letter from the Governor General in Council at Fort William, in Bengal, to the Secret Committee of the Court of Directors of the East India Company, dated 7th April 1826.

HONOURABLE SIRS,

WE hasten to announce to your Honourable Committee, that the Enterprize steam vessel, having on board Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell and Mr. Robertson, the Civil Commissioner in Ava and Pegu, has arrived with the important and gratifying intelligence of the conclusion of peace with the King of Ava.

The ratified copy of the treaty, bearing date the 24th February, and executed at Yandaboo, within four days march of the capital, together with the first instalment of twenty-five lacks of rupees, was dispatched by Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell from Rangoon, in His Majesty's ship Alligator, on
the

the 17th March, ten days before the departure of the steam vessel from that port, and may be hourly expected. A copy of the treaty having, however, been received from Sir Archibald Campbell, we now transmit it with this address to Bombay, for the purpose of being forwarded over land, and beg to offer our cordial congratulations on the honourable and successful termination of the long and arduous contest in which we have been engaged.

The Alligator having been placed at our disposal by His Excellency Commodore Sir James Brisbane, and being also, we understand, appointed to return to England, we propose to dispatch her, immediately on her arrival, to England, committing a copy of the treaty to the charge of Captain Snodgrass, Military Secretary to Sir Archibald Campbell, who will afford your Honourable Committee every information regarding the recent operations in Ava. In the mean time, it will be highly satisfactory to you to know, that the main body of the force in Ava had returned to Rangoon, and several regiments had been actually embarked on the transports then in the river, and sailed for this Presidency and Fort Saint George.

Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, having communicated personally with us on various points, will return in the Enterprize steam vessel to Rangoon, in the course of the ensuing week, to superintend the embarkation of the remaining troops, all of whom, it is expected, will be ready to leave the Burman territories by the time when the second instalment of twenty-five lacks falls due, namely, the 4th of June next.

We have, &c.

AMHERST.

J. H. HARINGTON;

W. B. BAYLEY.

P. S.—9th April.—His Majesty's ship Alligator arrived this morning.

Copy

Copy of a Letter from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. to George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated Head Quarters, Camp, at Yandaboo, 45 Miles South-West of Ava, 24th February 1826

SIR,

THE late defeats sustained by the Burmese army, and which led to its almost total dispersion, together with the vicinity of the British force to the capital of Ava, has had the effect (I trust sufficiently) to humble that haughty and arrogant Court to a submission, which will, no doubt, be made for a length of time subservient to its policy, so as not again wantonly to disturb the peace of the British Government in India.

The Treaty of Peace this day concluded and ratified by the Burmese Ministers of State, will be submitted to his Lordship in Council by the British Commissioners in Pegu and Ava. I have, therefore, only to say, that I shall at once return with the force under my command to Rangoon, there to await the further commands of Government.

I have, &c.

A CAMPBELL, Major-General.

TREATY of PEACE between the Honourable East India Company on the one part, and His Majesty the King of Ava on the other, settled by Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. and K. C. T. S., commanding the Expedition, and Senior Commissioner in Pegu and Ava, Thomas Campbell Robertson, Esquire, Civil Commissioner in Pegu and Ava, and Henry Dueie Chads, Esquire, Captain, commanding His Britannic Majesty's and the Honourable Company's Naval Force on the Irrawaddy River, on the part of the Honourable Company; and by Mengyee-Maha-Men-Klah-Kyan-Ten Woong-ye, Lord of Lay-Kaeng, and Mengyee Mahah-Men-Klah-Shee-hah-the-Ahren-Woon, Lord of the Revenue, on the part of the King of Ava; who have each communicated to the other, their full powers; agreed to, and executed at Yandaboo, in the Kingdom of Ava, on this 24th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1826, corresponding with the fourth day of the decrease of the Moon Tuboung, in the year 1187, Mandina Aera.

ARTICLE I.—There shall be perpetual peace and friendship between the Honourable Company, on the one part, and His Majesty the King of Ava on the other.

ARTICLE II.—His Majesty the King of Ava renounces all claims upon, and will abstain from all future interference with, the Principality of Assam and its dependencies, and also with the contiguous petty States of Cachar and Jyntia. With regard to Munnipore it is stipulated, that, should Gumbheer Singh desire to return to that country, he shall be recognized by the King of Ava as Rajah thereof.

ARTICLE III.—To prevent all future disputes respect-

respecting the boundary line between the two great Nations, the British Government will retain the conquered Provinces of Arracan, including the four divisions of Arracan, Ramree, Cheduba, and Sandowey, and His Majesty the King of Ava cedes all right thereto. The Annonpeeteetonnien or Arracan Mountains (known in Arracan by the name of the Yeornabourg or Pokhengloun Range) will henceforth form the boundary between the two great Nations on that side. Any doubts regarding the said line of demarcation will be settled by Commissioners appointed by the respective governments for that purpose, such Commissioners from both Powers to be of suitable and corresponding rank.

ARTICLE IV.—His Majesty the King of Ava cedes to the British Government the conquered provinces of Yeh, Tavoy, and Mergui, and Tenasserim, with the islands and dependencies thereunto appertaining, taking the Saluen River as the line of demarcation on that frontier. Any doubts regarding their boundaries will be settled as specified in the concluding part of Article III.

ARTICLE V.—In proof of the sincere disposition of the Burmese Government to maintain the relations of peace and amity between the Nations, and as part indemnification to the British Government for the expences of the war, His Majesty the King of Ava agrees to pay the sum of one crore of rupees.

ARTICLE VI.—No person whatever, whether native or foreign, is hereafter to be molested, by either party, on account of the part which he may have taken, or have been compelled to take, in the present war.

ARTICLE VII.—In order to cultivate and improve the relations of amity and peace hereby established between the two Governments, it is agreed that

that accredited Ministers, retaining an escort or safeguard of 50 men, from each, shall reside at the durbar of the other, who shall be permitted to purchase, or to build a suitable place of residence, of permanent materials ; and a Commercial Treaty, upon principles of reciprocal advantage, will be entered into by the two High Contracting Powers.

ARTICLE VIII.—All public and private debts contracted by either Government, or by the subjects of either Government, with the other, previous to the war, to be recognized and liquidated upon the same principles of honour and good faith as if hostilities had not taken place between the two Nations ; and no advantage shall be taken by either party of the period that may have elapsed since the debts were incurred, or in consequence of the war ; and, according to the universal Law of Nations, it is further stipulated, that the property of all British subjects who may die in the dominions of His Majesty the King of Ava, shall, in the absence of legal heirs, be placed in the hands of the British Resident or Consul in the said dominions, who will dispose of the same according to the tenor of the British law. In like manner the property of Burmese subjects, dying under the same circumstances in any part of the British dominions, shall be made over to the Minister or other Authority delegated by His Burmese Majesty to the Supreme Government of India.

ARTICLE IX.—The King of Ava will abolish all exactions upon British ships or vessels in Burman ports that are not required from Burman ships or vessels in British ports ; nor shall ships or vessels, the property of British subjects, whether European or Indian, entering the Rangoon River or other Burman ports, be required to land their guns or unship their rudders, or to do any other act not required of Burmese ships or vessels in British ports.

ARTICLE X.—The good and faithful Ally of the British Government, His Majesty the King of Siam, having taken a part in the present war, will, to the fullest extent, as far as regards His Majesty and his subjects, be included in the above Treaty.

ARTICLE XI.—This Treaty to be ratified by the Burmese Authorities competent in the like cases, and the ratification to be accompanied by all British, whether European or Native (American) and other prisoners, who will be delivered over to the British Commissioners. The British Commissioners, on their part, engaging that the said Treaty shall be ratified by the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council, and the ratification shall be delivered to His Majesty the King of Ava in four months, or sooner if possible, and all the Burmese prisoners shall, in like manner, be delivered over to their own Government as soon as they arrive from Bengal.

LARGEEN MEONJA (L.S.) **A. CAMPBELL,**
WOONGHEE. Major General,
 and Senior Com-
 missioner.

(Seal of the)
 Lotoo.)

(L.S.) **T. C. ROBERT-**
SON, Civil Com-
 missioner.

SHWAGUM WOON
ATAWOON.

(L.S.) **H. D. CHADS.**
 Captain Royal
 Navy.

ADDITIONAL ARTICLE.

The British Commissioners being most anxiously desirous to manifest the sincerity of their wish for peace, and to make the immediate execution of the fifth Article of this Treaty as little irksome, or inconvenient as possible to His Majesty the King of Ava, consent to the following arrangements with respect to the division of the sum total, as specified in the Article before referred to, into instalments, viz.: upon the payment of twenty-five lacks of rupees, or one-fourth of the sum total, (the other Articles of the Treaty being executed) the army will retire to Rangoon; upon the future payment of a similar sum at that place, within one hundred days from this date, with the proviso as above, the army will evacuate the dominions of His Majesty the King of Ava, with the least possible delay; leaving the remaining moiety of the sum total to be paid by equal annual instalments in two years, from this 24th day of February 1826, A. D., through the Consul, or Resident in Ava, or Pegu, on the part of the Honourable the East India Company.

LARGEEN MEONJA (L.S.) A. CAMPBELL,
WOONGHEE. Major General.
and Senior Com-

(Seal of the)
Lotoo.

(L.S.) T. C. ROBERT-
SON, Civil Com-
missioner..

SHWAGUM WOON
ATAWOON.

(L.S.) H. D. CHADS,
Captain Royal
Navy..

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 5,
1826.

CIRCUITS OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR
RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

AUTUMN CIRCUITS, 1826.

MIDLAND CIRCUIT.

H. R. Reynolds, Esq. Chief Commissioner.

Hertfordshire, at Hertford, Saturday, October 28.

Essex, at Chelmsford, Monday, October 30.

Essex, at Colchester, Tuesday, October 31.

Suffolk, at Ipswich and Borough, Wednesday,
November 1.

Norfolk, at Yarmouth, Friday, November 3.

Norfolk, at Norwich and City, Monday, November 6.

Norfolk, at Lynn, Wednesday, November 8.

Suffolk, at Bury St. Edmunds, Friday, November 10.

Cambridgeshire, at Cambridge and Town, Monday,
November 13.

Cambridgeshire, at Ely, Wednesday, November 15.

Northamptonshire, at Peterborough, Thursday, November 16.

Huntingdonshire, at Huntingdon, Friday, November 17.

Bedfordshire, at Bedford, Saturday, November 18.

Northamptonshire, at Northampton, Monday, November 20.

Leicestershire, at Leicester, Thursday, November 23.

Stafford-

Staffordshire, at Litchfield, Saturday, November 25.
Shropshire, at Shrewsbury, Monday, November 27.
Staffordshire, at Stafford, Wednesday, November 29.
Warwickshire, at Coventry, Saturday, December 2.
Warwickshire, at Warwick, Monday, December 4.
Buckinghamshire, at Aylesbury, Thursday, December 7.

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

J. G. Harris, Esq. Commissioner.

Berkshire, at Reading, Monday, October 16.
Oxfordshire, at Oxford and City, Tuesday, October 17.
Worcestershire, at Worcester and City, Thursday, October 19.
Herefordshire, at Hereford and City, Saturday, October 21.
Monmouthshire, at Monmouth, Tuesday, October 24.
Gloucestershire, at Gloucester and City, Thursday, October 26.
Gloucestershire, at Bristol, Friday, October 27.
Somersetshire, at Bath, Monday, October 30.
Somersetshire, at Taunton, Wednesday, November 1.
Devonshire, at Exeter and City, Friday, November 3.
Cornwall, at Bodmin, Tuesday, November 7.
Devonshire, at Plymouth, Thursday, November 9.
Dorsetshire, at Dorchester, Saturday, November 11.
Wiltshire, at Salisbury, Monday, November 13.
Hampshire, at Winchester, Wednesday, November 15.
Hampshire, at Southampton, Thursday, November 16.
Sussex, at Horsham, Saturday, November 18.
Kent, at Maidstone, Monday, November 20.
Kent, at Dover, Wednesday, November 22.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

*W. J. Law, Esq. Commissioner.**Rutlandshire, at Oakham, Wednesday, October 18.**Derbyshire, at Derby, Thursday, October 19.**Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham and Town, Friday, October 20.**Lincolnshire, at Lincoln and City, Monday, October 23.**Yorkshire, at Kingston-upon-Hull, Wednesday, October 25.**Yorkshire, at York City, Thursday, October 26.**Yorkshire, at York, Friday, October 27.**Yorkshire, at Wakefield, Monday, October 30.**Yorkshire, at Richmond, Monday, November 6.**Durham, at Durham, Tuesday, November 7.**Northumberland, at Newcastle-on-Tyne and Town, Thursday, November 9.**Cumberland, at Carlisle, Monday, November 13.**Westmorland, at Kendal, Wednesday, November 15.**Lancashire, at Lancaster, Thursday, November 16.**Lancashire, at Liverpool, Friday, November 24.**Cheshire, at Chester and City, Monday, November 27.*

FROM THE

**LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 8,
1826.***Foreign-Office, September 6, 1826.*

THE King has been graciously pleased to appoint Henry Stephen Fox, Esq. (now Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Turin) to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Naples.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint Charles Manners St. George, Esq. (now Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Stockholm) to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Turin.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint the Honourable John Arthur Douglas Bloomfield (now Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Stutgardt) to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Stockholm.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint George Hamilton Seymour, Esq. (now Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Frankfort) to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Stutgardt.

The King has also been graciously pleased to appoint John Ralph Milbanke, Esq. to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation at Frankfort.

White-

Whitehall, September 8, 1826.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Henry Cripps, Clerk, Master of Arts, to the Vicarage of Stonehouse, in the county and diocese of Gloucester, void by the death of the Reverend William Baker.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 15,
1826.

Whitehall, September 13, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, constituting and appointing Sir John Singleton Copley, Knight, Master or Keeper of the Rolls and Records of the Court of Chancery, in the room of the Right Honourable Robert Lord Gifford, deceased.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 19,
1826.*War-Office, 18th September 1826.*

MEMORANDUM.

HIS Majesty has been pleased to approve of the 85th Foot (or the King's Light Infantry Regiment) bearing on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to the Regiment, the word

“ *Bladensburg,*”

in commemoration of the distinguished conduct of the Regiment in the action on the Heights above Bladensburg, on 24th August 1814.

His Majesty has also been pleased to approve of the 97th Regiment of Foot being styled, “ the 97th (or the Earl of Ulster's) Regiment of Foot.”

GARRISONS.

Lieutenant-General Honorable Sir Alexander Hope, G. C. B. to be Lieutenant-Governor of Chelsea-Hospital, vice Sir Harry Calvert, deceased. Dated 6th September 1826.

Lieutenant-General James Hay to be Lieutenant-Governor of Edinburgh-Castle, vice Sir Alexander Hope. Dated 6th September 1826.

Lieutenant-General William Thomas to be Lieutenant-Governor of Tynemouth, vice Lieutenant-General Hay. Dated 6th September 1826.

1826.

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FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 22,
1826.

Crown-Office, September 18, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

County of Carlow.

Henry Bruen, of Oak-park, Esq.
Thomas Kavanagh, of Borris, Esq.

Borough of Carlow.

The Right Honourable Charles William Bury
(commonly called Lord Baron Tullamoore), of
Charleville-forest, in Ireland.

County of Clare.

The Right Honourable William Vesey Fitzgerald,
of Inchicronan.
Lucius O'Brien, of Dromoland, Esq.

Borough of Ennis.

Thomas Frankland Lewis, Esq.

County of Donegal.

George Vaughan Hart, of Kilderry, in the county
of Donegal, Lieutenant-General in His Majesty's
Service.

The Right Honourable Francis Nathaniel Cun-
ningham (commonly called Earl Mount Charles).

. *County*

County of Down.

The Honourable Arthur Hill (commonly called Lord Arthur Hill)

The Honourable Frederick Stewart (commonly called Lord Viscount Castlereagh).

Borough of Newry.

The Honourable John Henry Knox.

Borough of Downpatrick.

John Waring Maxwell, of Finebrogue, Esq.

County of Fermanagh.

General Mervyn Archdall, of Castle Archdall, Esq.
Armor Lord Viscount Corry, of Castle Coole, both in said county of Fermanagh.

Borough of Enniskillen.

Richard Maginnis, of Grosvenor-place, Westminster, Esq. sen.

County of Kilkenny.

The Honourable Charles Harward Butler Clarke.
The Right Honourable John William Ponsonby (commonly called Viscount Duncannon).

City of Kilkenny.

John Doherty, Esq. one of His Majesty's Counsel at Law.

King's County.

Colonel Thomas Bernard, of Castle Bernard, Esq.
The Honourable William Parsons (commonly called Lord Baron Oxmantown, of Birr-castle), both in King's county.

County and Town of Drogheda.

Peter Van Homrigh, Esq.

County of Mayo.

The Honourable George Charles Bingham (commonly called Lord Bingham, of Castlebar.

James Browne, of Claremont, Esq. both in said county.

County of Meath.

The Honourable Thomas Taylor (commonly called Earl of Bective).

Sir Marcus Somerville, Bart. both in the said county.

Queen's County.

Sir Charles Henry Coote, of Ballyfin, in said county, Bart.

Sir Henry Parnell, of Rathleague, in the said county, Bart.

Borough of Portarlinton.

James Farquhar, of Johnstown and Inverbervie, in the county of Kincardine, Esq.

County of Wicklow.

The Honourable Granville Levison Proby, of Glenart.

James Grattan, of Tinatrinch, in the said county, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 26,
1826.

War-Office, 25th September 1826.

THE Right Honourable Lord Palmerston, His Majesty's Secretary at War, has appointed Lawrence Sullivan, Esq. to be his Deputy.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of SEPTEMBER 29,
1826.

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 1st of *September*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by His Majesty's Order in Council, dated nineteenth July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, and by the second section of the said Order, it is, amongst other things, directed, that such of certain vessels therein more
par-

particularly described, as are or shall be bound to any port in Ireland between Missen Head and Tuskard, shall perform quarantine in the Bay of Baltimore; such of them as are or shall be bound to any port between Tuskard and Rathlin, shall perform quarantine in Lough Larne and the Bay of Carlingford, near Killoween Point, opposite the Town of Carlingford; such of them as are or shall be bound to any port between Rathlin and Tory Island, shall perform quarantine in Ballymastoker Bay or Red Castle Road, near Londonderry; such of them as are bound for any port between Tory Island and Blacksod Bay, shall perform quarantine in the Harbour of Killybeggs; such of them as shall be bound for any port between Blacksod Bay and Loop Head, shall perform quarantine in Clew Bay, otherwise called the Bay of Burrishowle; and lastly, such of them as shall be bound for any port between Loop Head and Missen Head, shall perform quarantine in Scattery Bay, in the River of Limerick; it is hereby ordered by His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, that so much of the said Order in Council be, and the same is, hereby revoked.

And His Majesty is pleased to order, by and with the advice aforesaid, that all such ships or vessels liable to quarantine, as are or shall be bound to any port in Ireland, with clean bills of health, and not having on board any of the articles enumerated in the thirty-first section of the said Order in Council, dated the nineteenth July one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, shall perform quarantine at one of the following stations, that is to say,

Poolbeg, in the Harbour of Dublin;
 Warren Point, in the Harbour of Newry;
 Near Gramoyle, in the Harbour of Belfast;

Tar-

Tarbert, in the River Shannon, in the Harbour
of Limerick ;

Baltimore ;

Passage, River Suir, in the Harbour of Water-
ford ;

White Gate, Cove of Cork ;

Green Castle, Lough Foyle ; and

Black Rock, Galway Bay.

And His Majesty is hereby further pleased to order, by and with the advice aforesaid, that all ships or vessels, with clean bills of health, having on board any of the articles enumerated in the said thirty-first section of the said Order in Council, and intending to import the same into any port in Ireland, shall repair either to White Gate or Gramoyle aforesaid, to perform quarantine.

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

C. C. Greville.

FROM THE
SUPPLEMENT
TO THE
LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 6,
1826.

India-Board, October 5, 1826.

DISPATCHES have been received at the East India-House from the Governor-General in Council at Fort William, in Bengal, of which the following are extracts and copies :

Extract from a Letter from the Governor-General in Council to the Secret Committee of the Court of Directors of the East India Company, dated Fort William, 9th March 1826.

BY the return of the Enterprize steam-vessel from Rangoon, we have received some interesting advices from the seat of war, copies of which we lose no time in submitting for the information of your Honourable Committee.

Copy of a Letter from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B. to George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Governor-General in Council, dated Head-Quarters, Camp, Pagham-Mew, February 4, 1826.

SIR,

THE laborious duty of collecting and destroying the enemy's artillery and stores, together with a heavy fall of rain, prevented my leaving Patanagoh with the first division of the force before the morning of the 25th ult. We have since advanced eighty-five miles into the enemy's country, and, generally speaking, over very bad roads, but without having occasion to fire a shot, with the exception of a very daring and gallant charge made by a reconnoitring party of the Right Honourable the Governor-General's body guard, under the command of Lieutenant Trant, and Subadar-Major Quazee Wallee Mahomed, upon a considerable body of the enemy's infantry, the particulars of which I have the honour herewith to inclose. The Chief killed is now ascertained to have been Moungtoung-bo, a Commander, who was the terror of his countrymen, from his cruel disposition.—We are now opposite to Son-been-gheun, where, and at Challeen, the enemy had strong posts watching the road from Arracan, but evacuated those defences on our approach, and are now concentrating at Pagham-mew what force they can.

I have, &c.

ARCHD. CAMPBELL,
Major-General.

Copy of a Letter from Lieutenant Trant to Lieutenant-Colonel Tidy, C. B., Deputy-Adjutant-General, dated Watmachoote, January 30.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to acquaint you, for the information of the Commander of the Forces, that having been directed by the Deputy Quarter-Master-General to reconnoitre the road in advance, I proceeded this morning, accompanied by an escort of thirty-four men of the Governor-General's body guard, accompanied by Subadar-Major Quazee Wallée Mahomed, in the direction of Yaynaugheom, and marched for ten miles without seeing any appearance of the enemy.

At this distance I observed a small picquet of Burman cavalry rapidly retreating, and conceiving them to be detached from the force under Moung-toung-bo, I thought that, by intercepting them, we might approach the Burman camp undiscovered. We therefore pursued them as rapidly as the nature of the country would admit, for about two miles; and at the same time they entered a small valley, surrounded by a steep hillock where between four hundred and five hundred Burmahs, well armed with muskets, were bivouacked.

These were immediately charged by the body guard, who, pressing on the crowd, sabred and shot about fifty men, among whom was a Chief of rank (supposed to be Moung-toung-bo), and completely dispersed the remainder, part taking refuge in their boats, and others running to the hills, where the acclivity was so great that we could not pursue them. Finding this to be the case, about a hundred men, recovering from the panic into which they had been thrown, took post on the crest and side of the hill, and from thence kept a sharp but most ineffectual
fire

fire of jingals and musketry, by which, I am happy to say, only one man and a horse were wounded; but as I perceived their numbers were increasing, and that several men had been detached to our rear, apparently with the view of annoying us when returning, I thought it prudent to retire.

The body guard behaved with their usual gallantry, and the coolness, zeal, and courage, manifested by Subadar Major Quazee Wallee Mahomed, made him so very conspicuous during the affair, that I trust I may not be considered presumptuous in bringing his conduct to the notice of the Commander of the Forces.

I have, &c.

T. A. TRANT, Lieutenant 95th Foot,
Deputy-Assistant Quarter-Master-General.

Copy of a Letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Pepper to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Forces, under the Command of Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B., dated Shueghien, 19th February 1826.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to forward the accompanying copy of a letter from Ensign Clerk, 3d regiment P. L. I., detailing an account of an affair that took place on the 16th instant, at Meekow, with a considerable party of Burmese, detached by the Governor of Martaban, for the purpose of carrying the villages of Bew and Meekow.

On receipt of the intelligence on the 17th instant, I do myself the honour to report, for the information of Major-General Sir A. Campbell, K. C. B., that I sent Captain Leggatt, commanding 3d regiment, with one hundred rank and file, to reinforce the detachment at Meekow, which, added to one hundred men from Pegu, will leave him sufficient numbers to defend that part of the country, to

keep open the communication, and protect our supplies.

It is with much pleasure I have to bring to the notice of the Major-General, the conduct of Ensign Clerk, 3d regiment, commanding the detachment, and of Lieutenant Johnstone, of the Commissariat Department, who had volunteered his services, having proceeded there for provisions and carriage for my detachment.

I have, &c.

H. II. PEPPER; Lient -Col.

Commanding Field Detachment.

Copy of the Letter from Ensign Clerk, referred to in the foregoing Dispatch.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report to you, for the information of Brigadier Pepper, that I received intelligence, on the evening of the 15th instant, that a body of men had been detached by the Ex-Governor of Martaban to attack the villages of Bew and Meekow. Conceiving my presence necessary, with the picquet of thirty men stationed at the former place, in order that I might take advantage of circumstances. Wishing to stand my ground, if possible, or if pressed too hard, to fall back on my position at Meekow, I lost no time in proceeding there.

Fortunately Lieutenant Johnstone, 3d regiment P. L. I., attached to the Commissariat Department, was present at Meekow, and offered his services. He consented to take the command of my main party, and to reinforce me if necessary.

A little before day-light on the 16th, a party of the enemy suddenly rushed on my picquet, and made a general attack on the village. Their numbers left me no alternative but forcing my way through them, and effecting a junction with my other party. Agreeable to promise, I found Lieutenant Johnstone

stone had come to my assistance. The reinforcement, though small, was most opportune, and a retreat to my old position was then conducted in the most orderly manner, the whole acting as light infantry in extended order, in consequence of the enemy having shewn a disposition to surround my little party. Their fire from jingals and small arms were quick and noisy, but ill-directed, as will appear from the little loss I have sustained.

Having gained my old position, I had the advantage of a few additional men from a guard obliged to be left for the protection of some supplies: here I determined to make a stand, and, extending my party in such a manner, that the left rested on the right bank of the River Setoung, and my right on a "Rahoon's" house. We continued opposed to each other until half-past eight o'clock, when, seeing their line beginning to waver, I seized the opportunity of charging, and am happy to say the result surpassed my most sanguine expectation—they fled in the most precipitate manner, neglecting the usual custom of carrying off their dead. Forty bodies were found on the ground, and I imagine the wounded must have been considerable. To Lieutenant Johnstone I must attribute the success of this affair, and I trust he will receive the reward of his judicious conduct from the Brigadier. I have greatly to admire the coolness and deliberate conduct of the Officers and men under my command, whose situation for a considerable period was very perilous. The number of the enemy opposed to them I cannot estimate at less than one thousand and five hundred, and well armed.

Subjoined is a list of the killed and wounded, and a statement of ammunition expended is herewith forwarded I have, &c.

T. J. CLERK, Ensign 3d Regiment,
Commanding Detachment.

Camp, Meekow, February 18, 1826.

Killed.

Killed.

12th Regt. Native Infantry—1 sepoy.

Wounded.

3d Regt. P. L. I.—3 sepoy severely, 4 sepoy slightly.

Two thousand two hundred and sixty-two ball cartridges expended.

Extract from a Letter from the Governor-General in Council to the Secret Committee of the Court of Directors of the East India Company, dated Fort William, 28th March 1826.

WE have now the honour to transmit the dispatch from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, reporting the brilliant and decisive victory at Pagahm-Mew, on the 9th February, adverted to in our late address of the 9th instant.

Copy of a Letter from Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B., to George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Bengal Government, dated Headquarters, Camp, Pagahm-Mew, February 11, 1826.

SIR,

MY last communication made you acquainted with my belief that the enemy were concentrating upon Pagahm-Mew; subsequent intelligence established the fact. Part of the fugitives from Melloon had been rallied at that point, and there reinforced by fresh levies from Ava. The command of the whole, amounting to sixteen thousand men, was given to Za-Yea-Loogean, Woondock, Nar-Woon Barien,* who had pledged

* King of the Lower Regions.

himself to his Sovereign to achieve some signal success at the expense of the British, whom, in the insolent language of his Court and Nation, he styled the Invading Army of Rebellious Strangers.

A reconnoissance effected on the evening of the 8th, discovered the enemy in force, and strongly posted about five miles in advance of the village of Yesseah, where I had that day encamped with my leading division.

The report of Burman prisoners gave us to understand that the enemy had resolved to defend two positions; the first having for its appui the Logoh-Nunda Pagoda; the second, within the old walls of the city, which had undergone some partial repairs, and the numerous pagodas in and about Pagahm; the former to be occupied by seven thousand, the latter by nine thousand men. At this particular crisis, I considered it of importance that the decisions of the Court of Ava should not be left to depend upon hopes cherished under a false confidence in the promises of their new Commander. I therefore took measures for attacking the enemy on the morning of the 9th, and ordered Brigadier-General Cotton, whose division was twelve miles in the rear, to march with three of his corps, at such an hour during the night, as would ensure his joining me by day-light. Thus reinforced, I marched at nine o'clock.

Four miles from our camp I found, for the first time since the commencement of the war, the enemy prepared to dispute the ground with us in the field, in front of his first position. The disposition of his troops, and his plans for receiving our attack, exhibiting marks of considerable judgment.

The road from Yesseah to Pagahm leads through a country much overgrown with prickly jungle, which, whilst it renders it difficult for regular troops to diverge from its direct course, either to the right or left, is in some places so thick as completely to
mask

mask the formations and other manœuvres of large bodies. The Burmese General, availing himself of these advantages, and probably ignorant of the reinforcement the leading division had received during the night, drew up his army in the form of a crescent, both its flanks being considerably advanced, and the main road running directly through its centre, thinking, no doubt, that we must advance by it, till opposed in front, when the wings would close in to attack us on both flanks and in the rear, which his great superiority in numbers would have enabled him to effect, had we fallen into the snare. But the advance of the British force was conducted in such a manner as soon to detect the object of his formation, and he was instantly assailed upon both flanks. His Majesty's 13th light infantry led the right attack (under my own immediate direction) accompanied by four guns of the Bengal horse artillery, and a small detachment of the body guard, supported by His Majesty's 89th regiment, and His Majesty's 38th regiment; that on the left, supported by His Majesty's 41st, and two guns of the Madras artillery, under the direction of Brigadier-General Cotton; whilst Lieutenant-Colonel Parlby, with the 43d Madras native infantry, advanced on the bank of the Irrawaddy, our extreme left, to prevent the enemy throwing troops to our rear in that direction. They received our attack on both flanks tolerably well-formed, and with a show of resolution, but were soon obliged to give way before the rapid fire and steady charge of British soldiers.

Part of their troops, broke by the 38th, retired into a well-constructed field-work, but were so closely pursued that they had not time to form for its defence; here from three to four hundred of them perished, either by the bayonet, or plunging into the river to escape. The enemy, perceiving both his flanks attacked, and seeing our centre apparently without troops, pushed a column by the
main

main road, towards an eminence in our rear, covered with pagodas, but was checked, and retired on seeing the 89th in reserve. Several times during the day they attempted, with their cavalry to turn our right, and vigilantly watching every opportunity which might offer to effect this purpose. They at one time came down in great force and good order towards a small party of His Majesty's 13th light infantry. Unfortunately, my force in cavalry did not enable me to avail myself of similar opportunities; but the very few I had of the Right Honourable the Governor-General's body guard, under the command of Subadar Major Quazee Wallee Mahommet, acquitted themselves with marked gallantry, and entirely to my satisfaction. The first of the enemy's positions being thus carried, the troops were reformed, and, after a short halt, led to the attack of the second, which they soon forced without much opposition. The enemy, thus defeated at all points, left me in possession of Pagahm-Mew, with all its stores, ordnance, arms, and ammunition.

Our loss during the operations of this day, although of five hours duration, and continued over four miles of ground, I am happy to say, is comparatively small, a circumstance which I attribute to the want of their usual security behind works, whereby they were not only protected, but afforded a rest for their arms, which has often been the cause of considerable loss to us whilst advancing to the attack.

Every individual engaged conducted himself so perfectly to my satisfaction, that I will not particularize any; a copy of the Order which I issued upon the occasion, and which I beg leave to inclose, will best express to his Lordship my feelings towards the gallant troops I have the honour to command.

1826.

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I cannot close this dispatch without communicating to his Lordship the gratifying intelligence, that the operations of this force, by land and water, since the fall of Melloon, have released from the tyranny of the enemy, from 25 to 30,000 inhabitants of the lower provinces, who had been detained and driven before his retiring boats and army, many of them since the commencement of the war; from three thousand to four thousand family boats have passed Pagahm downwards since its occupation by us. I have, &c.

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL,
Major-General.

P. S.—From the information of prisoners of war and others, I am made to understand the enemy will attempt further opposition to our progress towards the capital, at a place called Pooway Sawah, which I hope to reach in the course of a very few days. A. C.

General Return of Killed, Wounded and Missing, in the Army under the Command of Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B., in action with the Enemy at Pagahm-Mew, on the 9th February 1826.

Bengal Horse Artillery—1 rank and file, and 1 horse, wounded.

Right Hon. the Governor-General's Body Guard—1 serjeant or havildar, 1 rank and file, 1 horse, wounded.

H. M. 13th Light Infantry—1 rank and file killed; 1 captain, 6 rank and file, wounded; 1 rank and file missing.

H. M. 38th Regt.—4 rank and file wounded.

H. M. 41st Regt.—1 rank and file wounded.

1st Bat. Madras Pioncers—1 rank and file wounded.

Name

Name of the Officer wounded.

Captain E. T. Tronson, His Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, severely, not dangerously.

F. S. TIDY, Lieut.-Col.

Deputy Adjutant-General.

Return of Ordnance, Arms, &c. captured from the Enemy on the 9th of February 1826, by the Army under the Command of Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K. C. B.

Brass guns, long—2 one and a half-pounders, 5 two-pounders, 7 swivels, and 2 jingals.

Iron guns, long—5 one and a half-pounders, 7 two-pounders, 1 two and a half-pounder, 10 three-pounders, 1 three and a half-pounder, 1 four and a half-pounder, 7 swivels, and 92 jingals

Round shot, for different calibres, 1700; bar shot 8; muskets 172; musket balls 26,000; gunpowder 3 tons, 10 cwt; flints 20,000; steel bars 135; lead 740 lbs.; sulphur 252 lbs.

C. HOPKINSON, Lieut-Colonel,

Commanding the Artillery with the Forces.

Camp, Pagahm-Mew, February 11, 1826.

GENERAL ORDERS.

*Head-Quarters, Pagahm-Mew,
February 9*

PROVIDENCE has once more blessed with success the British arms in this country; and in the decisive defeat of the imposing force, posted under and within the walls of Pagahm-Mew, the Major-General recognises a fresh display of the military virtues which have characterised his troops from the commencement of this war.

Early on this day, the enemy, departing from the cautious system of defence, behind field-works and

entrenchments, which forms their usual device of war, and relying on their great numerical superiority and singular advantages of ground, ventured on a succession of bold manœuvres on the flanks and front of the British columns. This false confidence has been rebuked by a reverse, severe, signal, and disastrous.

Their troops, of either arm, were repelled at every point, and their masses driven in confusion within their city.

The storm of Pagahm-Mew, which followed, exhibited the same features of intrepidity and self-devotion.

The frequency of these acts of spirited soldier-ship on the part of his troops renders it difficult for the Major-General to vary the terms of his praise; but he offers to every Officer and soldier engaged this day the tribute of his thanks at once, with the affection of a Commander, and the cordiality of a comrade.

F. S. TIDY, Lieut.-Col. D. A. G.

Extract from a Letter from the Governor-General in Council to the Secret Committee of the Court of Directors of the East India Company, dated Fort William, 11th April 1826.

IN the general orders issued this day we have endeavoured to express our sense of the merits of Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, and the Officers and troops who have been engaged in the contest with the State of Ava.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONOURABLE
THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

THE relations of friendship between the British Government and the State of Ava, having been happily re-established, by the conclusion of a definitive treaty of peace, the Governor-General in Council performs a most gratifying act of duty, in
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offering publicly, his cordial acknowledgments and thanks to Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, and the army in Ava, by whose gallant and persevering exertions, the recent contest with the Burmese Empire has been brought to an honourable and successful termination.

In reviewing the events of the late war, the Governor-General in Council is bound to declare his conviction, that the achievements of the British army in Ava, have nobly sustained our military reputation, and have produced substantial benefit to the national interests.

During a period of two years, from the first declaration of hostilities against the Government of Ava, every disadvantage of carrying on war in a distant and most difficult country, has been overcome, and the collective forces of the Burman empire, formidable from their numbers, the strength of the fortified positions, and the shelter afforded by the nature of their country, have been repeatedly assailed and defeated. The persevering and obstinate efforts of the enemy, to oppose our advance, having failed of success, and his resources and means of further resistance having been exhausted, the King of Ava has, at length, been compelled to accept of those terms of peace, which the near approach of our army to the gates of his capital enabled us to dictate. Every object the Governor-General in Council is happy to proclaim, for which the war was undertaken, has been finally, and most satisfactorily, accomplished.

With sentiments of the highest gratification, his Lordship in Council further declares his persuasion, that the result of the contest, by teaching the Burman nation to honour and respect the Power which it had, for a series of years, insulted, by its haughty demands, and unprovoked aggressions, will prevent the interruption in future of those friendly relations, which it is the interest of both States to main-

maintain; will pave the way for a freedom of intercourse hitherto unknown; and promises to open to commerce new and advantageous sources, calculated to promote the interests and prosperity of both countries.

To the consummate military talents, energy, and decision, manifested by Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, to the ardour and devotion to the public service, which his example infused into all ranks, and to the confidence inspired by the success of every military operation, which he planned and executed in person, the Governor-General, in Council, primarily ascribes, under Providence, the brilliant results that have crowned the gallant and unwearied exertions of the British troops in Ava. Impressed with sentiments of high admiration, for those eminent qualities so conspicuously and successfully displayed by Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell his Lordship in Council, rejoices in the opportunity of expressing to that distinguished soldier, in the most public manner, the acknowledgments and thanks of the Supreme Government, for the important service he has rendered to the Honourable East India Company, and to the British Nation.

The thanks of Government are also eminently due to the senior Officers, who have so ably and zealously seconded Major-General Sir A. Campbell in his career of victory. Brigadiers-General Cotton, M'Bean, and M'Creagh, deservedly hold a high place in the estimation of his Lordship in Council who has repeatedly had occasion to notice, with applause, the gallantry, skill, and promptitude, displayed by those Officers in the execution of the various important operations entrusted to their direction.

Animated by the same noble spirit, Brigadiers Miles, Shaw, Abrington, Armstrong, Smelt, Hunter, Blair, Brodie, Pepper, Parlby, Godwin, Hopkinson,

kinson, and Sale, have entitled themselves to the distinction of receiving, from the Governor-General in Council, on this occasion, the renewed expression of the sense entertained of their eminent services, for which they have, on various occasions, received the thanks of Government through Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell.

Amongst those zealous gallant Officers, some have been more fortunate than others in enjoying opportunities of performing special services. The ability with which Lieutenant-Colonel Godwin, of His Majesty's 41st, achieved the conquest of the fortified town of Martaban, and of its dependencies, appears to confer on that Officer a just claim to the separate and distinct acknowledgment of the Governor-General in Council. In like manner, Lieutenant Colonel Miles and Brigadier-General M'Creagh have entitled themselves to the special thanks of Government for their services; the former in the capture of Tavoi and Mergui, and the latter in that of the island of Cheduba.

The limits of a General Order necessarily preclude the Governor-General in Council from indulging in the satisfaction of recording the names of all those Officers whose services and exploits at this moment crowd upon the grateful recollection of the Government, by whom they were duly appreciated and acknowledged at the time of their occurrence. His Lordship in Council requests that those Officers will, collectively and individually, accept this renewed assurance, that their meritorious exertions will ever be cordially remembered.

The frequent mention in the public dispatches of the gallantry and zeal of Lieutenant-Colonel Sale, deservedly marks that Officer as one who has established peculiar claims to the distinguished notice of his Lordship in Council. The services of the Bengal and Madras foot artillery, under Lieutenant-Colonel

Colonel Hopkinson and Lieutenant-Colonel Pollock, and of the Bengal rocket troop and horse artillery, under Captains Graham and Lumsdain, deserve also the special acknowledgments of Government. The Governor-General in Council acknowledges, with peculiar approbation, the gallant and indefatigable exertions of that valuable corps the Madras pioneers, under Captain Crowe. His Lordship in Council desires further to express the high sense which Government entertains of the zealous and meritorious services of Lieutenant-Colonel Tidy and Major Jackson, and the Officers of the Adjutant-General's and Quarter-Master-General's Departments, and of Captains Snodgrass, Military Secretary, and Captain John Campbell, Personal Staff of the Commander of the Forces in Ava. The services of Superintending Surgeon Howard, and the Officers of the Medical Department, and of Captain Fiddes, and the Officers of the Commissariat, are fully appreciated by his Lordship in Council.

The Governor-General in Council finds himself at a loss for adequate terms to describe the satisfaction with which the Government regards the general good conduct of the troops, European and Native, who have served in Ava. Their patient endurance of the fatigues, privations, and sickness, to which they were unavoidably exposed in a hostile country, and in an inclement season, subsequent to the capture of Rangoon, was not less conspicuous and praiseworthy, than the spirit and determined resolution with which they maintained, during that period, an incessant and most harassing warfare of posts: their irresistible gallantry in storming the Burmese stockades, however strong their defence by nature or art, and the success which crowned their repeated encounters with the enemy, reflect equal credit on the troops who achieved those exploits, and on their leaders who, justly confiding in
British

British energy, discipline, and courage, were never deterred by the most formidable disparity of numbers, or difficulties of position, from assaulting the enemy, whenever the opportunity could be found.

While the Governor-General in Council enumerates, with sentiments of unfeigned admiration, the 13th, 38th, 41st, 89th, 47th, 1st or Royals, 87th, and 45th regiments, the Hon. Company's Madras European regiment, and the Bengal and Madras European artillery, as the European troops who have had the honour of establishing the renown of the British arms, in a new and distant region, his Lordship in Council feels that higher and more justly merited praise cannot be bestowed on those brave troops, than that, amidst the barbarous hosts whom they have fought and conquered, they have eminently displayed the virtues, and sustained the character, of the British soldier.

To the Native troops of the Hon. East India Company, who have so often successfully emulated their European comrades in arms, the highest meed of approbation and applause is not more cheerfully accorded than it has been honourably won. The Madras Sepoy regiments, destined for the expedition to Ava, obeyed, with admirable alacrity and zeal, the call for their services in a foreign land, involving them in many heavy sacrifices and privations. This devotion to their Government reflects the highest credit on the character of the Coast army, not more honourable to themselves than it is, doubtless, gratifying to the Government of Fort St. George, as affording an unequivocal proof of the sentiments of gratitude and attachment with which that army acknowledges the paternal anxiety and care that ever watches over and consults its best interests and welfare. The detachments of the Bengal Native troops employed in Ava, consisting of a portion of the Governor-General's body guard, commanded by Captain Sneyd, and detachments of

Native artillery, have been animated throughout by the noblest spirit of gallantry and zeal ; the former, more especially, are in a peculiar degree entitled to the warmest thanks of the Supreme Government, for their voluntary offer of service beyond sea ; and for their distinguished conduct in the field, under their Native, as well as European, Officers.

The conduct of that portion of the naval branch of the expedition, which belongs to the East India Company, has been exemplary and conspicuous for gallantry and indefatigable exertion, and it has fully shared in all the honourable toils and well-earned triumphs of the land force. The Governor-General in Council experiences the most sensible gratification in offering to Commodore Hayes, to Captain Hardy, senior Captain of the Bombay marine, and to the several Commanders and Officers of the Bombay cruisers, which have been employed in the Irrawaddy, and to the Officers in command of the armed brigs and divisions of gun-boats, the cordial thanks of Government for their zealous and meritorious services. Although not commanding in person the Honourable Company's naval force in the Irrawaddy, Commodore Hayes has amply entitled himself to the special notice and consideration of Government on this occasion, since it was mainly owing to his professional and unremitting exertions, that the armed flotilla, from this port, was so efficiently equipped, and thus enabled to acquit itself in a manner, which has repeatedly been honoured with the approbation of his Excellency the Naval Commander in-Chief of His Majesty's squadron in the East Indies, and the Officers of the Royal Navy, under whose orders they have been employed, in conjunction with the armed boats of His Majesty's ships. The Governor-General in Council has not overlooked the spirit and bravery characteristic of British seamen, manifested by several of the Masters and Officers of transports and
armed

armed vessels, in the various actions with the Burmese, in the vicinity of Rangoon.

It belongs to a higher authority than the Government of India to notice, in adequate and appropriate terms, the service of His Majesty's squadron, which has co-operated with His Majesty's and the Honourable East India Company's land forces in the late hostilities with the Government of Ava. The Governor-General in Council however, gladly seizes this opportunity of expressing the deep sense of obligation with which the Supreme Government acknowledges the important and essential aid afforded by his Excellency Commodore Sir James Brisbane, in person, as well as by the Officers, non-commissioned Officers, seamen and marines of His Majesty's ships, which have been employed in the Irrawaddy. Inspired by the most ardent zeal for the honour and interests of the Nation, and the East India Company, his Excellency the Naval Commander-in-Chief lost no time in proceeding with the boats of the *Boadicea* to the head-quarters of the British army at Prome, and directing in person the operations of the river force, rendered the most essential service in the various decisive and memorable actions which, in the month of December last, compelled the Burmese Chiefs to sue for peace.

But while recording his gratitude to those who have partaken of, and survived this arduous contest, the Governor-General in Council must also advert to the early and deep regret occasioned by the death of Commodore Grant, under whose personal direction the ships of the expedition first proceeded against Rangoon. The heartfelt satisfaction arising from the success of the British arms in the Burman dominions, must now also be tempered with feelings of sorrow for the loss of the many brave Officers and men who have fallen in the course of the war. Their memory will ever be associated with the heroic deeds and splendid triumphs of the

British army in Ava, and will be regarded with affection and respect by their Sovereign and their Country.

In testimony of the brilliant services achieved by the army under the command of Major-General Sir A. Campbell, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to resolve, that all the corps, European and Native, in the service of the Honourable the East India Company, who have been employed in the Burman country, including the corps which were detached by that Officer from his more immediate command, for the conquest of the enemy's possessions of Cheduba, Negrais, and Bassein, on the one side, and Martaban, Yeh, Tavoi, and Mergui on the other, shall bear on their regimental colours the word "Ava," with the words "Rangoon," "Donabew," "Prome," "Malloon," and "Pagham," as they may have been respectively present at one or more of the actions at these places. With respect to the King's regiments, the Governor-General in Council will recommend to His Majesty, through the proper channel, to grant the same distinction to them. Medals also, bearing a suitable device, are to be distributed to all the Native troops which, at any period during the war, were employed under the command of Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, including the Officers and men of the flotilla of the gun-boats serving in the Irrawaddy.

The Governor-General in Council cannot conclude these General Orders, expressive of his high approbation of the merits and services of the army under Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, without intimating, at the same time, his entire satisfaction of the conduct of the two divisions of British troops intended to penetrate into Ava from our north-eastern and south-eastern frontiers, and also of the British force employed in the expulsion of the enemy from the country of Assam.

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The latter service, viz. :—the conquest of Assam, was achieved, by the force under Lieutenant-Colonel A. Richards, with the most complete success; the capital, Rungpore, having surrendered on terms, and the Burmese troops having been entirely expelled from that country.

On the side of Cachar, physical difficulties of an insurmountable nature having arrested, at its very outset, the progress of the army under Brigadier-General Shulldham, no opportunity was afforded to that army of displaying those qualities of courage, perseverance, and zeal, which the Governor-General in Council is satisfied it possessed in common with its more fortunate brethren in Ava.

Similar and no less impediments ultimately opposed the advance of the fine army, under Brigadier-General Morrison, over the mountains of Arracan into the valley of the Irrawaddy, but the capture, by the detachment under Brigadier W. Richards, of the fort and heights of the capital of Arracan, afforded an earnest of what would have been effected, had opportunities offered, by the judgment, prudence, and skill of the Commanders and Officers of that division, and by the valour, zeal, and intrepidity of the troops of which it was composed. The Governor-General in Council deeply laments the general sickness which attacked, and utterly disabled, for further effective service the south-eastern division of the army, and the loss of many brave Officers and men, who fell victims to the noxious climate of Arracan.

In testimony of the high sense entertained by Government of the services of the troops by whom the provinces of Assam and Arracan were conquered, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to order, that the several Native corps who were employed in those countries shall respectively bear on their colours the words "Assam," and "Arracan," as the case may be, and His Majesty will

will be solicited to grant to the 44th and 54th regiments the same distinction. In further proof of the approbation with which the Government regards the meritorious conduct of its Native troops, serving in foreign countries, medals, with an appropriate device, shall be presented to the troops which assisted at the conquest of Assam and Arracan.

By command of the Right Honourable the
Governor-General, in Council

GEORGE SWINTON,
Secretary to the Government.

A DISPATCH has also been received at the East India-House from George Swinton, Esq. Secretary to the Governor-General in Council, to Joseph Dart, Esq. Secretary to the East India Company, dated Fort William, the 24th February 1826, of which, and of its inclosure, the following are a copy and an extract :

SIR,

I HAVE the honour, by command of the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council, to transmit to you, for the information of the Honourable the Court of Directors, the inclosed copy of a letter from the Military Secretary to his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, and to intimate the request of his Lordship in Council, that the omission in Lord Combermere's dispatch of the 19th ult.* may be supplied in the copies transmitted as numbers in the packet, accompanying the letter from this department, under date the 29th January 1826.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most obedient humble servant,

GEO. SWINTON.

* See London Gazette of June 12th 1826, p. 1440.

Extract of the Letter referred to in the foregoing Dispatch, dated Head-Quarters, 8th of February 1826.

ON perusing the dispatch of the 19th, Lord Combermere has observed an omission, which he wishes should be corrected, if not too late, previous to its transmission to England, viz. in the fourth paragraph having in the hurry forgotten to mention the names of Generals Reynell and Nicolls, the following correction would amend the paragraph, “ when the columns, the right commanded by Major-General Reynell, and composed of Brigadier-General M’Combe’s brigade, and the left, by Major-General Nicolls, composed of Brigadier-General Edward’s brigade, advanced, &c.”

Extract from a Letter from the Governor-General in Council to the Court of Directors, dated Fort William, April 12, 1826.

WE have the honour to submit a copy of the General Order issued by the Government, on the occasion of the return of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, from the Western Provinces to the Presidency.

Extract from the General Order above referred to.

Fort William, April 12, 1826.

ON the occasion of the return of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief to the Presidency, and the close of the late short, but brilliant, campaign in Upper India, distinguished by the ever-memorable capture of the fortress of Bhurtpore, and the important political results which have thence ensued,
the

the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council desires to offer to Lord Combermere, in the most public manner, the expression of his cordial thanks and congratulations, on the successful completion of the service which called his Excellency to the Western Provinces.

A COPY of the following General Order has also been received:

*Head-Quarters, Bhurtpore,
January 19, 1826.*

THE Right Honourable the Commander-in-Chief congratulates the army under his personal command, on the brilliant achievements that have crowned its services, in the assault and capture of the fortress of Bhurtpore.

The highly creditable manner in which the previous operations connected with the siege were carried on, the cheerful endurance of fatigue and hard labour, and the vigilance displayed on all occasions by every arm of the service, were duly appreciated by his Lordship, and gave earnest of that devoted gallantry and ardour which were shown yesterday in the assault of the enemy's fortified town. The total route of his force with immense slaughter, the evacuation of the strong citadel, which immediately followed, and, finally, the capture of the usurper and his family, with most of his Chiefs, form the most complete series of successful events that the most ardent expectation could have contemplated; and have shed lustre over the brilliant performances of the day, without leaving a wish connected with the glory and reputation of the army unsatisfied.

Lord Combermere, guided by the usage of the service, now proceeds to the pleasing duty of particularising those Officers by name, whose situations

tions in command gave them opportunities of more particularly distinguishing themselves ; but his Lordship desires to assure the army in general, that, in thus complying with an established custom, he feels and acknowledges the difficulty he has in rendering justice to the merits and claims of a vast many, indeed of the whole, of those immediately engaged, wherein all performed their duty so entirely to his satisfaction.

To Majors-General Reynell and Nicolls belong (independent of their indefatigable exertions during the previous operations of the siege) the peculiar merit of forming and conducting the storming columns of their respective divisions, and by their animating example, carrying the enemy's works with a rapidity and energy that will long be remembered by all who witnessed the conduct of the troops when mounting to assault.

The arrangements which fell to the share of Brigadier-General Sleigh, C. B. commanding the cavalry, not only during the assault, but from the commencement of the investment of Bhurtpore, are to be appreciated by the fact, that none of the enemy escaped from the fort but on the conditions of surrender, and that the capture of the usurper Doorjun Sal, with his family, and almost every person of rank or authority under him, has been effected through the vigilance and gallantry of the several corps employed under his command.

The services of the 1st and 8th corps of irregular horse, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Skinner, assisted by Major Fraser, throughout the siege, have frequently elicited the highest admiration and applause.

Nothing could exceed the devotion and bravery of this valuable class of soldiers, and Lieutenant-Colonel Skinner and Major Fraser fully merit this acknowledgment of his Lordship's unqualified approbation of their conduct and that of their men.

To Brigadier M'Leod, C. B., in the general command of the artillery, and Brigadiers Hetzler and Brown, commanding the siege and field artillery, respectively, the Commander-in-Chief feels greatly indebted for their highly creditable exertions ; as also to the whole of the Officers and men of the artillery, for the excellent display of scientific correctness in their batteries, as well as for their commendable endurance of fatigue, which the nature of the service necessarily exposed them to.

The science, the devotion, and fortitude evinced on all occasions by the Officers and men of the Engineer corps, including the corps of Sappers and Miners, and detachment of the Pioneer corps, it would be difficult to appreciate fully. Many were the instances displayed by this body that proved their worth, and excited general admiration. Brigadier Anburey, C. B., principal field engineer, and all the Officers under him, are particularly entitled to the approbation and thanks of the Commander-in-Chief.

To Brigadier-Generals Adams, C. B., M'Combe, and Edwards, and to Brigadiers Murray, C. B., Childers, Whitehead, Patton, C. B., and Fagan, the Commander-in-Chief offers his best thanks for their exertions at the head of their respective brigades ; nor can his Lordship omit from the list of Officers, to whom his thanks are due, the names of Lieutenant-Colonels S. Nation, John Delamain, T. Wilson, H. S. Pepper, W. C. Baddeley, and Bowyer, and of Majors Fuller, Everard and Bishopp, of His Majesty's service, with that of Major George Hunter, as having been particularly brought to his Lordship's notice, for their conspicuous conduct in command of regiments and detachments engaged in the storm.

His Excellency greatly laments the loss of Officers and men on this important occasion ; but it affords him some consolation to add, that, notwithstanding the vigorous and determined resist-

ance

ance every where evinced by the enemy, this loss has been confined within as narrow limits as could be looked for in the achievement of such a conquest.

The wounded Officers and men have his Excellency's warmest sympathy for their sufferings, and an anxious solicitude for their comfort and speedy recovery :—among this number his Excellency cannot refrain from introducing the name of Lieutenant-Colonel Faithfull, whose previous wound deprived the service of his valuable aid.

The Commander-in-Chief gives his warmest thanks to Lieutenant-Colonel Watson, Adjutant-General of the army, and to Lieutenant-Colonel Stevenson, Quarter-Master-General, for the indefatigable zeal and ability which they have displayed in carrying on the important duties of their respective departments.

To Major-General Sir S. Whittingham, Quarter-Master-General, and Lieutenant-Colonel M'Gregor, Acting Adjutant-General of the King's troops, Lord Combermere has to return his best acknowledgments for their services.

Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable J. Finch, Military Secretary, and Captain Macan, Persian Interpreter, have merited the approbation and thanks of the Commander-in-Chief, not only for their assiduity and good judgment in carrying on the business of their respective offices, but for their zealous assistance in the field.

To Captain Dawkins, and the rest of his personal staff, Lord Combermere has to return his best acknowledgments for their zeal and activity upon all occasions.

Officiating Assisting-Surgeon Barber, at present attached to His Majesty's 16th Lancers, is directed to do duty with His Majesty's 14th Foot, and to join immediately.

Head-Quarters, Bhutpore, Jan. 20, 1826.

IT is with feelings of deep regret that his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief announces to the army the death of Brigadier-General Edwards, of the wounds he received in the storming of Bhutpore, on the 18th instant. The gallantry evinced by this Officer, in leading his brigade during the assault, and the high character he bore, render his fall a public calamity, as well as a private misfortune; but those friends who now grieve for his untimely fate, have the consolation of knowing, that in life he was esteemed and respected, and in death mourned for and lamented.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 10,
1826.

War-Office, 9th October 1826.

GARRISONS.

General William Knollys to be Governor of Limerick, vice Major-General Fawcett, deceased.
Dated 4th October 1826.

Colonel Sir George Elder to be Lieutenant-Governor of St. John's, Newfoundland, vice General Knollys. Dated 4th October 1826.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 13,
1826.

Crown-Office, October 2, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the new
PARLIAMENT.

County and Town of Carrickfergus.

Sir Arthur Chichester, of Castleary, in the county
of Donegal, Bart.

County of Cavan.

Henry Maxwell, of Farnham, Esq.

Alexander Saunderson, of Castle Saunderson, in
the said county, Esq.

County of Kildare.

Lord William Charles O'Brien Fitzgerald, of
Canton.

Robert Latouche, of Harristown, in the said
county, Esq.

County of Limerick.

The Honourable Richard Fitzgibbon.

Thomas Lloyd, Esq.

City of Limerick.

Thomas Spring Rice, of Mount Trenchard, in the
county of Limerick, Esq.

County

County of Londonderry.

George Robert Dawson, of Castledawson, in the said county of Londonderry, Esq.

Alexander Robert Stewart, of Ards, in the county of Donegal, Esq.

City of Londonderry.

The Right Honourable Sir George Fitzgerald Hill, of the said city of Londonderry, Bart.

Borough of Coleraine.

Sir John William Head Brydges, Knt. of Wootton-court, in the county of Kent.

County of Roscommon.

Arthur French, of French-park-house, in the county of Roscommon, Esq.

The Honourable Robert King, of Rockingham, in the said county.

City of Waterford.

The Right Honourable Sir John Newport, of Newport, Bart.

County of Wexford.

Robert Shapland Carew, jun. Esq.

The Honourable James Thomas Stopford (commonly called Lord Viscount Stopford).

Town of Wexford.

Rear-Admiral Henry Evans.

Town of New Ross.

William Wigram, of London, Esq.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 24,
1826.

War-Office, 23d October 1826.

HIS Majesty has been pleased to approve of the 97th Regiment of Foot bearing on its colours and appointments, the motto,

“ *Quó fas et gloria ducunt,*”

in addition to the title of “The Earl of Ulster’s Regiment.”

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 27,
1826.

Admiralty-Office, October 27, 1826.

VICE-ADMIRAL Sir Harry Neale has transmitted to John Wilson Croker, Esq. two letters from Captain Hamilton, of His Majesty’s ship *Cambrian*, and one from Captain Sotheby, of His Majesty’s ship *Seringapatam*, reporting the capture or destruction of seven piratical vessels in the Archipelago, as under mentioned, viz.

A *mistico* burnt, and a bombard captured, at the Island of Tino, on the 27th July, by the boats of the

the Cambrian, under the orders of Lieutenant Gregory; five of the pirates being killed and several wounded, without any loss on the part of the Cambrian's detachment.

A pirate vessel burnt and a bombard captured in the beginning of September, at the island of Andros, by a party of Royal Marines, landed from the Cambrian, under the orders of Lieutenant Parker of that corps. The pirates fled to the mountains, but the whole of their ammunition was taken.

And two vessels, a mistico, and a pirama, captured, and another pirama burnt, at Andros, in September, by the boats of the Seringapatam under Lieutenant Burnett, and a party of marines under Lieutenant Parker.

The two last mentioned services were likewise performed without any loss; and the good conduct of the officers and men employed on all the occasions is noticed with commendation by Captains Hamilton and Sotheby.

Whitehall, October 25, 1826.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend George Tod to the church and parish of Tealing, in the presbytery of Dundee and county of Forfar, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Charles Adie to the East Church of Dundee.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of OCTOBER 31,
1826.

India-Board, October 31, 1826.

A DISPATCH has been received at the East India-House from the Governor-General in Council at Fort William, in Bengal, of which and of its inclosure the following are an extract and a copy:

Extract from a Letter from the Governor-General in Council to the Court of Directors, dated Fort William, April 12, 1826.

WE have the honour to submit a copy of the General Orders issued by the Government, on the occasion of the return of His Excellency the Commander in Chief from the Western Provinces to the Presidency.

Copy of the General Orders referred to in the foregoing Extract.

THE official dispatch from His Excellency the Commander in Chief, dated Bhurtpore, 19th January 1826*, has been already published in the general order issued from the Political Department, on the 29th January last, in that report the Right Honourable Lord Combermere, expressed in appropriate terms the applause due to the Officers and troops who have conquered under His Lordship's command, and that authentic and honourable testimony derives

* See London Gazette of 7th October, p. 2407.

a value from his high authority and personal cognizance, which it could have obtained from no other quarter. The Governor-General in Council will not, however, deny himself the gratification of seizing the opportunity now presented, whilst publicly offering his thanks and congratulations to the Commander in Chief, on the successful close of the campaign in Upper India, of, at the same time, repeating in the name of the Supreme Government, the well merited encomiums and acknowledgments bestowed by His Excellency on those individuals who specially entitled themselves to the honour of his notice and commendation.

The eminent merits and services of Majors-General Reynell and Nicolls, during the whole course of the operations against Bhurtpore, the excellence of the dispositions made by them for the assault, and the firm undaunted manner in which those dispositions were carried into execution, justly form the theme of the Commander in Chief's applause and admiration; and the Governor-General in Council has already communicated to those distinguished Officers through His Excellency, the sentiments of approbation and gratitude with which the Government contemplates their bravery, skill and judgment.

The judicious arrangements, and gallant exertions of Brigadiers-General Adams, C. B., M'Combe, and Edwards, at the head of their brigades; and of Brigadier-General Sleigh, commanding the cavalry; as also the zeal, science, courage, and patient endurance of fatigue displayed by Brigadier M'Leod, C. B., Brigadier Anbury, C. B., Captain Irvine, Major of brigade of engineers; with every Officer and private of the artillery, sappers, miners, and pioneer corps, on whom necessarily devolved so large a portion of the most laborious and important duties connected with the siege, have been specially adverted to, and warmly acknowledged by the Right Honourable Lord Combermere.

bermere. His Excellency has also expressed his cordial thanks to Brigadiers Whitehead, Patton, C. B., and Fagan, of the infantry; Brigadiers Childers and Murray, C. B., of the cavalry; and Brigadiers Sletzler and Brown, of the artillery service; and to Lieutenant-Colonel Delamain, 58th N. I.; Lieutenant-Colonel Wilson, commanding a detachment; Majors Hunter, 41st N. I.; Everard, H. M's. 14th; Fuller, H. M's 59th; and Bisshopp, H. M's. 14th; they are stated to have performed the duties allotted to them in the ablest manner, and to have taken ample advantage of every opportunity which occurred for signalizing their zeal and devotion. The Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council has now to record his full concurrence in the well merited eulogium pronounced by the Commander in Chief, on the services and good conduct of the whole of the above Officers and departments, and to offer to them the expression of his warmest approbation and thanks.

To His Majesty's 14th regiment, commanded by Major Everard, and 59th, commanded by Major Fuller, belongs the proud distinction of having led the column of assault on the memorable 18th of January! the gallantry, order, and steadiness evinced by those corps, was equalled by the conduct of a detachment of the European regiment, leading a small column under Lieutenant-Colonel Wilson. Among the native corps, who emulated the example of their European comrades in arms, and proved themselves worthy of the distinguished places which they held, His Excellency the Commander in Chief has enumerated the following, viz: the 6th regiment N. I. commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Pepper; one wing of the 41st, by Major Hunter; the 23d, by Lieutenant-Colonel Nation; the 31st, by Lieutenant-Colonel Baddely; the 60th, by Lieutenant-Colonel Bowyer; the grenadier company of the

35th, the light company of the 37th, and the Sirmore battalion.

The services of Lieutenant-Colonel Skinner, and the two regiments of native irregular cavalry under his command, have been prominently noticed by His Excellency the Commander in Chief; and His Lordship in Council has much satisfaction in adding, that the efficient manner in which that brave and meritorious Officer is stated to have performed every duty entrusted to him during the operations against Bhurt-pore, augments his claim to the favourable consideration and high estimation of the Supreme Government.

The Governor-General in Council has great pleasure in knowing, that the Officers of His Excellency's General and Personal Staff; Major-General Sir S. Whittingham, Quartermaster-General; and Lieutenant-Colonel M'Gregor, Acting Adjutant-General of the King's troops; Lieutenant-Colonel Watson, and Lieutenant-Colonel Stevenson, Adjutant-General and Quartermaster-General of the Army; Lieutenant-Colonel Cunliffe, Commissary-General; and Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable J. Finch, Military Secretary, have entitled themselves to the honour of His Excellency's public thanks and acknowledgments. The value of such commendation will be duly appreciated by those several Officers, and will constitute the most grateful reward of their zealous, honourable, and meritorious exertions in the service of their country and of the East India Company.

In testimony of the peculiar honour acquired by the army under the personal command of His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord Combermere, during the late campaign to the westward of the Jumna, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to resolve, that all the corps in the service of the Honourable East India Company, whether infantry or cavalry, who were employed at the siege of that cele-

celebrated fortress, shall bear on their regimental colours, the word “ Bhurtpore;” and His Lordship in Council will take measures for submitting, through the proper channel, to His Majesty’s gracious consideration, that a similar distinction may be granted to His Majesty’s regiments.

By command of the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council,

GEO. SWINTON, Secretary
to the Government.

Foreign-Office, October 31, 1826.

The King has been pleased to approve of Mr. Dionizio de Azevedo Peçanha as Consul at Liverpool for His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 7,
1826.

War-Office, 6th November 1826.

GARRISONS.

Lieutenant John Colcroft, of the 36th Foot, to be Garrison Quartermaster in the Island of Malta.
Dated 26th October 1826.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 14,
1826.

THE names of those who were nominated for Sheriffs by the Lords of the Council, at the Exchequer, on the Morrow of Saint Martin, in the seventh year of the reign of King George the Fourth, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six.

<i>Bedfordshire,</i>	George Nigel Edwards, of Henlow, Esq.
	George Musgrave, of Shetlington, Esq.
	William Dodge Cooper Cooper, of Toddington, Esq.
<i>Berkshire,</i>	Thomas Duffield, of Marcham-Park, Esq.
	Thomas Garth, of Haines-Hill-Park, Esq.
	Thomas Bowles, of Mitton-Hill, Esq.
<i>Buckinghamshire,</i>	Thomas Saunders, of Aston Abbotts, Esq.
	Sir Thomas Francis Fremantle, of Swanbourn, Bart.
	George Purefoy Jervoise, of Shalstone, Esq.
<i>Camb' & Hunt'</i>	John Margetts, of Saint Ives, Esq.
	Walter Peck, of Hilton, Esq. John

- John Guillam Scott, of Somersham, Esq.
- Cheshire,* Thomas Lyon, of Appleton, Esq.
Peter Leigh, of Booth's, Esq.
John Ryle, of Macclesfield, Esq.
- Cumberland,* Edward Williams Hasell, of Dalmain, Esq.
William James, of Barrock-Lodge, Esq.
Thomas Parker, of Warwick-Hall, Esq.
- Cornwall,* Sir Charles Lemon, of Carelew, Bart.
John Coryton Roberts, of Trevolgh, Esq.
Joseph Hosken, of Ellenglaze, Esq.
- Derbyshire,* Edward Sacheverell Chandos Pole, of Radbourne, Esq.
Sir George Sitwell, of Renishaw, Bart.
William Evans, of Allestree, Esq.
- Devonshire,* Robert William Newman, of Sandridge, Esq.
Sir John Lemon Rogers, of Blachford, Bart.
William Langmead, of Elford Leigh, Esq.
- Dorsetshire,* John Penn, of Pennsylvania Castle, Portland, Esq.
John Bingley Garland, of Stone Cottage, Wimborne, Esq.
David Okeden Parry Okeden, of Harford, Esq.

- Essex,* Robert Alexander Crickett, of
Smyth's-Hall, Esq.
Sir John Tyrrell, of Boreham-
House, Bart.
Sir Charles Joshua Smith, of
Sutton, Bart.
- Gloucestershire,* George Bragge Prowse Prinn,
of Charlton Kings, Esq.
Fiennes Trotman, of Siston-
Court, Esq.
William Blathwayte, of Dyrham-
Park, Esq.
- Herefordshire,* Osmyn Ricardo, of Brinsop-
Court, Esq.
John Griffiths, of the Weir, Esq.
Richard Arkwright, of Hampton-
Court, Esq.
- Hertfordshire,* William Sowerby, of Putteridge
Bury, Esq.
Joseph Latour, of Hexton, Esq.
John Finch Mason, of Aldenham-
Lodge, Esq.
- Kent,* Isaac Minet, of Baldwins, Esq.
Sir Thomas Maryon Wilson, of
Charlton, Bart.
Frederick Edward Morrice, of
Betshanger, Esq.
- Leicestershire,* George John Danvers Butler
Danvers, of Swithland, Esq.
Otho Manners, of Goadby Mar-
wood, Esq.
John George Norbury, of Snares-
ton, Esq.
- Lincolnshire,* John Reeve, of Leadenham, Esq.
Charles Keightley Tunnard, of
Frampton, Esq.

- Richard Elmhirst, of Usselby,
Esq.
- Monmouthshire,* William Addams Williams, of
Llangibby, Esq.
Richard Blakemore, of Leys,
Esq.
William Morgan, of Panty Goiter,
Esq.
- Norfolk,* Charles Tompson, of Great Wit-
chingham, Esq.
Sir William John Henry Browne
Folkes, of Hillington, Bart.
Andrew Fountaine, of Narford,
Esq.
- Northamptonshire,* Henry Hungerford Holditch
Hungerford, of Maidwell, Esq.
John Jackson Blencowe, of Mars-
ton St. Lawrence, Esq.
Samuel Amy Severne, of Then-
ford, Esq.
- Northumberland,* Dixon Dixon, of Long Benton,
Esq.
Charles Bosanquet, of Rock, Esq.
Sir Edward Blackett, of Matfen,
Bart.
- Nottinghamshire,* John Emmerton Wescomb, of
Thrumpton, Esq.
Frederick Robinson, of Wid-
merpool, Esq.
Samuel Ellis Bristowe, of Bces-
thorpe, Esq.
- Oxfordshire,* Joseph Wilson, of Nether Whar-
ton, Esq.
Thomas Cobb, of Neithrop, Esq.
John Readc, of Ipsden, Esq.

- Rutlandshire,* Thomas Bryan, of Stoke Dry, Esq.
Francis Stanhope, of Wissen-
dine, Esq.
Thomas Walker, of Liddington,
Esq.
- Shropshire,* William Tayleur, of Buntings-
dale, Esq.
John Arthur Lloyd, of Leaton
Knolls, Esq.
Bulkeley Hatchett Owen, of
Tedsmere, Esq.
- Somersetshire,* Henry Powell Collins, of Hatch
Beauchamp, Esq.
John Hugh Smyth Pigott, of
Brockley, Esq.
Sir Alexander Hood, of Woot-
ton, Bart.
- Staffordshire,* Hugo Charles Meynell, of Hoar
Cross, Esq.
John Atkinson, of Maple Hayes,
Esq.
John Bateman, of Knipersley,
Esq.
- County of South-* } George Collins Poore, of Wick-
ampton, } ham, Esq.
William Sloane Stanley, of Pau-
ton's, Esq.
Charles Shaw Lefevre, of Heck-
field Place, Esq.
- Suffolk,* John Leathes, of Herringfleet,
Esq.
John Lee Farr, of North Cove,
Esq.
Henry Wilson, of Stowlangtoft,
Esq.
- Surrey,*

<i>Surrey,</i>	William Crawford, of Dorking, Esq.
	James Fielding, of Denbigh House, Haslemere, Esq.
	Thomas Hope, of Deepdene, Esq.
<i>Sussex,</i>	Sir Charles Foster Goring, of Highden, Bart.
	Robert Aldridge, of New Lodge, Esq.
	Sir Charles Montolieu Burges Lamb, of Beauport, Bart.
<i>Warwickshire,</i>	Theodore Price, of Harborne, Esq.
	William Dilke, of Maxtoek, Esq.
	Francis Beynon Haekett, of Moor-Hall, Esq.
<i>Wiltshire,</i>	Thomas Baskerville Mynors Baskerville, of Roekley-House, Esq.
	George Heneage Walker He- neage, of Compton, Esq.
	John Roek Grosett, of Layeoek- Abbey, Esq.
<i>Worcestershire,</i>	Joseph Weatherley Phipson, of Selly-Hall, Esq.
	John Scott, of Stourbridge, Esq.
	George Farley, of Henwick, Esq.
<i>Yorkshire,</i>	Henry Darley, of Aldby-Park, Esq.
	Sir Tatten Sykes, of Sledmere, Bart.
	Charles Winn, of Nostell-Priory, Esq.

The names of the several persons nominated by
the Chief Justices of the respective Circuits in
Wales, as proper persons to serve the office of

Sheriff for the ensuing year, for the respective counties following:

SOUTH WALES.

<i>Carmarthenshire,</i>	Sir William Dundas, of Llanelly, Bart. Joseph Goulstone, of Duwydd, Esq. David Tunno, of Llangannock, Esq.
<i>Pembrokeshire,</i>	Anthony Innys Stokes, of Scoveston, Esq. Thomas Mcyrick, of Bush, Esq. Samuel Harries, of Trevacoon, Esq.
<i>Cardiganshire,</i>	George Smith, of Violallt, Esq. Arthur Jones, of Cardigan, Esq. Thomas Francis Gibbs, of Abcristwith, Esq.
<i>Glamorganshire,</i>	John Henry Vivian, of Marino, Esq. Francis Robert Jenner, of Wintvoe, Esq. Richard Turberville Turberville, of Eweny-Abbey, Esq.
<i>Breconshire,</i>	Capel Hanbury Leigh, of Llanolly, Esq. Charles Morgan Robinson Morgan, of Dolerw, Esq. Arthur Macnamara, of Langoed-Castle, Esq.
<i>Radnorshire,</i>	Vannam Pocock, of Aboredow, Esq. William Davies, of Llanvilhangel Nant Mellan, Esq. Samuel Beavan, of Glasscomb, Esq.

NORTH

NORTH WALES.

- Anglesey,* Richard Bulkeley Williams Bulkeley, of Baronhill, Esq.
Owen John Augustus Fuller Meyrick, of Bodorgan, Esq.
Hugh Owen, of Sybylltir, Esq.
- Carnarvonshire,* William Glynn Griffith, of Bodegroes, Esq.
Daniel Vawdrey, of Plasgwynant, Esq.
David Price Downes, of Hendrerhysgethin, Esq.
- Merionethshire,* Reginald Fowden, of Arthog, Esq.
Thomas Hartley, of Llywyn, Esq.
Thomas Casson, of Blaenyddôl, Esq.
- Montgomeryshire,* John Jones, of Maesmawr, Esq.
Maurice Jones, of Broadway, Esq.
John James Turper, of Pentreveylin, Esq.
- Denbighshire,* John Price, of Plascoch Llanychan, Esq.
Lloyd Bamford Hesketh, of Grwyth-Castle, Esq.
William Parry Yale, of Plas-y-Yale, Esq.
- Flintshire,* William John Bankes, of Sough-ton, Esq.
James Panton, of Coleshill, Esq.
Hugh Davies Griffith, of Downing, Esq.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 21,
1826.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, November 21, 1826.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Majesty will hold a Levee at St. James's-Palace, on Monday next the 27th instant, at two o'clock.

At the Court at *St. James's*, the 20th of *November*
1826,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the time limited by His Majesty's Order in Council, of the third of May last, for prohibiting the exportation of gun-powder or salt-petre, or any sort of arms or ammunition, to any port or place on the Coast of Africa (except to any ports or places within the Straights of Gibraltar), has expired; and whereas it is judged expedient that the said prohibition should be continued for some time longer, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth therefore hereby order, require, prohibit, and command, that no person or persons whatsoever (except the Master-General of the Ordnance for His Majesty's Service), do, at any time during the space of six months (to commence from the date of this Order), presume to transport any
gun-

gun-powder or salt-petre, or any sort of arms or ammunition, to any port or place on the Coast of Africa (except to any ports or places within the Streights of Gibraltar) or ship or lade any gun-powder or salt-petre, or any sort of arms or ammunition, on board any ship or vessel, in order to transporting the same into any such ports or places on the Coast of Africa (except as above excepted), without leave or permission in that behalf, first obtained from His Majesty or His Privy Council, upon pain of incurring and suffering the respective forfeitures and penalties inflicted by an Act, passed in the twenty-ninth year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intituled "An Act
 " to empower His Majesty to prohibit the exportation of gun-powder, or any sort of arms or
 " ammunition, and also to empower His Majesty
 " to restrain the carrying coastwise of salt-petre,
 " gun-powder, or any sort of arms or ammunition;" and also by an Act, passed in the thirty-third year of His late Majesty's reign, cap. 2, intituled "An Act to enable His Majesty to
 " restrain the exportation of naval stores, and
 " more effectually to prevent the exportation of
 " salt-petre, arms, and ammunition, when prohibited by Proclamation or Order in Council."

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Master-General and the rest of the Principal Officers of the Ordnance, and His Majesty's Secretary at War, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

Jas. Butler.

Whitehall, November 14, 1826.

The King has been pleased to grant the place of one of the Lords of Session in Scotland to George Cranstoun, Esq. in the room of George Fergusson, Esq. resigned.

FROM THE

*LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 24,
1826.*

St. James's, November 21, 1826.

THIS day His Majesty proceeded in state from St. James's-Palace to the House of Peers, where he arrived ten minutes before two o'clock; and, having alighted from the state coach, was received at the portico by the Great Officers of State and others, and proceeded to the robing-room in the customary manner, wearing a cap of estate adorned with jewels: the sword of state being borne by the Earl of Liverpool, K. G.

His Majesty was there robed, and having put on the imperial crown, the procession moved into the House in the usual order.

His Majesty being seated upon the Throne, the Great Officers of State and others standing on the right and left, Sir Thomas Tyrwhitt, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from His Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly,

cordingly, His Majesty was pleased to deliver the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I HAVE called you together at this time for the special purpose of communicating to you the measure which I judged it necessary to take, in the month of September, for the admission into the ports of the United Kingdom of certain sorts of foreign grain, not then admissible by law.

I have directed a copy of the Order in Council issued on that occasion to be laid before you, and I confidently trust that you will see sufficient reason for giving your sanction to the provisions of that Order, and for carrying them into effectual execution.

I have great satisfaction in being able to inform you, that the hopes entertained at the close of the last session of Parliament, respecting the termination of the war in the Burmese territories, have been fulfilled, and that a peace has been concluded in that quarter, highly honourable to the British arms and to the councils of the British Government in India.

I continue to receive from all Foreign Powers assurances of their earnest desire to cultivate the relations of peace and friendly understanding with Me.

I am exerting Myself with unremitting anxiety, either singly or in conjunction with My Allies, as well to arrest the progress of existing hostilities, as to prevent the interruption of peace in different parts of the world.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have directed the estimates for the ensuing year to be prepared, and they will, in due time, be laid before you.

I will take care that they shall be formed with as
1826. 3 D much

much attention to economy as the exigencies of the public service will permit.

The distress which has pervaded the commercial and manufacturing classes of My subjects, during the last twelve months, has affected some important branches of the revenue; but I have the satisfaction of informing you, that there has been no such diminution in the internal consumption of the country, as to excite any apprehensions that the great sources of our wealth and prosperity have been impaired.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I have deeply sympathized with the sufferings which have been, for some time past, so severely felt in the manufacturing districts of this country; and I have contemplated with great satisfaction the exemplary patience with which those sufferings have been generally borne.

The depression under which the trade and manufactures of the country have been labouring has abated more slowly than I had thought Myself warranted in anticipating; but I retain a firm expectation that this abatement will be progressive, and that the time is not distant when, under the blessing of Divine Providence, the commerce and industry of the United Kingdom will have resumed their wonted activity.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of NOVEMBER 28,
1826.

St. James's, November 27, 1826.

THIS day the following Address of the Archbishop, Bishops, and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury, in Convocation assembled, was presented to His Majesty by His Grace the Lord Archbishop, attended by the Right Reverend the Bishops of London, Exeter, and Landaff; Mr. Archdeacon Potts, Dr. Goodenough, the Reverend Dr. D'Oyley, and several other Members; being introduced to the King by Mr. Secretary Canning, in the absence of Mr. Secretary Peel:

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majesty's dutiful subjects, the Archbishop and Bishops and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury, in Convocation assembled, humbly offer to your Majesty the assurances of our attachment and inviolable fidelity to your Majesty's Person and Government.

The protection which your Majesty has at all times extended to the United Church of England and Ireland, demands our sincerest and warmest acknowledgements.

Grateful for the past, we humbly implore a continuance of the same protecting power; for assuredly, Sir, there never was a period in the history of our Reformed Church, that more urgently required it: whether we direct our attention to the avowed

enemies of Christianity, or to those who, professing the faith of Christ, sedulously labour to disparage and degrade the Church, of which your Majesty, under God, is the Head, and which, we confidently maintain, is formed upon the model of the earliest and purest ages of Christianity.

It is our duty, Sir, to vindicate the Establishment in the spirit by which it professes to be governed, with temper, moderation, and firmness, seeking to conciliate those who may be opposed to us, not to exasperate them ; to convince, not boastfully to triumph over them. But, Sir, with this understanding of our duty, we cannot dissemble to your Majesty the just apprehensions we entertain of the efforts that are making to arrive at authority and power in the State, dangerous to the existence of the Protestant Constitution of the Country, and leading directly to religious disturbance, animosity, and contention.

But, Sir, whatever be the danger to which the Established Church may be exposed, we have full confidence in your Majesty's protection, and in the wisdom, discretion, and firmness of your Parliament.

We pray God to bless and protect your Majesty.

To which Address His Majesty was pleased to return the following most gracious Answer :

“ My Lords, and the rest of the Clergy,

“ I RECEIVE with great satisfaction this loyal and dutiful Address.

“ The renewed assurances of your affectionate attachment to my Person and Government, are most acceptable to me.

“ I rely with the utmost confidence upon your zealous exertions to promote true piety and virtue, to reclaim those who are in error by the force of divine truth, and to uphold and extend among my people the preference which is so justly due to the

the pure Doctrine and service of our Established Church.

“ That Church has every claim to my constant support and protection.

“ I will watch over its interests with unwearied solicitude, and confidently trust that I shall be enabled, by the blessing of Divine Providence, to maintain it in the full possession of every legitimate privilege.”

St. James's-Palace, November 23, 1826.

This day His Excellency the Prince Lieven, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of All the Russias, had a private audience of His Majesty to deliver the insignia of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, which the King had conferred upon His late Majesty the Emperor Alexander; and the Count de la Alcudia, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Spain, had also a private audience of His Majesty to deliver his letter of credence; to which audiences they were respectively introduced by the Right Honourable George Canning, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

St. James's-Palace, November 27, 1826.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Miles, of His Majesty's 89th Regiment of Foot, Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and Knight of the Royal Portuguese Military Order of the Tower and Sword.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 1,
1826.

St. James's-Palace, November 27, 1826.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Nicolas Conyngham Tindal, Esq. His Majesty's Solicitor General.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Lieutenant-General John Fraser, Colonel of the late Royal York Rangers.

Whitehall, November 29, 1826.

The King has been pleased to order a writ to be issued under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for summoning the Right Honourable George Granville Leveson Gower (commonly called Earl Gower) to the House of Peers, by the stile and title of Baron Gower, of Stittenham, in the county of York.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 5,
1826.*Whitehall, December 2, 1826.*

THE King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignities of Viscount and Earl of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to William Pitt Baron Amherst, Governor General of India, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the names, stiles, and titles of Viscount Holmesdale, in the county of Kent, and Earl Amherst, of Arracan, in the East Indies.

The King has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of Viscount of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to Stapleton Baron Conibermere, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and General and Commander of our forces in the East Indies, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile, and title of Viscount Conibermere, of Conibermere, in the county palatine of Chester.

Whitehall, December 2, 1826.

The King has been pleased to grant the place of one of the Lords of Session in Scotland to Alexander Irving, Esq. Advocate, in the room of William Robertson, Esq. resigned.

White-

Whitehall, December 2, 1826.

The King has been pleased to present the Reverend Andrew Bell to the church and parish of Linlithgow, in the presbytery and county of Linlithgow, void by the death of the Reverend Doctor Dobie.

Whitehall, December 2, 1826.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Mr. William Goldie, the office and place of Keeper of the Register of Scasines within the sherrifdom of Dumfries and stewartries of Kircudbright and Annandale, now vacant by the death of Mr. David Staig, late Keeper of the same.

Crown-Office, December 4, 1826.

Days and Places appointed for holding the Winter Home Circuit 1826—7.

Mr. Justice Bayley.

Mr. Justice Park.

Mr. Justice Holroyd.

Mr. Justice Gaselee.

Hertfordshire, Wednesday, December 6, at Hertford.

Essex, Saturday, December 9, at Chelmsford.

Surrey, Monday, December 18, at Kingston-upon-Thames.

Sussex, Wednesday, January 3, 1827, at Lewes.

Kent, Saturday, January 6, at Maidstone.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 12,
1826.*Admiralty-Office, December 12, 1826.*

A LETTER has been received from Commodore Bullen, Senior Officer of His Majesty's ships on the coast of Africa, addressed to John Wilson Croker, Esquire, and dated at Prince's Island, the 15th September last, in which he reports the capture of a slave vessel, under Brazilian colours, called the Prince of Guinea, by the Hope schooner, manned by a party of Officers and men from His Majesty's ship Maidstone, under the orders of Lieutenant William Tucker of that ship.

The Hope fell in with the Prince of Guinea on the 5th of August, shortly after she had sailed from Whydah with five hundred and seventy-eight slaves on board, and after a chase of twenty-eight hours the Hope came up with her on the 6th, and a severe action began between the two vessels.

The Hope was a schooner of one hundred and forty tons, armed with a long traversing twelve-pounder and four eighteen-pounder gower guns, and manned with thirty-two Officers and men, including eight native Africans.

The Prince of Guinea was a brig of two hundred and eighty American tons, recently built at Philadelphia, pierced for sixteen guns, but having only nine mounted; viz. a long traversing twenty-four-pounder, four long nine-pounders, two long six-pounders and two swivels, and manned with seventy-two men.

1826.

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After upwards of two hours hard fighting, Lieutenant Tucker, having three out of his five guns disabled, from the heavy fire of the *Prince of Guinca*, resolved on boarding her, and the Lieutenant being prevented from leading the boarders by a very severe wound in his right foot, received at the commencement of the action (but notwithstanding which he continued throughout personally to fight the traversing gun), they were led, in the most gallant manner, by Mr. Robert Lamport Pengelly, Admiralty Mate of the *Maidstone* (who, in boarding, was wounded in the right side by a musket ball), and they succeeded in gaining a footing upon the vessel's decks, and, after a fight of several minutes, in getting possession of her, though not without considerable bloodshed.

The slave vessel had eleven seamen and two slaves killed, and fifteen seamen and twelve slaves wounded, and one seaman and one slave were drowned in the boarding.

The *Maidstone's* party had none killed, and only three wounded, viz. Lieutenant Tucker severely, but not dangerously, Mr. Pengelly, the Mate, slightly, and William Newson, ordinary seaman, dangerously.

In making the report of this capture, Commodore Bullen passes the highest encomiums on the brave and gallant conduct of Lieutenant Tucker, Mr. Pengelly, and the men serving under the Lieutenant's orders in the *Hope*, and he notices the active exertions of Mr. George Williams, Assistant-Surgeon of the *Maidstone*, both during the action and afterwards, in his humane attendance on the wounded prisoners.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 15,
1826.*Westminster, December 13, 1826.*

THIS day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorised by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by His Majesty, for declaring His Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read*; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act for raising the sum of ten millions by Exchequer Bills, for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven.

An Act for applying a sum of money for the service of the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven.

An Act to confirm an Order in Council, for allowing the importation of foreign oats, oatmeal, rye, pease, and beans; to indemnify all persons who have advised or acted in execution of the same; and to permit the importation of such articles until the fifteenth day of February one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven.

The following article is to be substituted for that which was inserted in the Gazette of the 5th of this month:

Whitehall, December 2, 1826.

The King has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of Viscount of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to Stapleton Baron Combermere, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, and General and Commander of His Majesty's forces in the East Indies, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, stile, and title of Viscount Combermere, of Blurtpore, in the East Indies, and of Combermere, in the county palatine of Chester.



FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 19,
1826.

St. James's, November 27, 1826.

THE King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Edward Ryan, Esq. on his appointment of Judge to the Supreme Court of Calcutta.

St. James's,

St. James's, December 16, 1826.

The King was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood upon Joseph Fuller, Esq. Lieutenant-General of His Majesty's Forces, Colonel of the 96th Regiment of Foot, and Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order.

Crown-Office, December 19, 1826.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present
PARLIAMENT,

Borough of Harwich.

Sir Nicholas Conyngham Tindal, His Majesty's
Solicitor General.

FROM THE

LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 22,
1826.

Downing-Street, December 22, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to appoint Major-General the Honourable Frederick Cavendish Ponsonby to be Lieutenant-Governor of the island of Malta, and its dependencies.

Crown-

Crown-Office, December 22, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the present
PARLIAMENT.

University of Cambridge.

The Right Honourable John Singleton Copley, Knt.

Borough of Plympton Earle.

Sir Charles Wetherell, of Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Knt. in the room of the Honourable George Edgcumbe, who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

Town and Port of Hastings.

Colonel James Law Lushington, C. B. in the room of Sir William Curtis, Bart. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

John Evelyn Denison, Esq. in the room of Sir Charles Wetherell, who has accepted the office of His Majesty's Attorney General.

Borough of Wallingford.

Robert Knight, of Barrett, in the parish of Wootton Warom, in the county of Warwick, Esq. in the room of George Robarts, Esq. who has accepted the Chiltern Hundreds.

FROM THE
LONDON GAZETTE of DECEMBER 29,
 1826.

Whitehall, December 29, 1826.

THE King has been pleased to appoint the Most Noble Arthur Duke of Wellington, K. G. and G. C. B. to be Constable of the Tower of London, in the room of the Marquess of Hastings, deceased.

The King has also been pleased to appoint the Most Noble Arthur Duke of Wellington to be His Majesty's Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the Tower Hamlets, in the room of the Marquess of Hastings, deceased.

Foreign-Office, December 29, 1826.

The King has been pleased to appoint Patrick Campbell, Esq. to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation to the Republic of Colombia.

The King has also been pleased to appoint Richard Pakenham, Esq. (late Secretary to His Majesty's Legation to the Confederated States of the Swiss Cantons), to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation to the United States of Mexico.

The King has also been pleased to appoint Charles Hall, Esq. to be Secretary to His Majesty's Legation to the Confederated States of the Swiss Cantons.

War-Office, 28th December 1826.

MEMORANDA.

His Majesty has been pleased to approve of the 84th Regiment of Foot bearing on its colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to that Regiment, the word

“ *India,*”

in commemoration of its services in that part of the world from the year 1796 to 1819.

His Majesty has been pleased to approve of the under-mentioned Regiments bearing on their colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges or devices which may have heretofore been granted to those Regiments, the word

“ *Ava,*”

in commemoration of their services during the late Burmese war :

1st Regiment of Foot, 2d Battalion.
13th Ditto.
38th Ditto.
41st Ditto.
44th Ditto.
45th Ditto.
47th Ditto.
54th Ditto.
87th Ditto.
89th Ditto.

His Majesty has been pleased to approve of the Regiments under mentioned bearing on their colours and appointments, in addition to any other badges
or

or devices which have been heretofore granted to those Regiments, the word

“ *Bhurtpore,*”

in commemoration of their services in the assault and capture of the fortified town and citadel of Bhurtpore, in the month of January 1826 :

11th Regiment of Light Dragoons.

16th Ditto.

14th Regiment of Foot.

59th Ditto.

Crown-Office, December 29, 1826.

MEMBERS returned to serve in this present
PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Lostwithiel.

The Honourable Edward Cust, of New Spring-gardens, in the city and liberties of Westminster, in the room of Sir Alexander Cray Grant, Bart. who was chosen a Burgess for the borough of Aldborough, in the county of York, and a Burgess for the borough of Lostwithiel, in the county of Cornwall, and has made his election to stand for the borough of Aldborough.

Borough of Saltash.

Major-General Colin Macaulay, of Lowesby, in the county of Leicestershire, in the room of Henry Monteith, Esq. who has accepted the office of Steward of His Majesty's manor of East Hendred, in the county of Berks.

INDEX.

A.

- ABINGDON*, the Earl of, takes the oaths as Lord-Lieutenant of the county of Berks, 106.
- Acts* of Parliament received the Royal Assent, 43, 65, 74, 110, 137, 172, 395.
- Address* to the King from the Convocation of the Clergy of Canterbury, 387; His Majesty's most gracious Answer to the same, 388.
- Admiralty-Office*—copy of a letter from Commodore Sir J. Brisbane, announcing the capture of Pagoda Point, 80; notification of the receipt of a letter from Captain Hamilton, reporting the destruction of four piratical vessels under the Greek islands of Ipsera and Andros, 208; report from Sir H. Neale of the capture or destruction of seven piratical vessels in the Archipelago, 367; notification of the capture of the Prince of Guinea, a slave vessel, by the Hope schooner, under the orders of Lieutenant W. Tucker, 393.
- Alcudia*, Count de la, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Spain, has a private audience of His Majesty, 389.
- Anherst*, William Pitt Baron, granted the dignities of Viscount and Earl of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 391.
- Anglesey*, General Marquess of, appointed Captain of Cowes-Castle, 78.
- Aston*, A., Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation to the Emperor of Brazil, 26.

B.

- Balcarras*, James Earl of, granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 203.
- Bankhead*, C., Esq., appointed Secretary to His Majesty's Legation to the United States of America, 1.
- Bath*, Lieutenant-General Sir H. Fane, appointed a Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the, 14.
- , Rear-Admiral R. W. Otway, appointed a Knight Commander of the, 180.
- Bathurst*, W. H. H., Esq., appointed Page of Honour to His Majesty in Ordinary, 207.
- Barker*, Rev. S., appointed a Domestic Chaplain to the Duke of York, 26.
- , J., Esq., appointed Consul at Alexandria, 231.
- , W. W., Esq. appointed Consul at Messina, 232.
- Saylay*, Rev. W. F., granted the place of a Canon of the Metropolitan Church of Canterbury, 147.
- Beard*, H., Esq., takes the oaths as Lieutenant-Governor of Berbice, 31.
- Behrends*, Mr. J. G., approved of as Consul in London for the Free City of Frankfort, 308.
- Bell*, Rev. A., presented to the church and parish of Linlithgow, 392.
- Blomberg*, Rev. Doctor F. W., appointed a Chaplain in Ordinary to His Majesty, 110.
- Bloomfield*, Honourable J. A. D., appointed Secretary to the Legation at Stockholm, 327.
- Bonar*, Rev. J., presented to the united churches and parishes of Larbert and Dunipace, in the county of Sterling, 15.
- Brazil*, notification of the blockade of the ports in the river Plate, belonging to Buenos Ayres, by the Emperor of, 36.
- Bristol*, Frederick William Earl of, granted the dignities of Earl and Marquess of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 202.
- Burmese*, Armistice concluded with the, 53 ; terms of peace agreed upon, 121 ; preliminaries of peace signed, 161 ; failure of the Court of Ava to ratify the preliminary treaty, 237.
- Burton*, W. W., Esq., appointed Recorder of Daventry, 290.
- Bushey-House*—Rev. H. J. B. Nicholson, appointed a Domestic Chaplain to the Duke of Clarence, 60.

C.

- Campbell*, Major-General Sir N., appointed Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of Sierra-Leone, 122.
- , P., Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation to the Republic of Colombia, 399.

Cannan, Rev. T., presented to the church and parish of Carsphairn, 79.

Carlton-House—Sheriff appointed, 34; amendment on the roll of Sheriffs, *ibid*; Major-General Sir P. Ross takes the oaths as Governor of the island of Antigua, 35; Order in Council suspending the training of the Militia, *ibid*.; Baron de Cetto, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Bavaria, has an audience of His Majesty, 36; George Earl of Pembroke re-sworn Governor of the island of Guernsey, 106; the Earl of Abingdon takes the oaths as Lord Lieutenant of the county of Berks, *ibid*; Order in Council revoking a former Order in Council levying a certain duty on French vessels entering the ports of the United Kingdom, 107; Order in Council prohibiting the exportation of gunpowder, &c., 108; Marquis de Palmella, Ambassador from the King of Portugal, has an audience of the King, 109; Order in Council permitting Prussian ships to import goods the produce of the Dominions of the King of Prussia into any of the British possessions abroad, and to export goods from such possessions, 123; Baron de Cetto, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Bavaria, has an audience of His Majesty, 146; Marquess of Salisbury sworn of the Privy Council, 168; Lieutenant-General Sir H. Warde takes the oaths as Governor of the island of Barbadoes, 172; Baron de Steirnel, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sweden, has a private audience of His Majesty, 175; Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Herries Knighted, *ibid*; Order in Council allowing French vessels to import certain articles the produce of the Kingdom of France into any of the British possessions in the West Indies and America, 229; Order in Council suspending the ballot for the Local Militia, 269; Order in Council dispensing with the production by Masters of vessels arriving in any of the ports of the United Kingdom, or of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, from the port of Bourdeaux, of certain declarations required by a former Order in Council respecting the performance of quarantine, 270; W. W. Burton, Esq. appointed Recorder of Daventry, 290.

Cathcart, D., Esq., appointed a Lord of Justiciary in Scotland, 71.

Cetto, Baron de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the King of Bavaria, has audiences of His Majesty, 36, 146.

Chamberlain's, Lord, Office—Hon. and Rev. A. P. Perceval appointed a Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, 56; orders for the Court's going into mourning for the late King of Portugal, 71; Rev. Doctor F. W. Blomberg appointed Chaplain

lain in Ordinary to His Majesty, 110 ; Lord Strathaven appointed one of the Lords of the Bed-Chamber, 136 ; orders for the Court's going into mourning for Her late Imperial Majesty the Empress Elizabeth of Russia, 199 ; R. F. Fitzherbert, Esq., appointed Clerk of the Cheque of the Yeoman of the Guard, 308 ; notice of a Levee, 382.

Chatfield, F., Esq., appointed Consul at Memel, 259.

Circul's appointed, Spring, 57 ; Summer, 218 ; Winter, 392.

——— of the Commissioners for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, 4, 133, 324.

Clanricarde, Ulick John Marquess of, granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 203.

Colcroft, Lieutenant J., appointed Garrison-Quartermaster of Malta, 373.

Colonial-Office--Major-General Sir N. Campbell appointed Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of Sierra Leone, 122 ; copy of a letter from the late Major-General Turner, reporting the capture of Maccaba, 124 ; Major-General Honourable F. C. Ponsonby appointed Lieutenant-Governor of the island of Malta, 397.

Combermere, Stapleton Baron, granted the dignity of Viscount of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 391 ; alteration of the appointment, 396.

Copleston, Rev. E., granted the Deanry of the cathedral church of Chester, 297.

Copley, Sir J. S., appointed Master of the Rolls, 328.

Council, Privy, Marquess of Salisbury sworn a Member of the, 168.

———, Orders in--appointing the Sheriffs, 16 ; for increasing the duty upon goods imported in Netherlands ships, 21 ; for regulating the tonnage and duty of Netherlands vessels laden with salt entering the ports of the United Kingdom, 22 ; Sheriff appointed, 34 ; amendment on the roll of Sheriffs, *ibid* ; suspending the training of the Militia, 35 ; revoking an Order in Council levying a duty on French vessels entering the ports of the United Kingdom, 107 ; prohibiting the exportation of gunpowder, &c., 109 ; permitting Prussian ships to import goods the produce of the Dominions of the King of Prussia into any of the British possessions abroad, and to export goods from such possessions, 123 ; allowing French vessels to import certain articles the produce of the Kingdom of France into any of the British possessions in the West Indies and the United States of America, 229 ; ordering the issue of writs for proroguing the Parliament, and also for proroguing the Convocations of Canterbury and York, 266 ; suspending the ballot for the Local Militia, 269 ; dispensing with the produc-
tion

tion by Masters of vessels arriving in any of the ports of the United Kingdom, or of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, from the port of Bourdeaux, of certain declarations required by a former Order in Council respecting quarantine, 270 ; for the prorogation of Parliament, 298 ; levying a duty on vessels of the United States of America entering the ports of His Majesty's possessions on the continent of North America, &c. laden with articles of the produce of the said States, 301 ; permitting the importation into the ports of the United Kingdom of foreign oats, &c. 313 ; appointing places for the performance of quarantine by vessels bound to any port of Ireland, 333 ; prohibiting the exportation of gunpowder, 382.

Courtenay, W., Esq., appointed Clerk-Assistant of the Parliaments, 31.

Cranstoun, G., Esq., appointed one of the Lords of Session in Scotland, 384.

Cripps, Rev. H., presented to the vicarage of Stonehouse, in the diocese of Gloucester, 328.

Crown-Office—Circuits appointed, Spring, 37 ; Summer, 218 ; Winter, 392.

—————, Members returned to serve in Parliament, 33, 42, 56, 60, 73, 77, 133, 202, 205, 207, 211, 215, 222, 232, 260, 272, 278, 285, 291, 295, 299, 308, 330, 365, 397, 398, 401.

D.

Davidson, Rev. A., appointed to the church and parish of Slamanan, otherwise St. Lawrence, 73.

Day, W. S., Esq., appointed Consul at Cowes for the Kingdom of Hanover, 61.

Devonshire, His Grace the Duke of, appointed Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Emperor of All the Russias, on the occasion of His Imperial Majesty's coronation, 82.

Dorset, His Grace the Duke of, elected a Knight of the Garter, 24 ; permission granted to, to exercise all privileges belonging to a Knight of the Garter, as if formally installed, 30.

Dow, Rev. W., presented to the church and parish of Tongland, 206.

Doyle, Lieutenant-Colonel F. H., appointed Deputy Lieutenant of the Tower of London, 15.

Duncan, Rev. A., presented to the church and parish of Coynton, county of Ayr, 1.

Duncombe, C., Esq., granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 204.

E.

- Elder*, Colonel Sir G., appointed Lieutenant-Governor of St. John's, Newfoundland, 364.
Elley, Major-General Sir J., appointed Governor of Galway, 15.
Ellis, C. R., Esq., granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 204.
Esterhazy, Prince, notification of the cancelling of the letter of recall presented by, 33.

F.

- Fane*, Lieutenant-General Sir H., appointed a Knight Grand-Cross of the Order of the Bath, 14.
Fawcett, Rev. W., Master of Arts, presented to the Ministry of Brunswick-Chapel, St. Mary-le-Bone, Middlesex, 14.
Fergusson, J., Esq., appointed one of the Six Ordinary Clerks of Session in Scotland, 205.
Fitzgerald, Right Honourable W. F. V., appointed Paymaster-General of the Forces, 179.
 ———, Catherine, granted the dignity of a Baroness of Ireland, 264.
Fitzherbert, R. F., Esq., appointed Clerk of the Cheque of the Yeoman of the Guard, 308.
Fleming, Rev. W., presented to the church and parish of West-ruther, in the county of Berwick, 13.
Forbes, Lord, appointed High Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, 78.
Foreign-Office—C. Bankhead, Esq., appointed Secretary to His Majesty's Legation to the United States of America, 1; T. Tupper, Esq., appointed Consul in the Duchy of Courland, 12; A. L. Molyneux, Esq., appointed Consul in the State of Georgia, *ibid*; G. Salkeld, Esq., appointed Consul at New-Orleans, *ibid*; His Grace the Duke of Wellington, K.G., appointed to bear His Majesty's congratulations to the Emperor of Russia on His Imperial Majesty's accession to the Throne, 14; Honourable R. Gordon, appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Emperor of Brazil, 26; A. Aston, Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation to the Emperor of Brazil, *ibid*; M. Ward, Esq., appointed Secretary to the Embassy at the Court of Vienna, *ibid*; memorandum of the cancelling of the letter of recall presented by Prince Esterhazy, 33; notification announcing the blockade of the ports in the river Plate, belonging to Buenos Ayres, by the Emperor of Brazil, 36; W. T. Mo-

- Money, Esq., appointed Consul-General at Venice, &c., 37 ; W. S. Day, Esq., appointed Consul at Cowes, for the Kingdom of Hanover, 61 ; Mr. H. F. Tiarks approved of as Consul in London for the Duke of Oldenburgh, 77 ; Mr. M. A. de Paiva approved of as Consul-General in London for the Emperor of Brazil, 78 ; His Grace the Duke of Devonshire appointed Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Emperor of All the Russias on the occasion of His Imperial Majesty's coronation, 82 ; Mr. J. W. Gibsone, appointed Consul at Liverpool for the King of Prussia, 201 ; F. Werry, Esq., appointed Consul at Smyrna, 231 ; J. Barker, Esq., appointed Consul at Alexandria, *ibid.* ; H. T. Liddell, Esq., appointed Consul at Gottenburgh, 232 ; W. W. Barker, Esq., appointed Consul at Messina, *ibid.* ; W. Hamilton, Esq., appointed Consul at Boulonge, *ibid.* ; J. V. Harvey, Esq., appointed Consul at Bayonne, *ibid.* ; W. Ogilby, Esq., appointed Consul for the departments of Calvados, La Manche, and Isle et Velaine, *ibid.* ; F. Chatfield, Esq., appointed Consul at Memel, 259 ; Mr. J. G. Behrends approved of as Consul in London for the Free City of Frankfort, 308 ; H. S. Fox, Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation at Naples, 327 ; C. M. St. George, Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation at Turin, *ibid.* ; Honourable J. A. D. Bloomfield appointed Secretary to the Legation at Stockholm, *ibid.* ; G. H. Seymour, Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation at Stutgardt, *ibid.* ; J. R. Milbanke, Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation at Frankfort, *ibid.* ; Mr. D. de A. Paganha, approved of as Consul at Liverpool for the Emperor of Brazil, 373 ; P. Campbell, Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation to the Republic of Colombia, 399 ; R. Pakenham, Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation to the United States of Mexico, *ibid.* ; C. Hall, Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation to the Confederate States of the Swiss Cantons, *ibid.*
- Foster*, Rev. A., appointed a Chaplain to the Duke of Cambridge's Household, 61.
- Fox*, H. S., Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation at Naples, 327.
- Fraser*, Lieutenant-General J., honour of Knighthood conferred on, 391.
- Freemantle*, Right Honourable W. H., appointed Treasurer of His Majesty's Household, 137.
- Fuller*, J., Esq., honour of Knighthood conferred on, 397.

G.

- Garter*, Most Noble Order of, His Grace the Duke of Dorset elected a Knight of the, 24; granted all privileges belonging to a Knight of the, as if formally installed, 30.
- Gibson*, Mr. J. W., appointed Consul at Liverpool for the King of Prussia, 201.
- Goldie*, Mr. W., granted the Office of Keeper of the Register of Seasines within Dumfries, Kirkcudbright, and Annandale, 392.
- Goodenough*, Rev. E., granted the place of a Prebendary of the Collegiate Church of St. Peter, Westminster, 147.
- Gordon*, Honourable R., appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Emperor of Brazil, 26.
- Gower*, the Right Honourable G. G. L., summoned to the House of Peers, 390.
- Green-Cloth*, Board of—Right Honourable W. H. Freemantle, appointed Treasurer of His Majesty's Household, 137.

H.

- Hall*, C., Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation to the Confederated States of the Swiss Cantons, 399.
- Hamilton*, F. W., Esq., appointed Page of Honour to His Majesty in Ordinary, 15.
- , W., Esq., appointed Consul at Boulogne, 232.
- Harvey*, J. V., Esq., appointed Consul at Bayonne, 232.
- Hawkins*, Rev. W. B. L., appointed a Domestic Chaplain to the Duke of York, 73.
- Hay*, Lieutenant-General J., appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Edinburgh-Castle, 329.
- Herries*, Lieutenant-Colonel W. L., honour of Knighthood conferred on, 175.
- Home-Department*, Whitehall—Rev. A. Duncan presented to the church and parish of Coynton, 1; Rev. W. Fleming presented to the church and parish of Westruther, in the county of Berwick, 13; Rev. W. Fawcett, A. M., presented to the Ministry of Brunswick-Chapel, St. Mary-le-Bone, Middlesex, 14; Lieutenant-General Sir H. Fane appointed a Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath, *ibid.*; Rev. J. Bonar presented to the united churches and parishes of Larbert and Dunipace, 15; Rev. J. Percival, A. M., presented to the Ministry of Oxford-Chapel, St. Mary-le-Bone, Middlesex, *ibid.*; W. Courtenay, Esq., appointed Clerk-Assistant of the Parliaments, 31; D. Cathcart, Esq., appointed a Lord of Justiciary in Scotland, 71; the Right Rev. Doctor W.

W. Van Mildert elected Bishop of Durham, 72 ; Rev. A. Davidson appointed to the church and parish of Slamanan, otherwise St. Lawrence, 73 ; A. G. Stapleton, Esq., appointed one of the Clerks of the Signet, 77 ; the Right Honourable Lord Forbes appointed High Commissioner to the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, 78 ; Lieutenant R. Sharpe granted permission to accept and wear the insignia of a Knight of the Portuguese Military Order of the Tower and Sword, 79 ; Rev. T. Cannan presented to the church and parish of Carsphairn, *ibid.* ; Rev. A. Tawse presented to the united church and parish of Logie Coldstone, *ibid.* ; the Rev. C. R. Sumner elected Bishop of the See of Landaff, and appointed Dean and Canon Residentiary of St. Paul's Cathedral, 82 ; Sir J. W. Mackenzie, Baronet, appointed Lieutenant and Sheriff-Principal of the shire of Ross, 123 ; Rev. W. F. Baylay granted the place of Canon of the metropolitical church of Canterbury, 147 ; Rev. E. Goodenough granted the place of a Prebendary of the collegiate church of St. Peter, Westminster, *ibid.* ; Commissioners for the Affairs of India appointed, 176 ; Rev. H. F. Lyte nominated to the new district church in the parish of Lower Brixham, in the county of Devon, *ibid.* ; Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland appointed, 179 ; Right Hon. W. F. V. Fitzgerald appointed Paymaster-General of the Forces, *ibid.* ; Rear-Admiral R. W. Otway appointed a Knight Commander of the Bath, 180 ; Rev. W. Lloyd, presented to the Rectory of Narberth, in the county of Pembroke, *ibid.* ; Frederick William Earl of Bristol granted the dignities of an Earl and Marquess of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 202 ; William Marquess of Thomond granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, *ibid.* ; Ulick John Marquess of Clanricarde granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 203 ; James Earl of Balcarres granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, *ibid.* ; Thomas Viscount Northland granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, *ibid.* ; Right Hon. Sir C. Long granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, *ibid.* ; Sir J. F. Leicester, Bart., granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 204 ; J. A. S. W. Mackenzie, Esquire, granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, *ibid.* ; C. Duncombe, Esquire, granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, *ibid.* ; C. R. Ellis, Esq., granted

the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, *ibid.*; J. Fergusson, Esq., appointed one of the Six Ordinary Clerks of Session in Scotland, 205; C. Ross, Esq., appointed one of the Four Commissaries of Edinburgh, 206; H. Lumsden, Esq., appointed Sheriff-Depute of the shire of Sutherland, *ibid.*; Rev. J. Walker presented to the church and parish of Muthil, county of Perth, *ibid.*; Rev. W. Dow presented to the church and parish of Tongland, *ibid.*; Catherine Fitzgerald granted the dignity of a Baroness of Ireland, 264; Sir T. Lawrence granted permission to accept and wear the insignia of the Order of the Legion of Honour, 283; Colonel Sir H. Pynn, granted permission to accept and wear the insignia of a Knight-Commander of the Portuguese Military Order of the Tower and Sword, *ibid.*; H. Willock, Esq., granted permission to accept and wear the Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, of the first class, 284; Rev. E. Copleston granted the Deanry of the cathedral church of Chester, 297; F. Montagu, Esq., appointed Postmaster-General, 298; Sir T. Le Breton granted the Office of Bailiff of the island of Jersey, 308; Rev. H. Cripps presented to the vicarage of Stonehouse, in the diocese of Gloucester, 328; Sir J. S. Copley appointed Master of the Rolls, *ibid.*; Rev. G. Tod presented to the church and parish of Tealing, county of Forfar, 368; G. Cranstoun, Esq., appointed one of the Lords of Session in Scotland, 384; writ for summoning the Right Hon. G. G. L. Gower to the House of Peers, 390; William Pitt Baron Amherst granted the dignities of Viscount and Earl of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 391; Stapleton Baron Combermere granted the dignity of Viscount of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, *ibid.*; A. Irving, Esq., appointed one of the Lords of Session in Scotland, *ibid.*; Rev. A. Bell presented to the church and parish of Linlithgow, 392; Mr. W. Goldie granted the Office of Keeper of the Register of Seasines, within Dumfries, Kirkcudbright, and Annandale, *ibid.*; alteration of the article announcing the dignity of Viscount having been granted to Stapleton Baron Combermere, 396; Most Noble Arthur Duke of Wellington appointed Constable of the Tower, and Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the Tower Hamlets, 399.

Hope, Lieutenant-General Sir A., appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Chelsea Hospital, 329.

Huntingdon, petitions concerning the right of election for the borough of, 57, 53, 62.

I.

India-Board—copy of a letter from Brigadier-General Morrison, inclosing dispatches from Brigadier-General M'Bean, announcing the occupation of the islands of Ramree and Sandowey on the Main, 7 ; copy of a letter from Lieutenant Neufville, reporting the defeat of a body of the enemy at a village on the Dheering, 44 ; copy of a letter from Brigadier-General Sir A. Campbell, transmitting a document received from Major Frith, reporting the dispersion of some Siamese pirates, near Yeaquadam, by Lieutenant Drever, 46 ; copy of a letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Watson, transmitting a letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Richards, detailing the operations of a detachment under the command of Lieutenant Neufville, against the enemy at Dupha, 49 ; armistice concluded by Sir A. Campbell, with the Burmese, 53 ; copy of a letter from Major-General Sir A. Campbell, detailing the operations of the forces under the command of Captain Deane, against the enemy near Pudoon-Mew, 83 ; copy of a letter from Major Gully, giving an account of a skirmish with the Burmese, near the village of Thacombine, 89 ; copy of a letter from Major-General Sir A. Campbell, detailing the operations of the army against the enemy in the neighbourhood of Prome, 90 ; copy of a letter from Commodore Sir J. Brisbane, transmitting a list of the casualties of the flotilla at the attack upon Pagoda-Point, 97 ; copy of a letter from Sir A. Campbell, inclosing one from Brigadier-General Cotton, detailing the attack and dislodgement of the enemy's army situated on the right banks of the Sudda Woon, 101 ; copy of a dispatch from Brigadier-General Cotton, containing an account of the pursuit of the enemy as far as Patanagoh, where terms of peace are agreed upon, 121 ; a dispatch, announcing the storm and capture of Phurtpore, 136 ; extract of a letter from the Governor-General in Council at Fort William, transmitting copies of some dispatches received from Sir A. Campbell, stating that a body of native troops, sent to dislodge the enemy from a position they occupied on the route by which the British army was to move from Prome, had failed in its object with considerable loss, 148 ; extract of a letter from Sir A. Campbell, announcing that the preliminaries of peace with Ava were signed, 161 ; copy of a letter from Brigadier Smelt, transmitting the copy of two letters received from Lieutenant-Colonel Pepper, detailing an account of the success of his detachment in the Pegue district, 162 ; dispatches from General Lord Combermere, reporting the operations against the town of Phurtpore, 181, 183, 184, 187, 188, 190 ; copy of a letter from the Governor-General in Council at Fort William, transmitting a dispatch from

from General Lord Combermere, announcing the capture of the town and citadel of Bhurtpore, 192 ; copy of a letter from Sir J. Brisbane, inclosing a list of Officers attached to the flotilla on the Irrawaddy, 200 ; extract of a letter from the Governor-General in Council, inclosing a letter from Sir A. Campbell, notifying the failure of the Court of Ava to ratify the Preliminary Treaty, the recommencement of hostilities, and the capture of Melloon, 237 ; copy of a letter from Captain Chads, inclosing a return of casualties on board the flotilla in the action at Malloon, 245 ; copy of a letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Pepper, reporting the capture of a stockade at Meekow, 247 ; copy of a letter from General Lord Combermere, transmitting a return of killed and wounded at the taking of Bhurtpore, 253 ; extract of a letter from the same, announcing that all the fortresses within the Raj of Bhurtpore had surrendered to the British army, 259 ; copy of a letter from the Governor-General in Council, transmitting a copy of the Treaty of Peace with the King of Ava, 316 ; copy of a letter from Sir A. Campbell, inclosing a letter from Lieutenant Trant, detailing a charge made upon a body of the enemy's infantry near Watnachoote, 337 ; copy of a letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Pepper, inclosing a letter from Ensign Clerk, reporting a successful attack upon the enemy near Meekow, 339 ; extract from a letter from the Governor-General in Council, transmitting a letter from Sir A. Campbell, announcing a decisive victory at Pagahm-Mew, 342 ; copy of General Orders issued by the Governor-General in Council to the Officers and troops engaged in the contest with the State of Ava, 348 ; copy of a letter from G. Swinton, Esq., transmitting an extract of a letter from the Military Secretary to Lord Combermere, inserting an omission made in a former dispatch, 358 ; extract of a letter from the Governor-General in Council, transmitting an extract from the General Order, issued on the occasion of the return of General Lord Combermere from the Western Provinces, 359 ; copy of a General Order issued by General Lord Combermere to the army under his command on the capture of Bhurtpore, 360 ; announcement of the death of Brigadier-General Edwards, 364 ; extract from a letter from the Governor-General in Council, inclosing a copy of the General Orders issued on the occasion of the return of General Lord Combermere from the Western Provinces, 369.

India, Commissioners for the Affairs of, appointed, 176.

Insolvent Debtors, Circuits of the Commissioners for the relief of, 4, 133, 324..

Irving, A., Esq., appointed one of the Lords of Session in Scotland, 391.

Ita-

Itabayana, Baron de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Brazil, has an audience of His Majesty, 24.

K.

King's Bench, Court of, warrant authorising the Judges to hold special sittings, 104, 177.

Knighthood, honour of, conferred on Lieutenant-Colonel W. L. Herries, 175 ; J. Stoddart, Esq., 296 ; Lieutenant-Colonel E. Mills, 389 ; N. C. Tindal, Esq., 390 ; Lieutenant-General J. Fraser, *ibid.* ; E. Ryan, Esq., 396 ; J. Fuller, Esq., 397.

Knollys, General W., appointed Governor of Limerick, 364.

L.

Laurence, Sir T., permission granted to, to accept and wear the insignia of the Order of the Legion of Honour, 283.

Le Breton, Sir T., granted the Office of Bailiff of the island of Jersey, 308.

Leicester, Sir J. F., Bart., granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 204.

Levee, notice of a, 382.

Liddell, H. T., Esq., appointed Consul at Gottenburgh, 231.

Lieven, Count, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Russia, has private audiences of His Majesty, 24, 389.

Lloyd, Rev. W., presented to the Rectory of Narberth, in the county of Pembroke, 180.

Long, Right Hon. Sir C., granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 203.

Lumsden, H., Esq., appointed Sheriff-Depute of the shire of Sutherland, 206.

Lyte, Rev. H. F., presented to the new district church in Lower Brixham, in the county of Devon, 176.

M.

Mackenzie, Sir J. W., Bart., appointed Lieutenant and Sheriff Principal of the shire of Ross, 123.

———, J. A. S. W., Esq., granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 204.

Master of the Horse's Office—F. W. Hamilton, Esq., appointed Page of Honour to His Majesty in Ordinary, 15 ; W. H. H. Bathurst, Esq., appointed Page of Honour to His Majesty in Ordinary, 207.

Mil-

- Milbanke*, J. R., Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation at Frankfort, 327.
- Miles*, Lieutenant-Colonel E., honour of Knighthood conferred on, 389.
- Molyneux*, A. L., Esq., appointed Consul in the State of Georgia, 12.
- Money*, W. T., Esq., appointed Consul-General at Venice, &c., 37.
- Montagu*, F., Esq., appointed Postmaster-General, 298.
- Mourning*, Orders for the Court's going into, for the late King of Portugal, 71; for the late Empress Elizabeth of Russia, 199.

N.

- Nicholson*, Rev. H. J. B., appointed a Domestic Chaplain to the Duke of Clarence, 60.
- Northland*, Thomas Viscount, granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 203.

O.

- Ogilby*, W., Esq., appointed Consul for the Departments of Calvados, La Manche and Isle et Velaine, 232.
- Otway*, Rear-Admiral R. W., appointed a Knight Commander of the Bath, 180.

P.

- Pacanha*, Mr. D. de A., approved of as Consul at Liverpool, for the Emperor of Brazil, 373.
- Paget*, General Honourable Sir E., appointed Governor of the Royal Military College, 78.
- Paiva*, Mr. M. A. de, approved of as Consul-General in London for the Emperor of Brazil, 78.
- Pakenham*, R., Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation to the United States of Mexico, 399.
- Palmella*, Marquis de, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from His Most Faithful Majesty, has audiences of His Majesty, 24, 109.
- Parliament*, speech of the Lords Commissioners to, on the meeting of, 27; on the dissolution of, 166; Proclamation for dissolving the, 169; Order in Council directing the issue of writs for proroguing the, 266; prorogation of, 298, 312; speech of the King to, on the opening of, 384.
- , Acts of, received the Royal Assent, 43, 65, 74, 110, 137, 172, 395.

- Parliament*, Members returned to serve in, 33, 42, 56, 60, 73, 77, 133, 202, 205, 207, 211, 215, 222, 232, 260, 272, 278, 285, 291, 295, 299, 308, 330, 365, 397, 398, 401.
- Pembroke*, Earl of, re-sworn Governor of the island of Guernsey, 106.
- Perceval*, Hon., and Rev. A. P., appointed a Chaplain in Ordinary to the King, 56.
- Percival*, Rev. J., Master of Arts, presented to the Ministry of Oxford Chapel, St. Mary-le-Bone, Middlesex, 15.
- Ponsonby*, Lieut.-Gen. Hon. F. C., appointed Lieutenant-Governor of the island of Malta, 397.
- Portugal*, the late King of, orders for the Court's going into mourning for, 71.
- Proclamation*, appointing the several gold and silver coins of Great Britain to circulate and be current in Ireland at the same nominal as well as real value as in other parts of the United Kingdom, 2; for giving currency to a new copper coin, 19; for dissolving the present Parliament, 169; in order to the electing and summoning the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, 170; ordering certain copper coin to be current in Ireland, 269; for proroguing the Parliament, 312.
- Pynn*, Colonel Sir H., permission granted to, to accept and wear the insignia of a Knight Commander of the Portuguese Order of the Tower and Sword, 283.

R.

- Ross*, Major-General Sir P., takes the oaths as Governor of Antigua, 35.
- , C., Esq., appointed one of the Four Commissaries of Edinburgh, 206.
- Russia*, Elizabeth the late Empress of, orders for the Court's going into mourning for, 199.
- Ryan*, E., Esq., honour of Knighthood conferred on, 396.

S.

- Salfield*, G., Esq., appointed Consul at New Orleans, 12.
- Salisbury*, Marquess of, sworn of the Privy Council, 168.
- St. George*, C. M., Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation at Turin, 327.
- St. James's Palace*—J. Stoddart, Esq., Knighted, 296; speech of the King to both Houses of Parliament on the opening of the Session, 384; address to the King from the convocation of the Clergy of Canterbury, 387; Prince Lieven, 1826.

- Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of All the Russias, Count de la Alcudia, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Spain, have private audiences of His Majesty, 389 ; Lieutenant-Colonel E. Miles, Knighted, *ibid.* ; N. C. Tindal, Esq., Knighted, 390 ; Lieutenant-General J. Fraser, Knighted, *ibid.* ; E. Ryan, Esq. Knighted, 396 ; J. Fuller, Esq. Knighted, 397.
- St. James's*, Court at—Order in Council for the prorogation of Parliament, 298 ; levying a duty on vessels of the United States of America entering the ports of His Majesty's possessions on the continent of North America, &c., laden with the produce of the said States, 301 ; prohibiting the exportation of gunpowder, 382.
- Seymour*, G. H., Esq., appointed Secretary to the Legation at Stutgardt, 327.
- Sharpe*, Lieutenant R., permission granted to, to accept and wear the insignia of a Knight of the Portuguese Military Order of the Tower and Sword, 79.
- Sheriffs* appointed, 16, 30, 34 ; amendment on the roll of, *ibid.* ; nomination of, 374.
- Speaker* of the House of Commons, notices from, respecting the right of election for the borough of Huntingdon, 57, 58, 62.
- Stapleton*, A. G., Esq., appointed one of the Clerks of the Signet, 77.
- Stierneld*, Baron de, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Sweden, has a private audience of His Majesty, 175.
- Stoddart*, J., Esq., honour of Knighthood conferred on, 296.
- Strathaven*, Lord, appointed one of the Lords of His Majesty's Bedchamber, 136.
- Sullivan*, L., Esq., appointed Deputy Secretary at War, 333.
- Sumner*, Rev. C. R., elected Bishop of the See of Landaff, 82 ; appointed Dean and Canon Residentiary of St. Paul's Cathedral, *ibid.*

T.

- Tawse*, Rev. A., presented to the united church and parish of Logie Coldstone, 79.
- Tiarks*, Mr. H. F., approved of as Consul in London for the Duke of Oldenburgh, 77.
- Tindal*, N. C., Esq., honour of Knighthood conferred on, 391.
- Thomas*, Lieutenant-General W., appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Tynemouth, 329.
- Thomond*, William Marquess of, granted the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 203:

T'od,

Tod, Rev. G., presented to the church and parish of Tealing, in the county of Forfar, 368.

Tupper, T., Esq., appointed Consul in the Duchy of Cornwall, 12.

V.

Van-Mildert, Right Rev. Doctor W., elected Bishop of Durham, 72.

W.

Ward, M., Esq., appointed Secretary to the Embassy at the Court of Vienna, 26.

Warde, Sir H., takes the oaths as Governor of the island of Barbadoes, 172.

War-Office—Lieutenant-Colonel F. H. Doyle appointed Deputy-Lieutenant of the Tower of London, 15; Major-General Sir J. Elley, K.C.B., appointed Governor of Galway, *ibid.*; General Honourable Sir E. Paget appointed Governor of the Royal Military College, 78; General Marquess of Anglesey appointed Captain of Cowes Castle, *ibid.*; Lieutenant-General Sir A. Hope appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Chelsea-Hospital, 329; Lieutenant-General J. Hay appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Edinburgh-Castle, *ibid.*; Lieutenant-General W. Thomas appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Tynemouth, *ibid.*; L. Sullivan, Esq., appointed Deputy Secretary at War, 333; General W. Norris appointed Governor of Limerick, 364; Colonel Sir G. Elder appointed Lieutenant-Governor of St. John's, Newfoundland, *ibid.*; Lieutenant J. Colcroft appointed Garrison-Quartermaster of Malta, 373.

—, permission granted to regiments, &c. to bear badges or devices on their Colours, 50th Foot, 13; 32d Foot, 32; 3d Dragoon-Guards, 265; 20th Foot, *ibid.*; 37th Foot, 277; 69th Foot, *ibid.*; 85th Foot, 297, 329; 97th Foot, *ibid.*, 367; 84th Foot, 400; 1st Foot, *ibid.*; 13th Foot, *ibid.*; 38th Foot, *ibid.*; 41st Foot, *ibid.*; 44th Foot, *ibid.*; 45th Foot, *ibid.*; 47th Foot, *ibid.*; 54th Foot, *ibid.*; 87th Foot, *ibid.*; 89th Foot, *ibid.*; 11th Regiment of Light Dragoons, 401; 16th Regiment of Light Dragoons, *ibid.*; 14th Foot, *ibid.*; 59th Foot, *ibid.*

Walker, Rev. J., presented to the church and parish of Muthil, in the county of Perth, 206.

Wellington, His Grace the Duke of, appointed to bear His Majesty's congratulations to the Emperor of Russia on the occasion of His Imperial Majesty's accession to the Throne, 11; appointed Constable of the Tower of London, 399; appointed Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the Tower Hamlets, *ibid.*

Wer-

Werry, F., Esq., appointed Consul at Smyrna, 231.

Willock, H., Esq., permission granted to, to accept and wear the insignia of the Persian Order of the Lion and Sun, 284.

Windsor, Court at—Order in Council appointing the Sheriffs, 16 ; for increasing the duties upon goods imported in Netherlands ships, 21 ; for regulating the duties and tonnage of Netherlands ships, laden with salt, entering the ports of the United Kingdom, 22 ; H. Beard, Esq. takes the oaths as Lieutenant-Governor of Berbice, 31 ; Order in Council ordering the issue of writs for proroguing the Parliament, and also for proroguing the Convocations of Canterbury and York, 266 ; permitting the importation into the ports of the United Kingdom of foreign oats, &c., 313 ; appointing places for the performance of quarantine by vessels bound to any port of Ireland, 333.

Castle—His Excellency Count Lieven, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Russia, Marquis de Palmella, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from His Most Faithful Majesty, and the Baron de Itabayana, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Brazil, have audiences of His Majesty, 24 ; His Grace the Duke of Dorset elected a Knight of the Garter, *ibid.* ; granted permission to exercise all privileges belonging to a Knight of the Garter, as if formally installed, 30.

Wood, Rev. S. S., appointed a Domestic Chaplain to the Duke of York, 43.

Y.

York-House—Rev. S. Barker, appointed a Domestic Chaplain to the Duke of York, 26.

